

FY 20-21 Year to Date Financial Report

Operating Budget to Actual Performance
Fiscal Year to Date through November 2020

Issued December 31, 2020

Executive Summary

The Town's fiscal year 2020-21 budget-to-actual performance through November showed favorable variances for both revenues and expenses. Actual revenues performed well with receipts exceeding expectations by \$10.7M, or 43%. This is the result of Sales Tax, Construction Sales Tax, and Building/Engineering Revenues all performing better than expected due to strong residential and commercial growth. While staff expected this growth to slow due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, actual development activity in the Town has accelerated. The fiscal year 2020-21 budget projected 700 single-family permits for the entire fiscal year, but the Town has already issued 880 permits through November. Additionally, average monthly home closings are currently running 23% higher than the prior year.

Total expenses through November are \$1.3M or 6% less than budget. The favorable variance is driven mostly by staffing vacancies and savings in MCSO contractual services.

The revised Operating Budget anticipated that revenues would exceed expenses by \$3.7M by the end of November 2020. However, actual results are better than anticipated resulting in year-to-date revenues exceeding expenses by \$15.7M, an improvement of \$12.0M.

Because the Town's operating results have been favorable, staff is in the process of revising revenue estimates for fiscal year 2020-21 in conjunction with preparing revenue forecasts for the FY 2021-22 budget adoption cycle. However, the COVID-19 pandemic is not behind us and may yet present additional challenges in the months ahead. Still the Town maintains healthy reserves and has contingencies built into the budget that can provide flexibility as needs arise. Staff will continue to monitor our local, regional, and national economies regularly and provide updates as more data becomes available.

Operating Budget

The Operating Budget includes the Town's activity from the General, Streets (HURF), Emergency Services and Horseshoe Park Equestrian Center Funds. The schedule below is a summary of the FY 20-21 Operating Budget. The current budget estimates that revenues will exceed expenses by \$3.7M for the year, with additional amounts being transferred out to other funds to cover the non-growth share of debt payments and capital improvements.

Recent budget adjustments have taken \$3.9M from contingency funds to provide budget authority for police vehicle expenditures, business assistance grants, and contract services for plan reviews and building inspections. The revised budget anticipates the Town will use \$6.2M of fund balance, most of which is earmarked for starting up the new Queen Creek Police Department. The current amounts in the Town's reserves are shown below.

The ending fund balance is expected to be \$50.5M, of which \$22.0M is reserved for pension funding and \$16.9M is reserved for the Town's 25% reserve policy. The amounts shown below in the Police Services and COVID-19 reserves may change if the Town Council chooses to use these funds during the fiscal year.

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Summarv	Γĭ	ZU-ZI	Operating	buaget

	FY 20-21			FY 20-21		FY 20-21	FY 20-21		
	То	tal Adopted	To	tal Revised	Ye	ear-to-Date	Ye	ear-to-Date	
		Budget		Budget		Budget		Actual	
Revenues	\$	63,588,037	\$	63,588,037	\$	25,024,820	\$	35,696,521	
Expenses		55,621,256		59,883,213		21,357,582		20,034,599	
Operating Results	\$	7,966,781	\$	3,704,824	\$	3,667,238	\$	15,661,922	
Transfers Out									
Events/Grants Match/Other	\$	25,000	\$	25,000	\$	-	\$	-	
Debt Service		6,457,677		6,457,677		-		-	
CIP		3,377,700		3,377,700		-		_	
Transfers Out	\$	(9,860,377)	\$	(9,860,377)		-		-	
Net Operating Results	\$	(1,893,596)	\$	(6,155,553)	\$	3,667,238	\$	15,661,922	
Beginning Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	46,656,233	\$	56,608,528					
Ending Fund Balance	\$	44,762,637	\$	50,452,975					
25% Revenue Reserve	\$	16,857,700	\$	16,857,700					
Police Services Reserve	Υ .	4,500,000	7	523,536					
COVID-19 Reserve		4,770,623		11,060,087					
MSCO Unfunded Pension Liability Reserve		18,634,314		22,011,652					
ASRS Unfunded Pension Liability Reserve				,0,00					
Available Fund Balance		_		_					
Total Fund Balance	\$	44,762,637	\$	50,452,975					

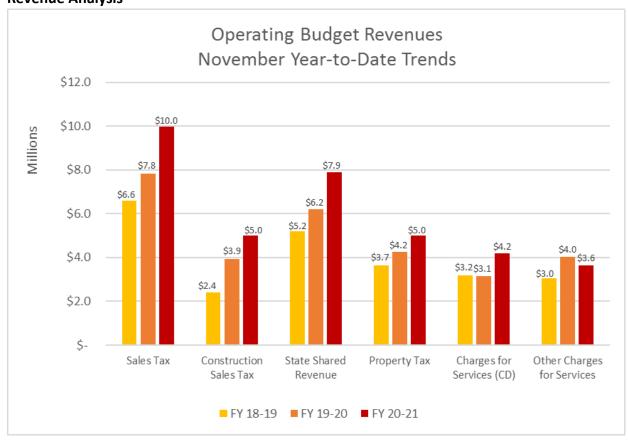
The remainder of this report focuses on revenues and expenses only. It does not include transfers, debt service or infrastructure funding transfers.

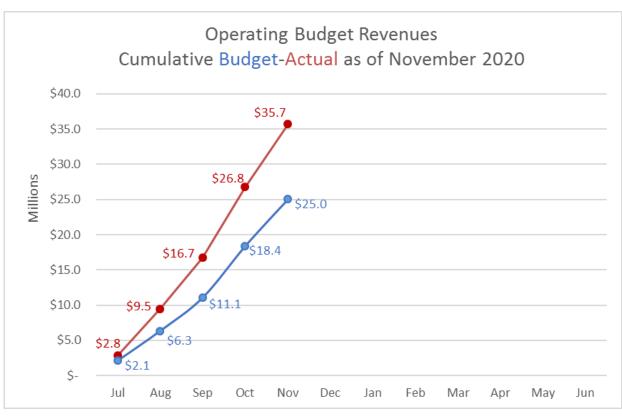
November 2020 Year-to-Date Results

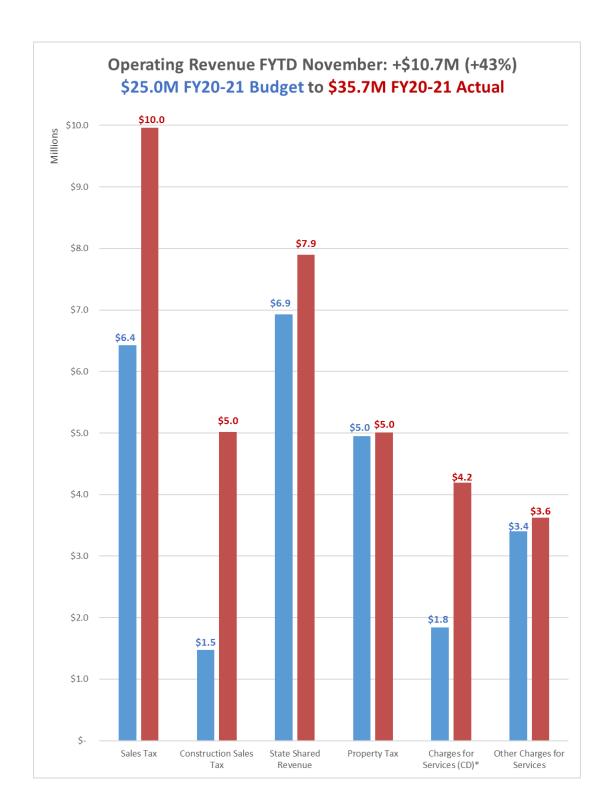
	YTD YTD \$ Variand		S Variance	% Variance		
Revenues		<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>		Favorable (L	<u> Infavorable)</u>
Sales Tax	\$	6,425,270	\$ 9,961,688	\$	3,536,418	55%
Construction Sales Tax		1,473,910	5,015,980		3,542,070	240%
State Shared Revenue		6,930,730	7,894,920		964,190	14%
Property Tax		4,950,720	5,004,282		53,562	1%
Charges for Services (CD)*		1,842,010	4,195,255		2,353,245	128%
Other Charges for Services		3,402,180	3,624,396		222,216	7%
Total Revenues	\$	25,024,820	\$ 35,696,521	\$	10,671,701	43%
Expenditures						
Salaries & Benefits	\$	11,822,851	\$ 10,824,553	\$	998,298	8%
Supplies & Services		5,683,075	5,583,954		99,121	2%
Maricopa County Sheriff		3,204,775	3,028,392		176,383	6%
Capital Outlay		646,881	597,700		49,181	8%
Total Expenditures	\$	21,357,582	\$ 20,034,599	\$	1,322,983	6%

^{*}Consists of Community Development Charges for Services including permits, planning and engineering fees

Revenue Analysis







Overall, actual revenues are showing a 43% favorable variance compared to the revised budget. The variances of the Revenue Categories are as follows:

Sales Tax

Sales tax revenue through November 2020 is \$3.5 million or 55% ahead of budget, greatly exceeding expectations. This trend of monthly above-budget sales tax revenue has continued since April 2020 in spite of the uncertainty surrounding the COVID-19 pandemic. This sales tax growth was not anticipated when the fiscal year 2020-21 budget was developed; in fact, sales tax revenue was projected to decrease 24%. Some of this positive performance is attributed to more individuals shopping closer to home because they are working from home, growth in e-commerce from more residents shopping online, recent legislation requiring sales tax on e-commerce, and new businesses that continue to open in Queen Creek. Please refer to the Sales Tax Report (Appendix 1) for additional information on sales tax activity.

Construction Sales Tax

Construction sales tax revenue to date is \$3.5 million or 240% above budget, reflecting robust residential construction activity. The fiscal year 2020-21 budget was developed with an expectation that the COVID-19 pandemic would sharply reduce demand for new homes. This reduction never materialized; in fact, new home construction has accelerated since April 2020 and continues to show strong demand. Since November 2019, the Town has averaged 144 single-family home closings per month, compared to 117 for the previous 12-month period, an increase of 23% or 27 homes per month. Please refer to the Sales Tax Report (Appendix 1) for additional information on construction sales tax activity.

State Shared Revenue

State Shared Revenue is currently \$964K or 14% above budget. The State of Arizona as a whole is seeing better-than-expected performance in sales tax activity and HURF revenue. When combined with Queen Creek's population growth, this has increased the Town's share of state tax distributions.

Property Tax

Property tax revenue is currently \$54K or 1% above budget. The Town receives the majority of its property tax distributions in October and November, and again in April and May, due to Arizona's statutes that allow property owners to pay their annual property taxes in two installments.

Charges for Services (CD)

Charges for Services (CD) accounts for planning, engineering and building permit revenues. Year-to-date CD Revenue is favorable by \$2.4M or 128%, as presented in the following schedule:

November 2020 YTD Community Development Detailed Revenues

Charges for Services (CD)	Budget		Actual	\$ Variance	% Variance	
Planning Revenue	\$ 141,510		\$ 61,995	\$ (79,515)	(56%)	
Engineering Revenue	190,090		661,023	470,933	248%	
Building Permit Revenue	1,510,410		3,472,237	1,961,827	130%	
Total Charges for Services (CD)	\$ 1,842,010		\$ 4,195,255	\$ 2,353,245	128%	

Similar to construction sales tax, CD revenue is tied to new and proposed development activity in the town for new subdivisions, commercial developments, and annexations. The fiscal year 2020-21 budget projected a 26% decrease in revenue from this activity and only 700 new single-family permits for the

entire fiscal year. However, development activity since the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic has increased significantly, with 880 single-family permits issued in the first five months of the fiscal year. Staff is in the process of revising permit and revenue projections for the remainder of fiscal year 2020-21.

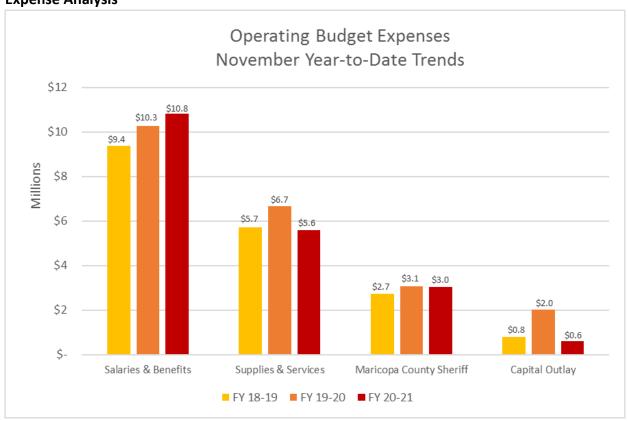
Other Charges for Services

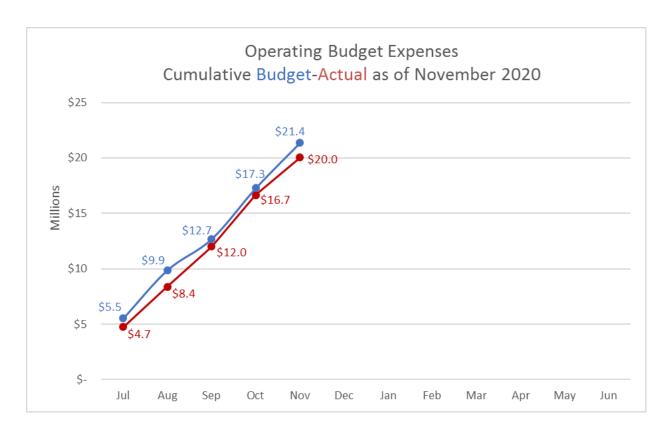
Other Charges for Services is comprised of a number of different sources and is currently showing a \$222K or 7% positive variance. The largest revenue group in this category is Utility ROI and Utility Franchise Fees from the Town's Water and Sewer utility operations, which together account for \$1.1M or 29% of the Other revenue category. Departmental Support Revenue accounts for an additional \$715K or 20% of the total revenue in this category.

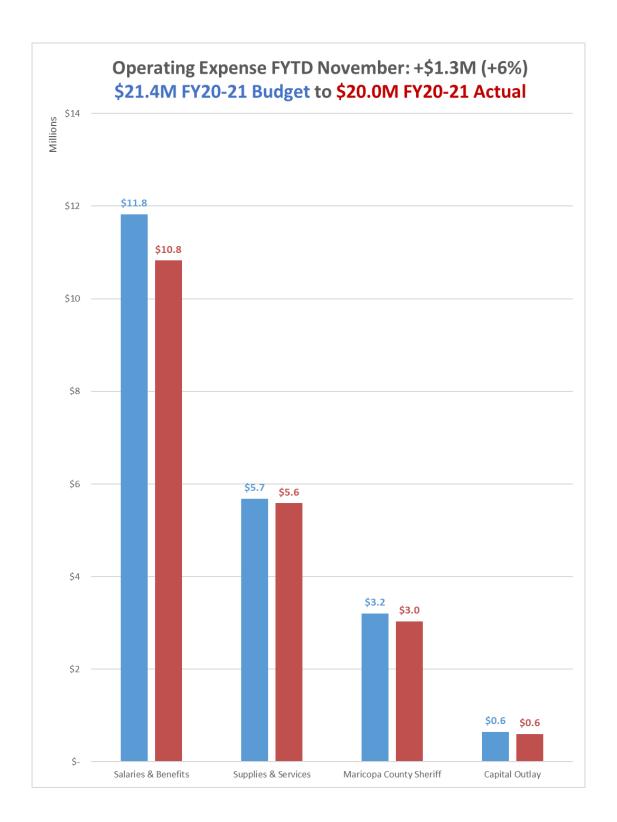
Upcoming Revenue Budget Adjustments

In light of the Town's strong economic performance, staff is in the process of revising revenue budget estimates for fiscal year 2020-21. Staff expects to present these adjustments to the Town Council in February 2021 in conjunction with providing revenue forecasts for the FY 2021-22 budget adoption cycle.

Expense Analysis







The year-to-date expenditures for fiscal year 2020-21 reflect a favorable variance of \$1.3M or 6%.

Salaries and Benefits

Salaries and Benefits expenses are \$1.0M or 8% below budget. This variance is due to positions that have become vacant since the fiscal year 2020-21 budget was adopted. As they happen, vacancies are evaluated on a case-by-case basis to determine if the position needs to be filled right away or if the Town can delay hiring a replacement. Additionally, the fiscal year 2020-21 budget included funding for seven positions related to the new police department that were expected to be filled by October 1st (two police lieutenants, one police administrative assistant, three IT support positions, and one fleet mechanic). Although the recruitments for these positions are actively moving forward, only one of these positions had been filled by the end of November, which also contributed to the positive variance in Salaries and Benefits.

Supplies and Services

Supplies and Services expenses are currently right on budget with only a \$99K or 2% positive variance. Savings in maintenance and repairs, legal costs, and employee training are offsetting higher than expected credit card fees, equipment maintenance, and software support. This category also includes the Town's new business assistance program that through November had paid \$311K in grants to local businesses to support their efforts to combat the COVID-19 pandemic.

Maricopa County Sheriff

Maricopa County Sheriff costs have a favorable variance of \$176K or 6%. The MCSO budget for fiscal year 2020-21 already included an estimate of personnel vacancies for which the Town receives a credit on a regular basis. These credits have so far been slightly higher than expected.

Capital Outlay

Capital Outlay expenses currently show a favorable variance of \$49K or 8%. The budgets in this category are for one-time purchases related to major equipment and special projects.



FY 20-21 Year to Date Sales Tax Report

FY 20-21 Business Activity through October 2020*

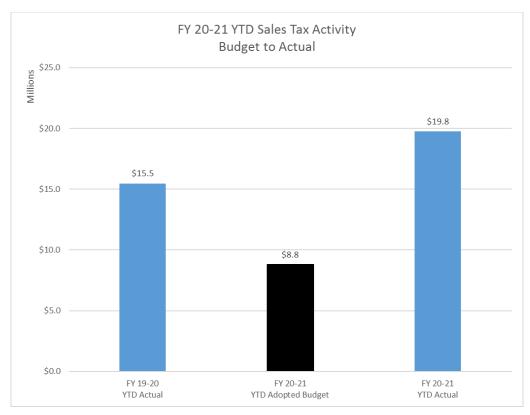
Issued December 2020

This report contains information regarding the actual revenue collections from the Town's 2.0% sales tax reflected in the General Fund, 0.25% dedicated EMS sales tax, 0.25% Town Center dedicated sales tax and the 2.0% Construction Contracting sales tax dedicated to infrastructure improvements.

YEAR-TO-DATE FY 20-21 SALES TAX ACTIVITY

OVERALL PERFORMANCE SUMMARY:

The October 2020 sales tax revenue year-to-date total of \$19.8M exceeds the adopted budget by 124%, or \$10.9M. Relative to the same period in FY 19-20, FY 20-21 actuals are 28%, or \$4.3M higher than the previous year.



				FY 20-: Adopted Bud		FY 19-20 YTD Actual to FY 20-21 YTD Actual		
		FY 20-21						
	FY 19-20	YTD Adopted	FY 20-21	\$	%	\$	%	
Sales Category	YTD Actual	Budget	YTD Actual	Variance	Variance	Increase	Increase	
Construction	\$ 7,429,242	\$ 2,828,354	\$ 9,474,629	\$ 6,646,275	235%	\$ 2,045,386	28%	
Retail Trade	\$ 4,929,604	3,654,086	6,697,480	3,043,394	83%	1,767,876	36%	
Communications & Utilities	\$ 870,126	787,293	900,986	113,693	14%	30,860	4%	
Restaurant & Bar	\$ 1,136,320	560,141	1,346,949	786,808	140%	210,629	19%	
Real Estate, Rental & Leasing	\$ 642,156	592,210	692,454	100,244	17%	50,299	8%	
All Others**	\$ 468,360	386,739	643,134	256,395	66%	174,774	37%	
Totals	\$ 15,475,809	\$ 8,808,823	\$ 19,755,633	\$ 10,946,810	124%	\$ 4,279,823	28%	

^{**}All Others includes transportation, wholesale trade, finance and insurance, services, arts and entertainment, and other categories.

Note: Reporting categories are based on Arizona Department of Revenue Business Code classifications.

ANALYSIS

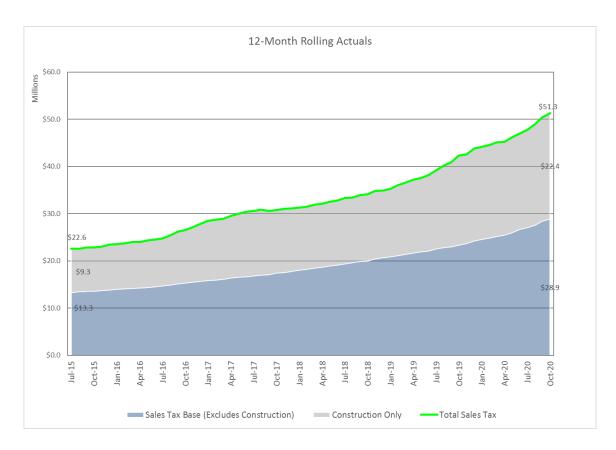
Town of Queen Creek sales tax collections are positively impacted by the high incomes of Town households. Per the 2018 American Communities Supplemental Survey data provided by the US Census, Queen Creek's median household income is \$98,214, which is among the highest in the region for full-service cities and towns. Additionally, taxable spending from an estimated 100K+ population from Eastmark master-planned community (Mesa) and unincorporated San Tan Valley has a significant impact on the Town's sales tax revenues. A recent study from Elliott Pollack & Company estimates that as of FY 18-19, about 27% of sales tax collections in the retail category and about 50% in the restaurant and bar category are from non-Queen Creek resident spending in the Town.

At the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Town's Budget department projected that sales tax revenues in a majority of the sales tax categories would experience declines from March 2020 through June 2020, at which point sales tax revenues would reach their lowest point. The highest declines were projected in the retail, restaurant and bar, and arts and entertainment categories. Additionally, the FY20-21 adopted budget assumed that businesses within the Town would begin to see incremental improvements in their sales tax collections from July 2020 through approximately March 2020, at which point sales tax revenues would be recovered to approximately the same levels as at the end of FY 18-19.

October sales tax collections in FY 20-21 were higher than in FY 19-20 despite continued COVID-19 restrictions on business operations. The strong levels of sales tax collections can be attributed to the continuing growth in population due to development both within the Town and in surrounding areas, more individuals shopping closer to home, new businesses continuing to open, strong construction activity, and the Town's ability to collect sales taxes on e-commerce transactions.

HISTORICAL 12 MONTH ROLLING PERIODS

The following section contains a 12-month rolling historical actuals chart for the sales tax base (everything except construction) and separately for construction contracting sales tax revenues. Together, these categories comprise the total monthly revenue collections for sales tax. This chart is useful to identify the overall data trends since 2015. Of particular note is the continued growth of the sales tax base over time, which signifies that the Town's commercial sectors have continued to grow, diversify, and mature since 2015.



YEAR-TO-DATE ANALYSIS BY CATEGORY

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTING:

Construction sales tax is collected on all construction activity; commercial, new residential and major residential remodels. It also includes landscaping, painting, flooring installation, siding, roofing, concrete, plumbing, heating, framing, drywall, infrastructure, masonry, finish carpentry, etc. Speculative construction activity (developing land for sale as a building site) is also included in this category.

October 2020 Actuals: \$2.3M FY 20-21 YTD Actuals: \$9.5M

FY 20-21 YTD Adopted Budget to Actual Variance of \$6.6M or 235% FY 20-21 YTD Actual to FY 19-20 YTD Actual Increase of \$2.0M or 28%

FY 20-21 collections exceed the FY 20-21 adopted budget and the prior fiscal year actuals through October activity. The FY 20-21 adopted budget accounted for an estimated decline in construction activity within the Town due to the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic. To date, the Town has seen continued construction activity at levels matching or outperforming prior years.

Performance in construction contracting ties mostly to new home sales and in particular, the large-scale homebuilders. Known major homebuilders accounted for the majority of construction contracting sales tax revenues for the month of October. Sales tax paid by homebuilders ties to the sale of a new home, which is dependent on permit completions. The following schedule and graphs display new single-family

home (NSF) permits issued and home completions over a rolling 12-month period for the current fiscal year against the previous fiscal year according to Queen Creek's Development Services Department:

12-Month Rolling NSF Home Permits	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Total	Mo. Avg.
FY 19-20 TOQC NSF Permits Issued	71	113	84	107	92	126	136	114	158	124	138	142	1,405	117
FY 20-21 TOQC NSF Permits Issued	117	147	149	136	169	222	97	151	164	173	186	219	1,930	161
12-Month Rolling NSF Home Completions	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Total	Mo. Avg.
FY 19-20 TOQC NSF Completions	103	82	84	92	122	106	131	136	135	129	151	128	1,399	117
FY 20-21 TOQC NSF Completions	108	135	120	123	120	135	144	161	180	165	168	164	1,723	144





The Town utilizes RL Brown Housing Reports, an independent source of housing market information, to track monthly home sales, which are an indicator of construction sales tax receipts for the month. RL Brown's data indicates that Queen Creek had 161 new home sales close in the month of October with an average sales price of \$425K for these homes. Overall, the Town made up 7.5% of total NSF permits issued in Maricopa County in October. The following table shows the monthly closings by builder, average sale price and estimated gross revenue for the month of October for permits issued within the Town.

BUILDER	# CLOSINGS	AVG	. SALE PRICE	EST	. GROSS REVENUE
RICHMOND AMERICAN	34	\$	396,680	\$	13,487,118
SHEA HOMES	26	\$	437,572	\$	11,376,874
LENNAR HOMES	23	\$	417,225	\$	9,596,165
TAYLOR MORRISON	13	\$	426,490	\$	5,544,368
ASHTON WOODS HOMES	12	\$	400,725	\$	4,808,697
TOLL BROTHERS	12	\$	424,842	\$	5,098,100
WILLIAM LYON HOMES	12	\$	390,913	\$	4,690,952
CRESLEIGH HOMES	8	\$	349,540	\$	2,796,317
MARACAY HOMES	7	\$	609,458	\$	4,266,208
FULTON HOMES	5	\$	373,310	\$	1,866,552
GEHAN HOMES	3	\$	434,323	\$	1,302,970
ELLIOTT HOMES	2	\$	594,930	\$	1,189,860
PROVIDENCE HOMES	2	\$	572,831	\$	1,145,662
VIP HOMES	1	\$	735,951	\$	735,951
MISC CUSTOM	1	\$	545,000	\$	545,000
GRAND TOTAL	161	\$	425,160	\$	68,450,794

RETAIL TRADE:

Retail trade includes large department stores, auto dealers, grocery stores, supercenters, automotive repairs, discount stores, home furnishings, drug stores, jewelry and other vendors typically selling merchandise in small quantities to the public.

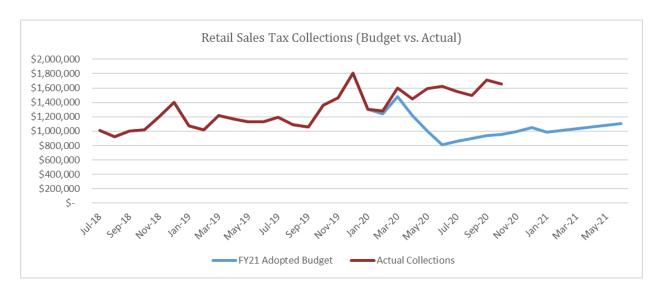
October 2020 Actuals: \$1.7M FY 20-21 YTD Actuals: \$6.7M

FY 20-21 YTD Adopted Budget to Actual Variance of \$3.0M or 83% FY 20-21 YTD Actual to FY 19-20 YTD Actual Increase of \$1.8M or 36%

FY 20-21 YTD collections in the retail category exceeded the FY 20-21 adopted budget and prior year actual collections. Compared to the previous fiscal year, new businesses continue to open, but more influentially, retail anchors in the major retail centers in the Town are performing well. The higher-dollar entities drive revenue in this class. In October, the top 20 payers of 2,754 total payers in the retail category delivered 68% of the revenue. The top 10 payers in the category account for 58% of the total.

Of the total retail sales tax collections, \$291K is attributable to e-commerce transactions. From October 2019 to October 2020, the e-commerce subcategory has grown by 105%. This growth can be attributed to an increase in e-commerce reporters due to the Wayfair legislation, as well as an increase in e-commerce sales due to the pandemic.

The FY 20-21 budget accounted for a sharp decrease in retail activity due to the COVID-19 pandemic, though retail activity through October has continued at a level matching or exceeding pre-pandemic levels. As seen in the graph below, actual retail sales tax collections each month have come in higher than budgeted collections.



COMMUNICATIONS/UTILITIES:

This category includes businesses that provide telecommunications (internet, telephone, cellular service, cable/satellite television, etc.) and electricity, gas, or water services.

October 2020 Actuals: \$184K FY 20-21 YTD Actuals: \$900K

FY 20-21 YTD Adopted Budget to Actual Variance of \$114K or 14% FY 20-21 YTD Actual to FY 19-20 YTD Actual Increase of \$31K or 4%

Year-to-date collections in the communications/utilities category are higher than the adopted FY 20-21 budget. Year-to-date collections are level with the prior year's YTD collections.

RESTAURANTS & BARS:

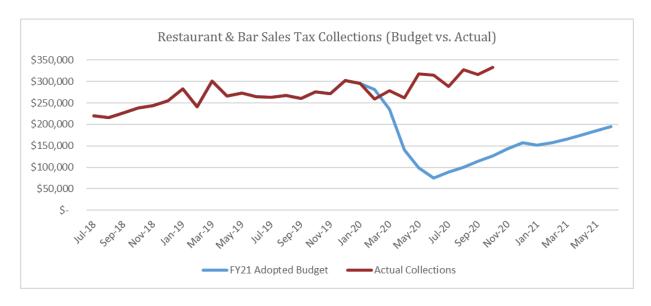
This industry is comprised of establishments serving customers by preparing meals, snacks, and beverages for immediate consumption.

October 2020 Actuals: \$354K FY 20-21 YTD Actuals: \$1.3M

FY 20-21 YTD Adopted Budget to Actual Variance of \$787K or 140% FY 20-21 YTD Actual to FY 19-20 YTD Actual Increase of \$211K or 19%

This category is above the current year adopted budget and prior year actual collections. The FY 20-21 budget accounted for a sharp decline in activity in this sector due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Performance in this category has been impacted due restrictions placed on many restaurant and bar establishments, which has required them to limit restaurant capacity or only provide takeout, delivery, and drive-thru services.

Despite these closures and limitations, performance has remained strong for establishments in Queen Creek. As seen in the graph below, monthly collections in the restaurant and bar category have consistently been above budgeted levels.



RENTAL, REAL ESTATE & LEASES:

This category consists of entities engaged in renting or leasing tangible and intangible assets as well as other establishments providing related services.

October 2020 Actuals: \$172K FY 20-21 YTD Actuals: \$692K

FY 20-21 YTD Adopted Budget to Actual Variance of \$100K or 17% FY 20-21 YTD Actual to FY 19-20 YTD Actual Increase of \$50K or 8%

This category's collections are above the adopted budget and prior year collections. The increase in collections year-over-year through October is made up primarily of increases in collections from the Commercial Renting, Leasing, and Licensing for Use and Residential Renting, Leasing and Licensing subcategories.

ALL OTHER CATEGORIES:

The categories included here are transportation, manufacturing, wholesale trade, finance and insurance, services, and arts and entertainment. Use tax is also included in this category.

October 2020 Actuals: \$179K FY 20-21 YTD Actuals: \$643K

FY 20-21 YTD Adopted Budget to Actual Variance of \$256K or 66% FY 20-21 YTD Actual to FY 19-20 YTD Actual Increase of \$175K or 37%

This category is above the current year adopted budget and previous year actual collections. The arts and entertainment and services categories have performed better than anticipated despite closures and limitations due to COVID-19, therefore actual collections YTD appear higher than the adopted budget YTD. Additionally, collections from the use tax category are approximately \$150K higher than the same period YTD in FY 19-20.

ATTACHMENT 1:

SALES TAX BACKGROUND INFORMATION:

The Town of Queen Creek's sales tax is the largest revenue source for Town operations. The Town of Queen Creek's Transaction Privilege Tax (TPT) program is administered by the State of Arizona's Department of Revenue (AZDOR). AZDOR issues TPT licenses to businesses, updates license data, provides support, collects tax dollars due, performs audits, and distributes the tax revenue to the Town.

SALES TAX RATE DETAILS

The Town of Queen Creek has the following sales tax rates:

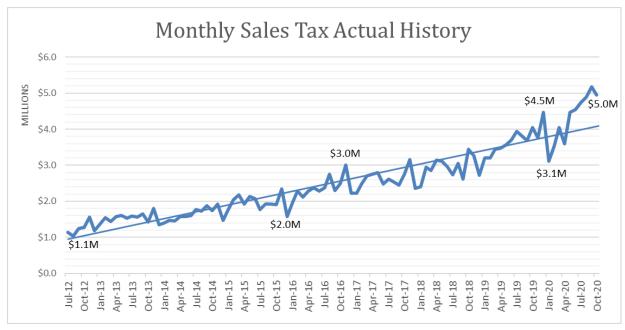
- 2.0% tax rate charged on all taxable activities within Town limits
 - o Dedicated to the General Fund for general purpose government operations
- 0.25% tax rate charged on all taxable activities within Town limits
 - Dedicated to the Emergency Services (EMS) Fund to fund law enforcement and fire and medical services
- 0.25% special district rate an additional tax rate charged on certain taxable activities occurring within certain major retail developments in Town Center: Queen Creek Marketplace, Cornerstone, and QC District
 - Dedicated to the Town Center Fund to fund infrastructure related improvements and other operations within the Town Center planning area
- 2.0% additional tax rate on construction contracting activities within Town limits
 - o Dedicated to funding infrastructure improvements within Town limits

Sales Tax Rate Components												
Queen Cree	k Rate	Queen Creek Speci (Town Ce		Construction Contracting Rate								
General Fund	2.00%	General Fund	2.00%	General Fund	2.00%							
EMS	0.25%	EMS	0.25%	EMS	0.25%							
		Town Center	0.25%	Construction Fund	2.00%							
Total Rate	2.25%	Total Rate	2.50%	Total Rate	4.25%							

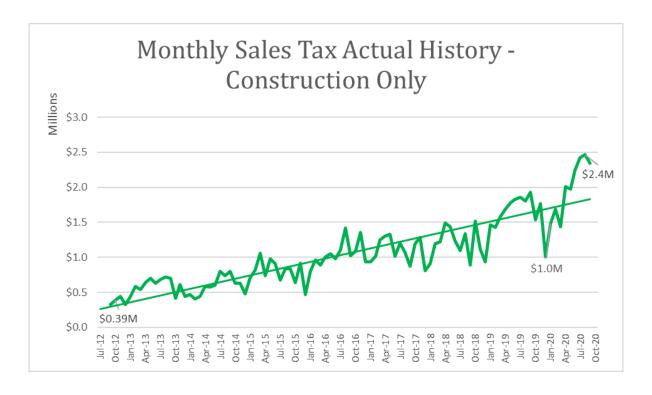
Revenue by Fund	YTD	% of Total
General Fund	\$ 13,310,371	67.4%
EMS Fund	1,663,796	8.4%
Town Center Fund	322,816	1.6%
Construction Fund	4,458,649	22.6%
Totals	\$ 19,755,633	100.0%

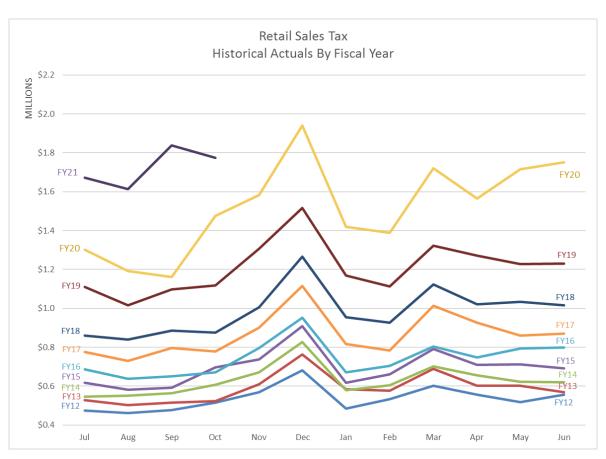
Operating Budget	Jul	Aug Sept Oct FY2		Oct		Y20-21 YTD		
General Fund	\$ 3,210,188	\$ 3,264,754	\$	3,483,271	\$	3,352,158	\$	13,310,371
EMS Fund	\$ 401,273	\$ 408,094	\$	435,409	\$	419,020	\$	1,663,796
Total Operating Budget	\$ 3,611,462	\$ 3,672,848	\$	3,918,680	\$	3,771,178	\$	14,974,168

Historical Performance









Appendix 1: Queen Creek Monthly Sales Tax Report



Note: In FY 19-20 reporting is revised to reflect ADOR business code categories. Overall TPT revenues are not impacted.

TAX RATE CATEGORIES

Town-wide Queen Creek Sales Tax Rates:

	REGION	BUSINESS	TAX	
CITY/TOWN NAME	CODE	CODE	RATE	COUNTY
QUEEN CREEK	QC			MAR/PNL
Advertising		018	2.25%	
Amusements		012	2.25%	
Contracting-Prime		015	4.25%	
Contracting-Speculative Builders		016	4.25%	
Contracting-Owner Builder		037	4.25%	
Job Printing		010	2.25%	
Manufactured Buildings		027	2.25%	
Timbering and Other Extraction		020	2.25%	
Severance-Metal Mining		019	0.10%	
Publication		009	2.25%	
Hotels		044	2.25%	
Hotel/Motel (Additional Tax)		144	3.00%	
Residential Rental, Leasing & Licensing for Use		045	2.25%	
Commercial Rental, Leasing & Licensing for Use		213	2.25%	
Rental, Leasing & Licensing for Use of		214	2.25%	
Restaurants and Bars		011	2.25%	
Retail Sales		017	2.25%	
Retail Sales Food for Home		062	2.25%	
MRRA Amount		315	2.25%	
Communications		005	2.25%	
Transporting		006	2.25%	
Utilities		004	2.25%	
Use Tax Purchases		029	2.25%	
Use Tax from Inventory		030	2.25%	
Retail Sales for Remote Sellers		605	2.25%	
Retail Sales Food for Home Consumption Remote	Sellers	606	2.25%	

Queen Creek Special District Tax Rates (Town Center):

	REGION	BUSINESS	TAX	
CITY/TOWN NAME	CODE	CODE	RATE	COUNTY
QUEEN CREEK SPECIAL DISTRICT	QD			MAR
Amusements		012	2.50%	
Job Printing		010	2.50%	
Publication		009	2.50%	
Hotels		044	2.50%	
Restaurant and Bars		011	2.50%	
Retail Sales		017	2.50%	
Retail Sales for Food for Home Consumption		062	2.50%	
MRRA Amount		315	2.50%	
Communications		005	2.50%	
Utilities		004	2.50%	
Retail Sales for Remote Sellers		605	2.50%	
Retail Sales Food for Home Consumption Remote	Sellers	606	2.50%	