









# FY 2023-24 PRIMARY PROPERTY TAX ADOPTION

Town Council June 7, 2023











#### PURPOSE OF PRESENTATION

Consider a Motion to Adopt Ordinance 813-23 to Fix, Levy and Assess the Town's Primary Property Tax Levy for FY 2023-24 in the Amount of \$13.3M





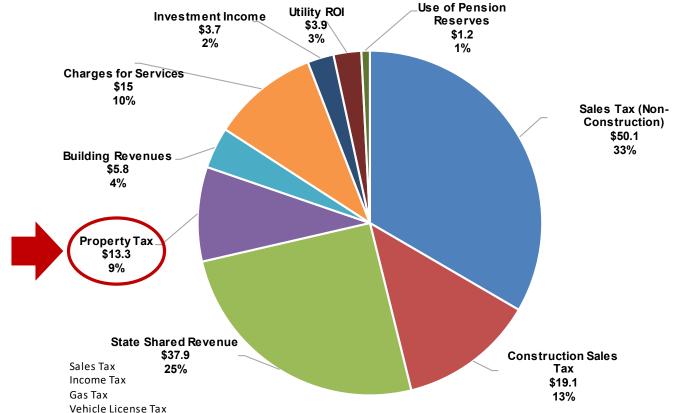






### FY 23-24 OPERATING REVENUES/SOURCES: \$150M

(9 MAJOR REVENUES)



### QUEEN CREEK PROPERTY TAX: 15% ALLOCATION (MARICOPA COUNTY)





Higher
Government
0¢ State
11¢ County

11¢





Municipal
Government
15¢ Town – QC

15¢





Education 58¢ Local School District

11¢ Community College

69¢





County-Wide Special Districts

2¢ Healthcare

1¢ Flood Control

1¢ CAWCD

1¢ Other – Library, Fire

**5¢** 











#### QC PROPERTY TAXES

- 2007: Voter Approved Primary Property Tax
  - Dedicated for Public Safety
  - Created to Provide a Stable Revenue Source to Assist in Paying for Public Safety Expenses
    - Covers ~25% of Public Safety Expenses
  - Included a "Not to Exceed \$1.95 Levy" Provision
- QC <u>Does Not Have</u> a Secondary Property Tax (Voter Approved for Infrastructure)



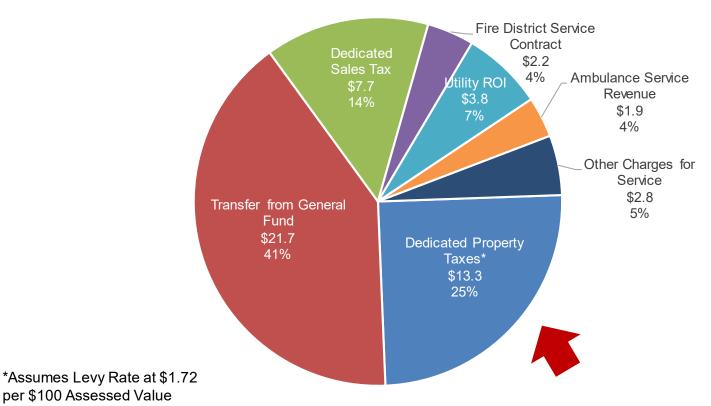








# FY 2023-24 PUBLIC SAFETY FUNDING: \$53.5M













# HOW ARE PROPERTY TAXES CALCULATED?

Property Taxes are the Result of Two Components:

- 1. Property Valuations (County Determined)
  - Limited Property Value (LPV)
- 2. Revenue Amount (Council Determined)
  - Levy Rate is applied to each \$100 of Assessed LPV











#### HOW IS PROPERTY VALUED?

- Full Cash Value (FCV)
  - Represents the Market Rate of the Property
- Limited Property Value (LPV)
  - Basis for Property Tax
  - Increases annually by 5% (except if property use changes)
  - Can never be greater than FCV
- Spread between FCV and LPV
  - FY 23-24 Spread is 82% (Record High)
  - If FCV were to stop growing, this spread allows LPV to continue to increase until LPV equals FCV on a parcel by parcel basis











# PROPERTY TAX REVENUE FORMULA

Assessed Value (AV)

\$771M

Maricopa /
Pinal
County

Levy Rate (per \$100 AV)

\$1.72

Annual Revenues

\$13.3M

Town Council











## HOW IS INDIVIDUAL PROPERTY TAX CALCULATED?

Single Family Residential Example	Amount
A) Limited Property Value (LPV) FY 22-23 Median Example	\$255,997
B) Residential Assessment Ratio	<u>10%</u>
C) Assessed Value at 10% of LPV (AxB)	\$25,600
D) Conversion to a "per \$100" (C / \$100)	<u>\$256</u>
E) Property Tax Rate per \$100 of Assessed Value	\$1.72
F) Primary Property Tax Assessment (D x E)	\$441











## 5-YEAR PROPERTY TAX "FREEZE"

- Approved in November 2022
- Resolution No. 1500-22
- FY 23-24 is the First Year of the "Freeze"











### WHAT DOES THE "FREEZE" POLICY ACCOMPLISH?

- Affirms Public Safety is the Town Council's #1 Priority
  - Does Not Restrict Increasing Public Safety Expenses
- Creates Certainty for Taxpayers (Existing and New)
  - No Increase for 5 Years Beginning FY 23-24
  - The Taxpayer Is Paying About the Same Amount of Taxes as in 2009 (14 Years Ago)
  - Savings on a \$256K Median Value House as Compared to the Voter Approved Maximum:
    - \$166 in 5<sup>th</sup> Year of "Freeze"
    - \$553 Over 5 Years of "Freeze"
- Property Tax Revenues Increase Only by New Construction
- A Shift in the Funding of Public Safety Costs
  - More of the Town's General Revenue Sources Will Be Used
  - As Compared to the Voter Approved Maximum:
    - \$5.9M in 5<sup>th</sup> Year of "Freeze"
    - \$18.6M Over 5 Years of "Freeze"











#### HOW IS THE "FREEZE" POSSIBLE?

- QC's Growth is the Cumulative Effect of Town Council's Policy Decisions
- QC Has Experience Significant Growth
  - Several Metrics Show QC's Growth
    - Population, Size of Budget, Property Assessed Value
- Assessed Value Reflects the Financial Investment in QC
  - Assessed Value has Increased \$588M (321%) since the Low of FY 2013-14
- Full Cash Value (Market) is Far in Excess of Limited Cash Value (Used for Property Taxes)
- QC is a Solid Investment ... and It's Paying Off











#### ASSESSED VALUE HISTORY from















#### FY 23-24 ASSESSED VALUE INCREASE

	Assessed Value	% Change
FY 22-23 Total	\$683.1M	
FY 23-24 Increase:		
Existing Property	\$40.7M	+5%
New Construction	\$ <u>47.3M</u>	+8%
FY 23-24 Increase	\$88.0M	
FY 23-24 Total	\$771.0M	+13%



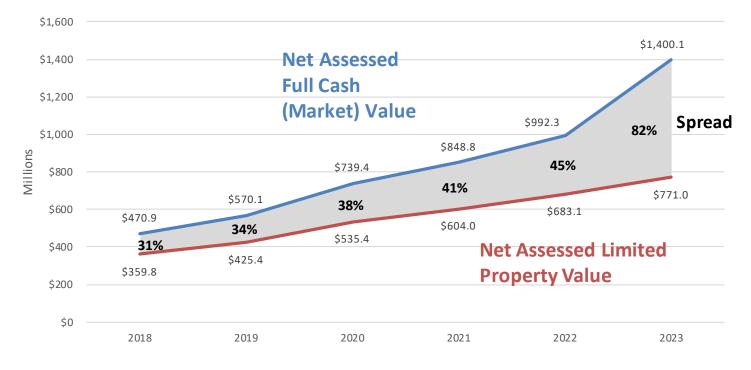








# HISTORICAL SPREAD BETWEEN FULL CASH VALUE (MARKET) AND LIMITED PROPERTY VALUE (PROPERTY TAXES)



Based on Tax Year 2023, if FCV stopped growing, LPV could increase for 11 years



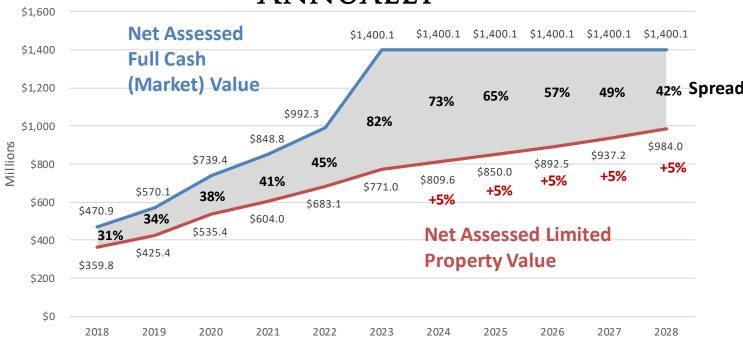








# PROPERTY TAX ASSESSED VALUATION WILL CONTINUE TO INCREASE AT 5% ANNUALLY













#### "FREEZE" POLICY

Effective July 1, 2023, Created a New Primary Property Tax Policy

- 1. Property Taxes Will be Received from New Construction
- Maintains (Freezes) Primary Property Taxes for Existing Customers for Five Years
- 3. Property Taxes for Existing Taxpayers Will Be Set at the Truth and Taxation Levy Rate (TNT) Annually if Both of the Following Conditions Exist:
  - A. The Levy Rate Exceeds \$1.40 AND
  - B. The Amount of Property Taxes is 20% or Higher of Expenses











### PROPERTY TAX PROJECTION UNDER "FREEZE" POLICY

Property Tax Revenues Increase Only by New Construction, Not from Existing Properties









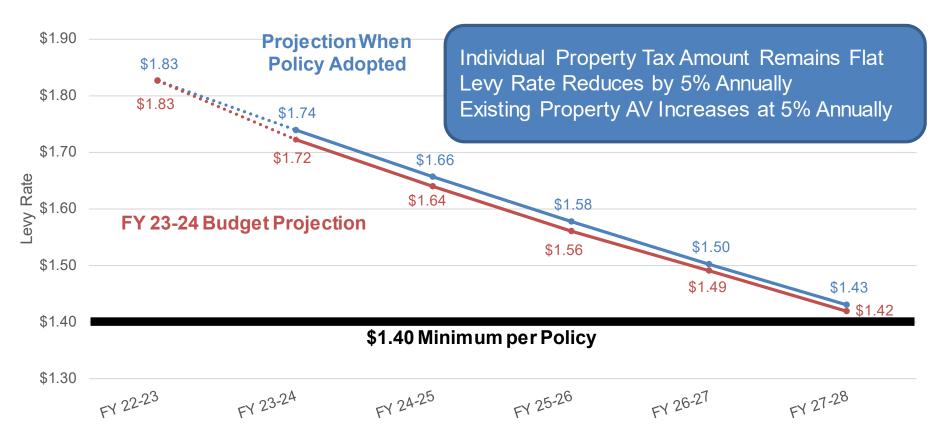




#### LEVY RATE HISTORY

- FY 07-08 (Inception) to FY 20-21: \$1.95 (Legal Maximum)
- FY 20-21 to FY 22-23: \$1.83
  - 6% Less Than Legal Maximum
- FY 23-24 ("Freeze" Policy): \$1.72
  - 12% Less Than Legal Maximum
- FY 27-28 (Projected): \$1.42
  - 27% Less Than Legal Maximum

#### LEVY RATE PROJECTION



### PERCENT OF EXPENSES COVERED BY PROPERTY TAXES



FY 22-23 Adopted FY 23-24 FY 24-25 FY 25-26 FY 26-27 FY 27-28

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## EXAMPLE: SAME PROPERTY TAX (MEDIAN VALUE HOME)

	Assessed Value (+5% Annually)	Levy Rate (-5% Annually)	Property Tax	
FY 22-23 (Existing)	\$241K	\$1.83	\$441	
FY 23-24	\$256K	\$1.72	\$441	NIa
FY 24-25	\$269K	\$1.64	\$441	No
FY 25-26	\$282K	\$1.56	\$441	Change
FY 26-27	\$296K	\$1.49	\$441	
FY 27-28	\$311K	\$1.42	\$441	







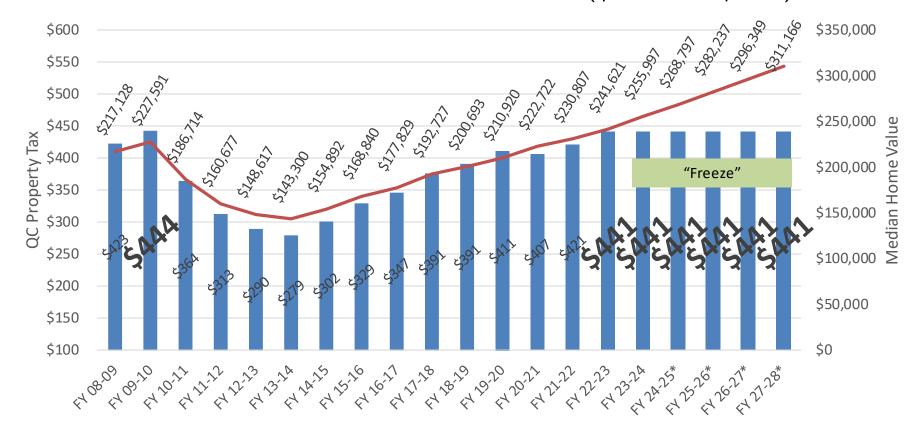




### EXAMPLE: FREEZE PROPERTY TAX (MEDIAN VALUE HOME)

	New Policy	Voter Approved Maximum	Annual Savings	Cumulative Savings
FY 22-23 (Existing)		\$441		
FY 23-24	\$441	\$499	\$58	\$58
FY 24-25	\$441	\$524	\$83	\$141
FY 25-26	\$441	\$550	\$109	\$251
FY 26-27	\$441	\$577	\$137	\$388
FY 27-28	\$441	\$606	\$166	\$553

### PAYING ABOUT THE SAME PROPERTY TAXES AS A RESULT OF THE FREEZE AS COMPARED TO FY 09-10 (\$444 VS. \$441)\*



<sup>\*</sup>Median Value Home, Assuming a 5% Projected Assessed Valuation Increase.











#### "FREEZING" PROPERTY TAXES

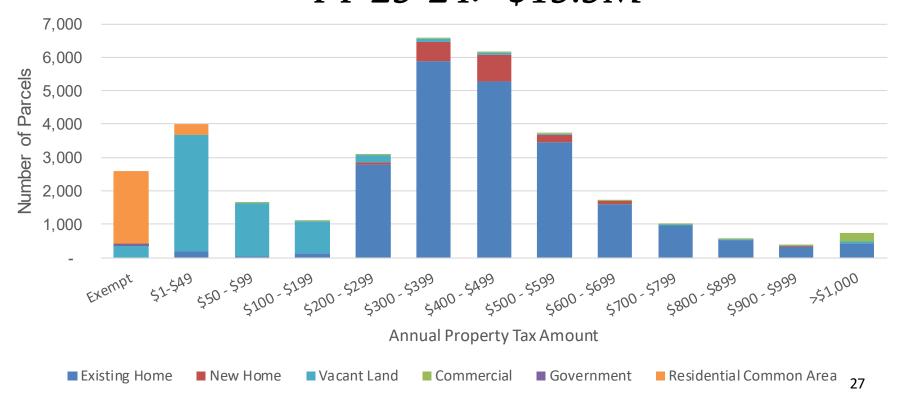
#### **Breakout of FY 23-24 Taxes**

	Number of Taxpayers	FY 23-24 Taxes
FY 22-23 Taxpayers	~30K	\$12.5M (No Change)
New FY 23-24 Taxpayers	<u>~3K</u>	\$0.8M (New)
Total	~33K	\$13.3M

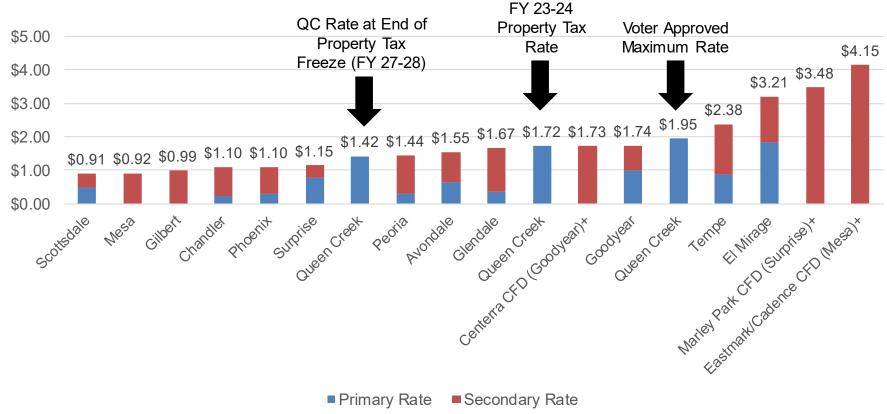
### Estimated Taxpayer Savings (As Compared to Voter Approved Maximum)

	Voter Approved Maximum	FY 23-24 Actual Amount	Savings \$ (-%)
FY 2023-24	\$15.0M	\$13.3M	\$1.7M (-12%)
FY 2027-28 (5 <sup>th</sup> Year)	\$21.4M	\$15.5M	\$5.9M (-27%)
5-Year Cumulative	\$91.4M	\$72.8M	\$18.6M (-20%)

# PROPERTY TAXES: ALL PROPERTY TYPES (33K PARCELS) FY 23-24: \$13.3M



#### FY 23-24 PROPERTY TAX COMPARISONS\*



Community Facility Districts (CFD) shown are in addition to the city property tax

<sup>\*</sup>Many cities are currently in the process of setting the FY 23-24 rates and this represents the most updated information available.











#### MOTION

Approval of Ordinance 813-23 as Presented to Collect \$13.3M in Primary Property Taxes for FY 23-24

- \$12.5M From FY 22-23 Property Taxpayers (No Increase)
- \$0.8M From New Property Taxpayers











#### **APPENDIX**

#### FY 23-24 ASSESSED VALUE (AV) BREAKOUT\*

Property Class	Total LPV	% of Total LPV	Total Net Assessed LPV	% of LPV Classification	Property Taxes	% of Property Taxes
Single Family Residential	\$6,415.3M	81%	\$641.3	10%	\$11.1M	83%
Commercial	\$ 707.0M	9%	\$91.2	17%	\$ 1.6M	12%
Vacant Land	\$ 818.9M	<u>10%</u>	<u>\$38.5</u>	15%	\$ 0.6M	_5%
Total	\$7,941.2M	100%	\$771.0		\$13.3M	100%

<sup>\*</sup>Assessed Value is not the total property tax revenue, but the basis upon which property tax is calculated.





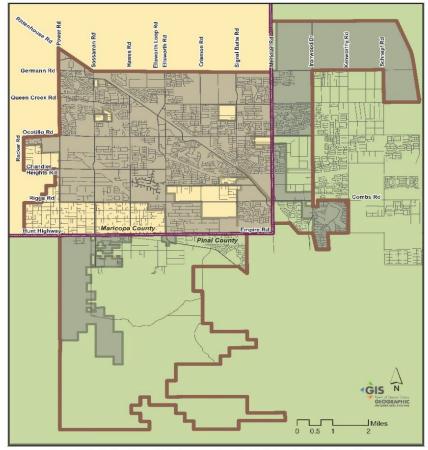






#### QUEEN CREEK

TOWN LIMITS 🚮 PLANNING AREA 👶 MARICOPA COUNTY 📢 PINAL COUNTY



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### ASSESSED VALUE BREAKOUT BY COUNTY AND PROPERTY CLASS\*

Property Class	Maricopa County Assessed LPV	Pinal County Assessed LPV	Total Assessed LPV
Single Family Residential	\$528.0M	\$113.3M	\$641.3M
Commercial	\$82.5M	\$8.7M	\$91.2M
Vacant Land	<u>\$31.2M</u>	<u>\$7.3M</u>	<u>\$38.5M</u>
Total	\$641.7M	\$129.3M	\$771.0M

<sup>\*</sup>Assessed Value is not the total property tax revenue, but the basis upon which property tax is calculated.