

FY 20-21 Year to Date Financial Report

Operating Budget to Actual Performance Fiscal Year to Date through February 2021

Issued March 31, 2021

Executive Summary

The Town's fiscal year 2020-21 budget-to-actual performance through February showed favorable variances for both revenues and expenses. Actual revenues performed well with receipts exceeding expectations by \$3.9M, or 7%. This is the result of Sales Tax, Construction Sales Tax, and Building/Engineering Revenues all continuing to perform better than expected due to strong residential and commercial growth. While staff expected this growth to slow due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, actual development activity in the Town has accelerated. The fiscal year 2020-21 budget projected 700 single-family permits for the entire fiscal year, but the Town has already issued 1,440 permits through January. Additionally, average monthly home closings are currently running 16% higher than the prior year.

Total expenses through February are \$3.3M or 9% less than budget. The favorable variance is driven mostly by savings in streets maintenance due to a recent budget adjustment in the HURF Fund that staff is in the process of allocating to new projects. Additional savings are showing in personnel costs, software, and MCSO contractual services.

The revised Operating Budget anticipated that revenues would exceed expenses by \$17.2M by the end of February 2021. However, actual results are better than expected resulting in year-to-date revenues exceeding expenses by \$24.4M, an improvement of \$7.2M.

Because the Town's operating results have been favorable, staff has revised revenue estimates for fiscal year 2020-21 in conjunction with preparing revenue forecasts for the FY 2021-22 budget adoption cycle. These adjustments were presented to the Town Council in February and are reflected in this month's report. However, the COVID-19 pandemic is not behind us and may yet present additional challenges in the months ahead. The Town maintains healthy reserves and has contingencies built into the budget that can provide flexibility as needs arise. Staff will continue to monitor our local, regional, and national economies regularly and provide updates as more data becomes available.

Operating Budget

The Operating Budget includes the Town's activity from the General, Streets (HURF), Emergency Services and Horseshoe Park Equestrian Center Funds. The schedule below is a summary of the FY 20-21 Operating Budget. The current budget estimates that revenues will exceed expenses by \$23.6M for the year, with additional amounts being transferred out to other funds to cover the non-growth share of debt payments and capital improvements.

The budget numbers in this month's report reflect adjustments recently approved by the Town Council, including an increase to Operating Budget revenues and expenditures of \$25.1M and \$3.5M, respectively. Other budget adjustments in prior months have taken \$3.9M from contingency funds to provide budget authority for police vehicle expenditures, business assistance grants, and contract services for plan reviews and building inspections. The revised budget anticipates the Town will add \$19.8M to fund balance, all of which will be used to fund the Town's operating and pension reserves as shown below.

The ending fund balance is expected to be \$76.4M, of which \$42.4M is reserved for pension funding and \$22.5M is reserved for the Town's 25% reserve policy. The amounts shown below in the Police Services and COVID-19 reserves may change if the Town Council chooses to use these funds during the fiscal year.

Summary FY 20-21 Operating Budget

		FY 20-21		FY 20-21		FY 20-21	FY 20-21		
	То	tal Adopted	To	tal Revised	Υe	ear-to-Date	Ye	ear-to-Date	
		Budget		Budget		Budget		Actual	
Revenues	\$	63,588,037	\$	88,737,493	\$	54,176,867	\$	58,078,483	
Expenses		55,621,256		65,103,033		36,951,174		33,711,307	
Operating Results	\$	7,966,781	\$	23,634,460	\$	17,225,693	\$	24,367,176	
Transfers In:									
AZCares Grant Funds	\$	-	\$	5,842,506	\$	5,842,506	\$	5,842,506	
Transfers Out:									
Events/Grants Match/Other		25,000		25,000		-		-	
Debt Service		6,457,677		6,243,710		-		-	
CIP		3,377,700		3,377,700					
Net Transfers In (Out)	\$	(9,860,377)	\$	(3,803,904)	\$	5,842,506	\$	5,842,506	
Net Operating Results	\$	(1,893,596)	\$	19,830,556	\$	23,068,199	\$	30,209,682	
Beginning Fund Balance	\$	46,656,233	\$	56,608,528					
Ending Fund Balance	\$	44,762,637	\$	76,439,084					
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25% Revenue Reserve	\$	16,857,700	\$	22,455,913					
Police Services Reserve		4,500,000		523,536					
COVID-19 Reserve		4,770,623		11,060,087					
MSCO Unfunded Pension Liability Reserve	<u>.</u>	18,634,314		25,232,142					
ASRS Unfunded Pension Liability Reserve		-		17,167,406					
Available Fund Balance		-		-					
Total Fund Balance	\$	44,762,637	\$	76,439,084					

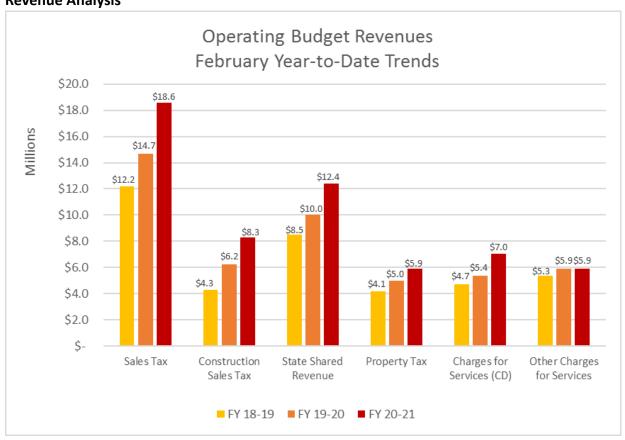
The remainder of this report focuses on revenues and expenses only. It does not include transfers, debt service or infrastructure funding transfers.

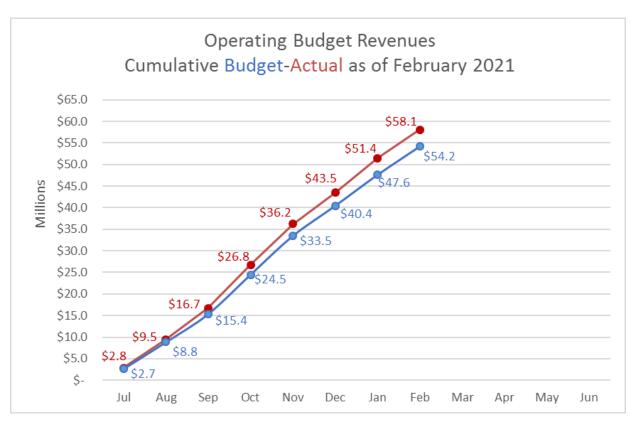
February 2021 Year-to-Date Results

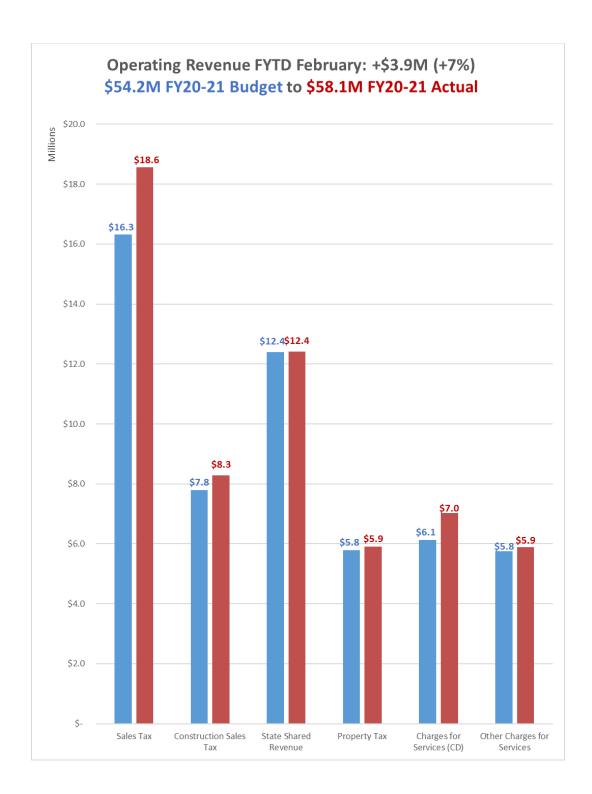
	YTD	YTD	\$ S Variance	% Variance
Revenues	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Favorable (L	<u> Infavorable)</u>
Sales Tax	\$ 16,313,130	\$ 18,558,925	\$ 2,245,795	14%
Construction Sales Tax	7,796,063	8,280,700	484,637	6%
State Shared Revenue	12,401,626	12,410,759	9,133	0%
Property Tax	5,784,770	5,905,741	120,971	2%
Charges for Services (CD)*	6,127,368	7,026,762	899,394	15%
Other Charges for Services	 5,753,910	5,895,595	 141,685	2%
Total Revenues	\$ 54,176,867	\$ 58,078,483	\$ 3,901,615	7%
Expenditures				
Salaries & Benefits	\$ 19,467,165	\$ 18,326,751	\$ 1,140,414	6%
Supplies & Services	11,004,747	9,246,947	1,757,801	16%
Maricopa County Sheriff	5,175,958	4,888,179	287,779	6%
Capital Outlay	1,303,304	1,249,430	53,874	4%
Total Expenditures	\$ 36,951,174	\$ 33,711,307	\$ 3,239,867	9%

^{*}Consists of Community Development Charges for Services including permits, planning and engineering fees

Revenue Analysis







Overall, actual revenues are showing a 7% favorable variance compared to the revised budget. The variances of the Revenue Categories are explained below.

Sales Tax

Sales tax revenue through February 2021 is \$2.2M or 14% above budget, even after adjusting for revised revenue estimates. For purposes of this report, staff has revised the prior months' revenue budgets as well to more accurately reflect this year's trend of sales tax collections. Since April 2020, sales tax revenues have exceeded the original estimates in spite of the uncertainty surrounding the COVID-19 pandemic. This sales tax growth was not anticipated when the fiscal year 2020-21 budget was developed; in fact, sales tax revenue was projected to decrease 24%. Some of this positive performance is attributed to more individuals shopping closer to home because they are working from home, growth in e-commerce from more residents shopping online, recent legislation requiring sales tax on e-commerce, and new businesses that continue to open in Queen Creek. Please refer to the Sales Tax Report (Appendix 1) for additional information on sales tax activity.

Construction Sales Tax

Construction sales tax revenue to date is \$485K or 6% above the revised budget, reflecting strong residential construction activity. The fiscal year 2020-21 budget was developed with an expectation that the COVID-19 pandemic would sharply reduce demand for new homes. This reduction never materialized; in fact, new home construction has accelerated since April 2020 and continues to show strong demand. Since February 2020, the Town has averaged 144 single-family home closings per month, compared to 124 for the previous 12-month period, an increase of 16% or 20 homes per month. Please refer to the Sales Tax Report (Appendix 1) for additional information on construction sales tax activity.

State-Shared Revenue

State-Shared Revenue is currently right on target with the revised budget of \$12.4M. The State of Arizona as a whole is seeing better-than-expected performance in sales tax activity and HURF revenue. When combined with Queen Creek's population growth, this has increased the Town's share of state tax distributions.

Property Tax

Property tax revenue is currently \$121K or 2% above budget. The Town receives the majority of its property tax distributions in October and November, and the remainder in April and May, due to Arizona's statutes that allow property owners to pay their annual property taxes in two installments.

Charges for Services (CD)

Charges for Services (CD) accounts for planning, engineering and building permit revenues. Year-to-date CD Revenue is favorable by \$899K or 15%, as presented in the following schedule:

February 2021 YTD Community Development Detailed Revenues

Charges for Services (CD)	<u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	\$ Variance		% Variance
Planning Revenue	\$ 89,928		\$ 127,650	\$	37,722	42%
Engineering Revenue	475,431		1,063,298		587,867	124%
Building Permit Revenue	5,562,009		5,835,815		273,806	5%
Total Charges for Services (CD)	\$ 6,127,368	•	\$ 7,026,762	\$	899,394	15%

Similar to construction sales tax, CD revenue is tied to new and proposed development activity in the town for new subdivisions, commercial developments, and annexations. The fiscal year 2020-21 budget projected a 26% decrease in revenue from this activity and only 700 new single-family permits for the entire fiscal year. However, development activity since the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic has increased significantly, with 1,440 single-family permits issued to date this fiscal year.

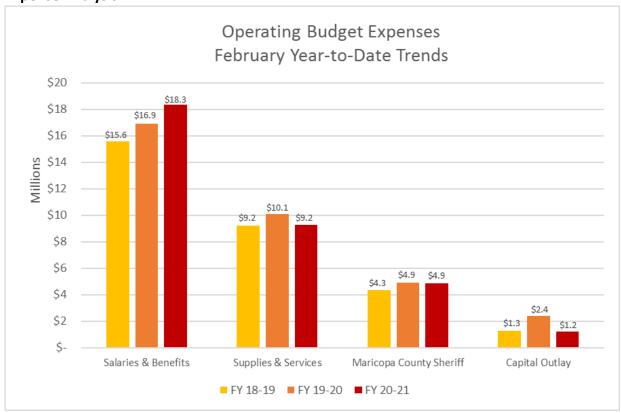
Other Charges for Services

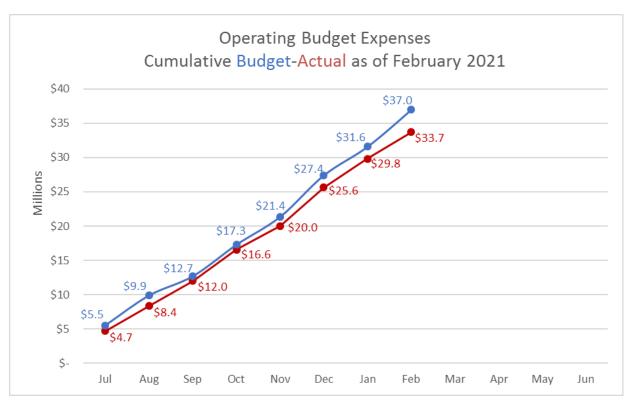
Other Charges for Services is comprised of a number of different sources and is currently showing a \$142K or 2% positive variance. The largest revenue group in this category is Utility ROI and Utility Franchise Fees from the Town's Water and Sewer utility operations, which together account for \$2.0M or 33% of the Other revenue category. Departmental Support Revenue accounts for an additional \$1.2M or 20% of the total revenue in this category.

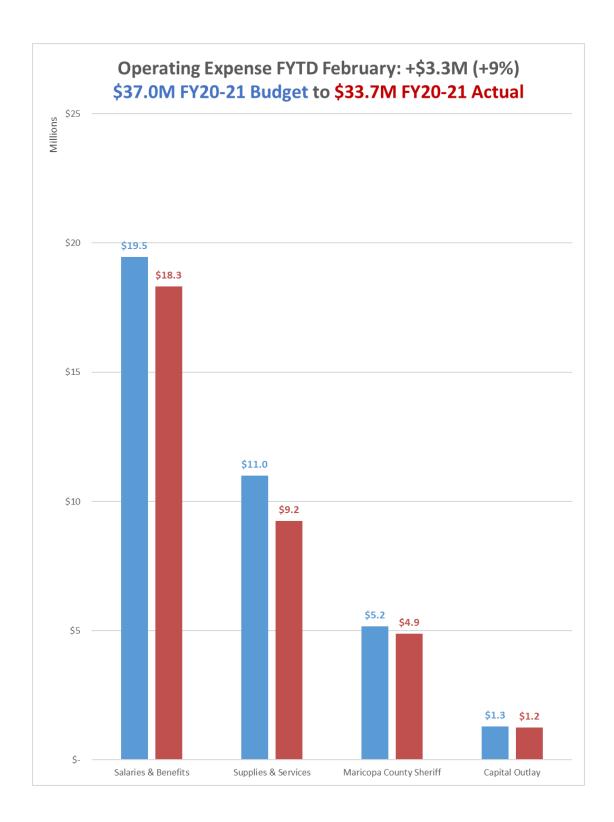
Revenue Budget Adjustments

In light of the Town's strong economic performance, staff revised revenue estimates for the current fiscal year 2020-21 and presented those revisions to the Town Council on February 3, 2021 for approval. These adjustments are included in the budget numbers of this report.

Expense Analysis







The year-to-date expenditures for fiscal year 2020-21 reflect a favorable variance of \$3.3M or 9%. The variances of the Expenditure Categories are explained below.

Salaries and Benefits

Salaries and Benefits expenses are \$1.1M or 6% below budget. This variance is partially due to positions that have become vacant since the beginning of the fiscal year. As they happen, vacancies are evaluated on a case-by-case basis to determine if the position needs to be filled right away or if the Town can delay hiring a replacement. Additionally, the fiscal year 2020-21 budget included funding for seven positions related to the new police department that were expected to be filled by October 1st (two police lieutenants, one police administrative assistant, three IT support positions, and one fleet mechanic). Although the recruitments for these positions have been actively moving forward, one position was not filled until November, three were not filled until December, and two remain unfilled, which also contributed to the positive variance in Salaries and Benefits.

Supplies and Services

Supplies and Services expenses are currently \$1.8M or 16% below budget. Most of this savings is due to a \$1.4M mid-year budget adjustment to Streets Maintenance and Repair in the HURF Fund. Public Works staff is in the process of issuing additional project orders and contracts to encumber these additional funds before the end of the fiscal year. The remaining variance is due to savings in utilities (power/water/gas), software, and employee training costs. This category also includes the Town's new business assistance program that through February had paid \$481K in grants to local businesses to support their efforts to combat the COVID-19 pandemic.

Maricopa County Sheriff

Maricopa County Sheriff costs have a favorable variance of \$288K or 6%. The MCSO budget for fiscal year 2020-21 already included an estimate of personnel vacancies for which the Town receives a credit on a regular basis. These credits have been slightly higher than expected.

Capital Outlay

Capital Outlay expenses currently show a favorable variance of \$54K or 4%. The budgets in this category are for one-time purchases related to major equipment and special projects. Of the total capital spending so far this year, \$1.1M has been for police vehicles.



FY 20-21 Year to Date Sales Tax Report

FY 20-21 Business Activity through January 2021*

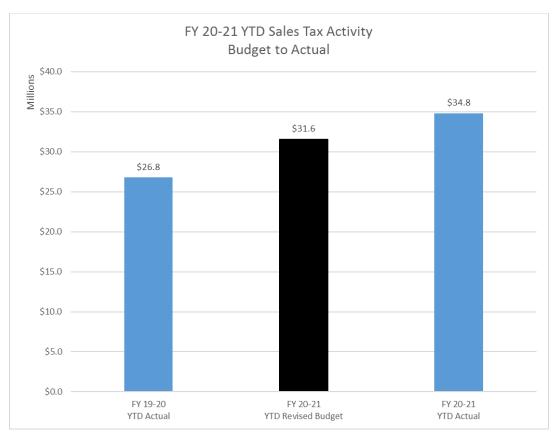
Issued March 2021

This report contains information regarding the actual revenue collections from the Town's 2.0% sales tax reflected in the General Fund, 0.25% dedicated EMS sales tax, 0.25% Town Center dedicated sales tax and the 2.0% Construction Contracting sales tax dedicated to infrastructure improvements.

YEAR-TO-DATE FY 20-21 SALES TAX ACTIVITY

OVERALL PERFORMANCE SUMMARY:

The January 2021 sales tax revenue year-to-date total of \$34.8M exceeds the revised budget by 10%, or \$3.2M. Relative to the same period in FY 19-20, FY 20-21 actuals are 30%, or \$8.0M higher than the previous year.



				FY 20-2	21 YTD	FY 19-20 YTD Actual to		
				Revised Budg	et-To-Actual	FY 20-21 Y	TD Actual	
		FY 20-21						
	FY 19-20	YTD Revised	FY 20-21	\$	%	\$	%	
Sales Category	YTD Actual	Budget	YTD Actual	Variance	Variance	Increase	Increase	
Construction	\$ 11,740,163	\$ 14,725,896	\$ 15,641,322	\$ 915,426	6%	\$ 3,901,159	33%	
Retail Trade	\$ 9,720,113	11,108,509	12,847,863	1,739,354	16%	3,127,750	32%	
Communications & Utilities	\$ 1,206,014	1,563,623	1,266,810	(296,813)	(19%)	60,796	5%	
Restaurant & Bar	\$ 2,063,572	2,113,651	2,462,921	349,270	17%	399,349	19%	
Real Estate, Rental & Leasing	\$ 1,170,294	1,162,020	1,256,993	94,973	8%	86,699	7%	
All Others**	\$ 910,481	889,549	1,338,260	448,711	50%	427,779	47%	
Totals	\$ 26,810,637	\$ 31,563,248	\$ 34,814,168	\$ 3,250,920	10%	\$ 8,003,531	30%	

^{**}All Others includes transportation, wholesale trade, finance and insurance, services, arts and entertainment, and other categories.

Note: Reporting categories are based on Arizona Department of Revenue Business Code classifications.

ANALYSIS

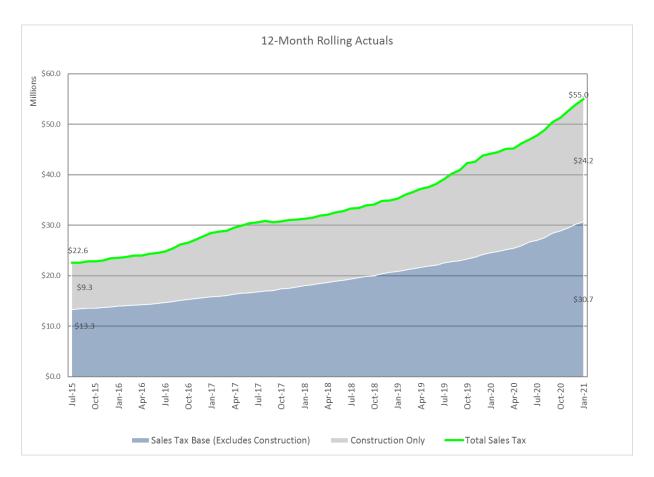
Town of Queen Creek sales tax collections are positively impacted by the high incomes of Town households. Per the 2019 American Communities Supplemental Survey data provided by the US Census, Queen Creek's median household income is \$105,729, which is among the highest in the region for full-service cities and towns. Additionally, taxable spending from an estimated 100K+ population from Eastmark master-planned community (Mesa) and unincorporated San Tan Valley has a significant impact on the Town's sales tax revenues. A recent study from Elliott Pollack & Company estimates that as of FY 18-19, about 27% of sales tax collections in the retail category and about 50% in the restaurant and bar category are from non-Queen Creek resident spending in the Town.

At the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Town's Budget department projected that sales tax revenues in a majority of the sales tax categories would experience declines from March 2020 through June 2020, at which point sales tax revenues would reach their lowest point. The highest declines were projected in the retail, restaurant and bar, and arts and entertainment categories. Additionally, the FY 20-21 adopted budget assumed that businesses within the Town would begin to see incremental improvements in their sales tax collections from July 2020 through approximately March 2021, at which point sales tax revenues would be recovered to approximately the same levels as at the end of FY 18-19. After strong performance throughout the first half of FY21, the sales tax revenue budget was revised to more closely reflect current levels of sales tax revenue collections.

January sales tax collections in FY 20-21 were higher than in FY 19-20 despite continued COVID-19 restrictions on business operations. The strong levels of sales tax collections can be attributed to the continuing growth in population due to development both within the Town and in surrounding areas, more individuals shopping closer to home, new businesses continuing to open, strong construction activity, and the Town's ability to collect sales taxes on e-commerce transactions.

HISTORICAL 12 MONTH ROLLING PERIODS

The following section contains a 12-month rolling historical actuals chart for the sales tax base (everything except construction) and separately for construction contracting sales tax revenues. Together, these categories comprise the total monthly revenue collections for sales tax. This chart is useful to identify the overall data trends since 2015. Of particular note is the continued growth of the sales tax base over time, which signifies that the Town's commercial sectors have continued to grow, diversify, and mature since 2015.



YEAR-TO-DATE ANALYSIS BY CATEGORY

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTING:

Construction sales tax is collected on all construction activity; commercial, new residential and major residential remodels. It also includes landscaping, painting, flooring installation, siding, roofing, concrete, plumbing, heating, framing, drywall, infrastructure, masonry, finish carpentry, etc. Speculative construction activity (developing land for sale as a building site) is also included in this category.

January 2021 Actuals: \$1.5M FY 20-21 YTD Actuals: \$15.6M

FY 20-21 YTD Revised Budget to Actual Variance of \$915K or 6%

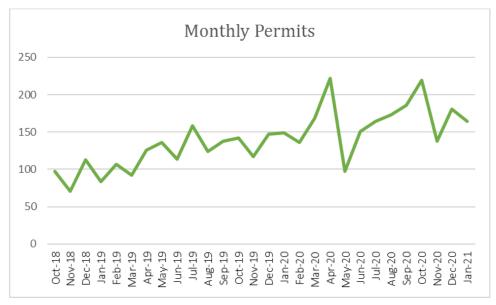
FY 20-21 YTD Actual to FY 19-20 YTD Actual Increase of \$3.9M or 33%

FY 20-21 collections exceed the FY 20-21 revised budget and the prior fiscal year actuals through January activity. The FY 20-21 revised budget included increases to construction sales tax collections due to construction activity in the town matching or outperforming prior years.

Performance in construction contracting ties mostly to new home sales and in particular, the large-scale homebuilders. Known major homebuilders accounted for the majority of construction contracting sales tax revenues for the month of January. Sales tax paid by homebuilders ties to the sale of a new home, which is dependent on permit completions. The following schedule and graphs display new single-family

home (NSF) permits issued and home completions over a rolling 12-month period for the current fiscal year against the previous fiscal year according to Queen Creek's Development Services Department:

12-Month Rolling NSF Home Permits	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Total	Mo. Avg.
FY 19-20 TOQC NSF Permits Issued	107	92	126	136	114	158	124	138	142	117	147	149	1,550	129
FY 20-21 TOQC NSF Permits Issued	136	169	222	97	151	164	173	186	219	138	181	164	2,000	167
12-Month Rolling NSF Home Completions	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Total	Mo. Avg.
FY 19-20 TOQC NSF Completions	92	122	106	131	136	135	129	151	128	108	135	120	1,493	124
FY 20-21 TOQC NSF Completions	123	120	135	144	161	180	165	168	164	117	144	106	1,727	144





The Town utilizes RL Brown Housing Reports, an independent source of housing market information, to track monthly home sales, which are an indicator of construction sales tax receipts for the month. RL Brown's data indicates that Queen Creek had 97 new home sales close in the month of January with an average sales price of \$450K for these homes. Overall, the Town made up 6.4% of total NSF permits issued in Maricopa County in January. The following table shows the monthly closings by builder, average sale price and estimated gross revenue for the month of January for permits issued within the Town.

BUILDER	# CLOSINGS	AVG.	SALE PRICE	EST	. GROSS REVENUE
LENNAR HOMES	24	\$	391,140	\$	9,387,360
RICHMOND AMERICAN	21	\$	432,493	\$	9,082,351
SHEA HOMES	10	\$	467,239	\$	4,672,391
TAYLOR MORRISON	10	\$	444,231	\$	4,442,309
ASHTON WOODS HOMES	6	\$	550,591	\$	3,303,547
TOLL BROTHERS	4	\$	440,680	\$	1,762,721
MARACAY HOMES	4	\$	639,609	\$	2,558,437
WILLIAM LYON HOMES	3	\$	465,997	\$	1,397,992
CRESLEIGH HOMES	3	\$	356,171	\$	1,068,513
GEHAN HOMES	2	\$	366,903	\$	733,806
LANDSEA HOMES	2	\$	411,602	\$	823,204
BEAZER HOMES	2	\$	367,908	\$	735,815
PULTE HOMES	2	\$	413,897	\$	827,793
ELLIOTT HOMES	1	\$	602,020	\$	602,020
MISC CUSTOM	1	\$	950,000	\$	950,000
FULTON HOMES	1	\$	360,020	\$	360,020
PROVIDENCE HOMES	1	\$	581,797	\$	581,797
GRAND TOTAL	97	\$	446,289	\$	43,290,076

RETAIL TRADE:

Retail trade includes large department stores, auto dealers, grocery stores, supercenters, automotive repairs, discount stores, home furnishings, drug stores, jewelry and other vendors typically selling merchandise in small quantities to the public.

January 2021 Actuals: \$1.8M FY 20-21 YTD Actuals: \$12.8M

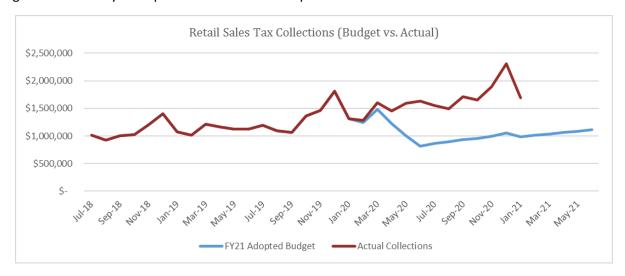
FY 20-21 YTD Revised Budget to Actual Variance of \$1.7M or 16% FY 20-21 YTD Actual to FY 19-20 YTD Actual Increase of \$3.1M or 32%

FY 20-21 YTD collections in the retail category exceeded the FY 20-21 revised budget and prior year actual collections. Compared to the previous fiscal year, new businesses continue to open, but more influentially, retail anchors in the major retail centers in the Town are performing well. The higher-dollar entities drive revenue in this class. In January, the top 20 payers of 3,018 total payers in the retail category delivered 67% of the revenue. The top 10 payers in the category account for 57% of the total.

Of the total retail sales tax collections in January, \$275K is attributable to e-commerce transactions. January 2021 e-commerce sales tax collections are 77% higher than collections in January 2020. This growth can be attributed to an increase in e-commerce reporters due increased compliance with the Wayfair legislation passed in October 2019, as well as an increase in e-commerce sales due to the pandemic.

The adopted FY 20-21 budget accounted for a sharp decrease in retail activity due to the COVID-19 pandemic, though retail activity through January 2021 has continued at a level matching or exceeding pre-

pandemic levels. As seen in the graph below, actual retail sales tax collections each month have come in higher than initially anticipated at the start of the pandemic.



COMMUNICATIONS/UTILITIES:

This category includes businesses that provide telecommunications (internet, telephone, cellular service, cable/satellite television, etc.) and electricity, gas, or water services.

January 2021 Actuals: \$109K FY 20-21 YTD Actuals: \$1.3M

FY 20-21 YTD Revised Budget to Actual Variance of (\$297K) or (19%) FY 20-21 YTD Actual to FY 19-20 YTD Actual Increase of \$61K or 5%

Year-to-date collections in the communications/utilities category are lower than the revised FY 20-21 budget due to a decrease in utility usage over the winter months. Year-to-date collections are slightly above the prior year's YTD collections.

RESTAURANTS & BARS:

This industry is comprised of establishments serving customers by preparing meals, snacks, and beverages for immediate consumption.

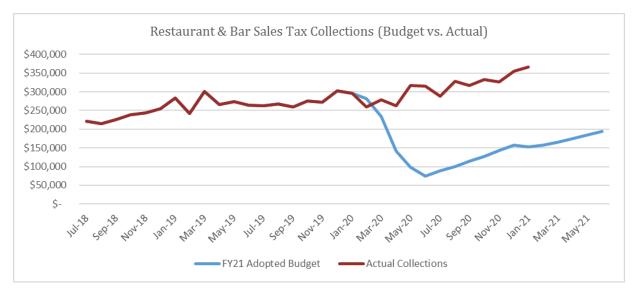
January 2021 Actuals: \$390K FY 20-21 YTD Actuals: \$2.5M

FY 20-21 YTD Revised Budget to Actual Variance of \$349K or 17% FY 20-21 YTD Actual to FY 19-20 YTD Actual Increase of \$399K or 19%

This category is above the current year revised budget and prior year actual collections. The adopted FY 20-21 budget accounted for a sharp decline in activity in this sector due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Performance in this category has been impacted due to restrictions placed on many restaurant and bar establishments, which has required them to limit restaurant capacity or only provide takeout, delivery, and drive-thru services.

Despite these closures and limitations, performance has remained strong for establishments in Queen Creek, which resulted in the revision of this category's budget upward in February 2021. As seen in the

graph below, monthly collections in the restaurant and bar category have consistently been above the initially budgeted levels at the beginning of the pandemic.



RENTAL, REAL ESTATE & LEASES:

This category consists of entities engaged in renting or leasing tangible and intangible assets as well as other establishments providing related services.

January 2021 Actuals: \$180K FY 20-21 YTD Actuals: \$1.3M

FY 20-21 YTD Revised Budget to Actual Variance of \$95K or 8% FY 20-21 YTD Actual to FY 19-20 YTD Actual Increase of \$87K or 7%

This category's collections are slightly above the revised budget and prior year collections.

ALL OTHER CATEGORIES:

The categories included here are transportation, manufacturing, wholesale trade, finance and insurance, services, and arts and entertainment. Use tax is also included in this category.

January 2021 Actuals: \$195K FY 20-21 YTD Actuals: \$1.3M

FY 20-21 YTD Revised Budget to Actual Variance of \$449K or 50% FY 20-21 YTD Actual to FY 19-20 YTD Actual Increase of \$428K or 47%

This category is above the current year adopted budget and previous year actual collections. The arts and entertainment and services categories have performed better than anticipated despite closures and limitations due to COVID-19. Collections from use tax were also elevated during the November and December reporting periods.

ATTACHMENT 1:

SALES TAX BACKGROUND INFORMATION:

The Town of Queen Creek's sales tax is the largest revenue source for Town operations. The Town of Queen Creek's Transaction Privilege Tax (TPT) program is administered by the State of Arizona's Department of Revenue (AZDOR). AZDOR issues TPT licenses to businesses, updates license data, provides support, collects tax dollars due, performs audits, and distributes the tax revenue to the Town.

SALES TAX RATE DETAILS

The Town of Queen Creek has the following sales tax rates:

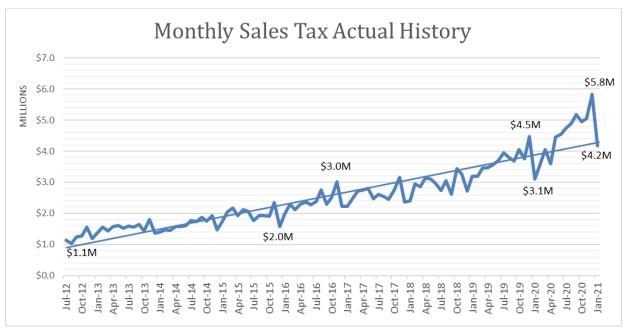
- 2.0% tax rate charged on all taxable activities within Town limits
 - o Dedicated to the General Fund for general purpose government operations
- 0.25% tax rate charged on all taxable activities within Town limits
 - Dedicated to the Emergency Services (EMS) Fund to fund law enforcement and fire and medical services
- 0.25% special district rate an additional tax rate charged on certain taxable activities occurring within certain major retail developments in Town Center: Queen Creek Marketplace, Cornerstone, and QC District
 - Dedicated to the Town Center Fund to fund infrastructure related improvements and other operations within the Town Center planning area
- 2.0% additional tax rate on construction contracting activities within Town limits
 - o Dedicated to funding infrastructure improvements within Town limits

Sales Tax Rate Components											
Queen Cree	k Rate	Queen Creek Speci (Town Ce		Construction Contracting Rate							
General Fund	2.00%	General Fund	2.00%	General Fund	2.00%						
EMS	0.25%	EMS	0.25%	EMS	0.25%						
		Town Center	0.25%	Construction Fund	2.00%						
Total Rate	2.25%	Total Rate	2.50%	Total Rate	4.25%						

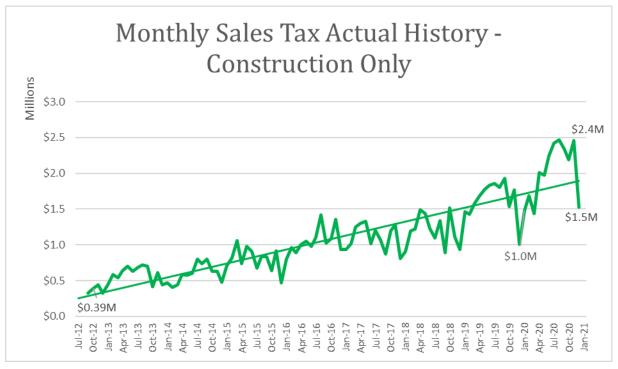
Revenue by Fund	YTD	% of Total
General Fund	\$ 23,854,333	68.5%
EMS Fund	2,981,792	8.6%
Town Center Fund	617,422	1.8%
Construction Fund	7,360,622	21.1%
Totals	\$ 34,814,168	100.0%

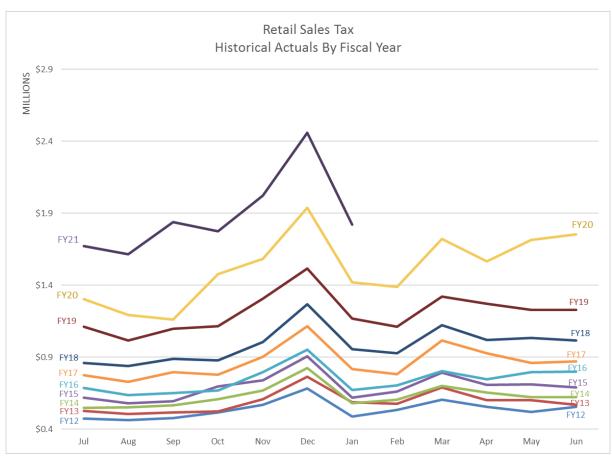
Operating Budget	Jul		Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec
General Fund	\$ 3,210,188	\$	3,264,754	\$ 3,483,271	\$ 3,352,158	\$ 3,503,776	\$ 4,047,244
EMS Fund	\$ 401,273	\$	408,094	\$ 435,409	\$ 419,020	\$ 437,972	\$ 505,905
Total Operating Budget	\$ 3,611,462	\$	3,672,848	\$ 3,918,680	\$ 3,771,178	\$ 3,941,748	\$ 4,553,149
Operating Budget	Jan	F۱	/20-21 YTD				
General Fund	\$ 2,992,942	\$	23,854,333				
EMS Fund	374,118	\$	2,981,792				
Total Operating Budget	\$ 3,367,060	\$	26,836,125				

Historical Performance

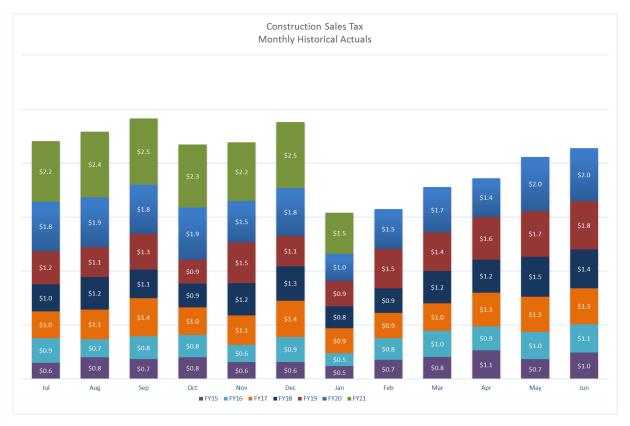








Appendix 1: Queen Creek Monthly Sales Tax Report



Note: In FY 19-20 reporting is revised to reflect ADOR business code categories. Overall TPT revenues are not impacted.

TAX RATE CATEGORIES

Town-wide Queen Creek Sales Tax Rates:

BUSINESS CODE CATEGORY	REGION	BUSINESS	TAX	REPORTING CATEGORY
	CODE	CODE	RATE	
Advertising	QC	018	2.25%	All Others
Amusements	QC	012	2.25%	All Others
Contracting-Prime	QC	015	4.25%	Construction Contracting
Contracting-Speculative Builders	QC	016	4.25%	Construction Contracting
Contracting – Owner Builder	QC	037	4.25%	Construction Contracting
Job Printing	QC	010	2.25%	All Others
Manufactured Buildings	QC	027	2.25%	Construction Contracting
Timbering & Other Extraction	QC	020	0.10%	All Others
Severance – Metal Mining	QC	019	2.25%	All Others
Publication	QC	009	2.25%	All Others
Hotels	QC	044	2.25%	All Others
Hotel/Motel (Additional Tax)	QC	144	3.00%	All Others
Residential Rental, Leasing & Licensing for Use	QC	045	2.25%	Rental, R.E. & Leases
Commercial Rental, Leasing & Licensing for Use	QC	213	2.25%	Rental, R.E. & Leases
Rental, Leasing & Licensing for Use	QC	214	2.25%	Rental, R.E. & Leases
Restaurants & Bars	QC	011	2.25%	Restaurants & Bars
Retail Sales	QC	017	2.25%	Retail Sales
Retail Sales Food for Home	QC	062	2.25%	Retail Sales
MRRA	QC	315	2.25%	All Others
Communications	QC	005	2.25%	Comm. & Utilities
Transporting	QC	006	2.25%	All Others
Utilities	QC	004	2.25%	Comm. & Utilities
Use Tax Purchases	QC	029	2.25%	Retail Sales
Use Tax from Inventory	QC	030	2.25%	Retail Sales
Retail Sales for Remote Sellers	QC	605	2.25%	Retail Sales
Retail Sales Food for Home Consumption Remote	QC	606	2.25%	Retail Sales
Sellers				
Marijuana Sales	QC	420	2.25%	Retail Sales
Medical Marijuana Sales	QC	203	2.25%	Retail Sales

Queen Creek Special District Tax Rates (Town Center):

BUSINESS CODE CATEGORY	REGION CODE	BUSINESS CODE	TAX RATE	REPORTING CATEGORY
Amusements	QD	012	2.50%	All Others
Job Printing	QD	010	2.50%	All Others
Publication	QD	009	2.50%	All Others
Hotels	QD	044	2.50%	All Others
Hotel/Motel (Additional Tax)	QD	144	3.00%	All Others
Restaurants & Bars	QD	011	2.50%	Restaurants & Bars
Retail Sales	QD	017	2.50%	Retail Sales
Retail Sales Food for Home	QD	062	2.50%	Retail Sales
MRRA	QD	315	2.50%	All Others
Communications	QD	005	2.50%	Comm. & Utilities
Utilities	QD	004	2.50%	Comm. & Utilities
Retail Sales for Remote Sellers	QD	605	2.50%	Retail Sales
Retail Sales Food for Home Consumption Remote Sellers	QD	606	2.50%	Retail Sales