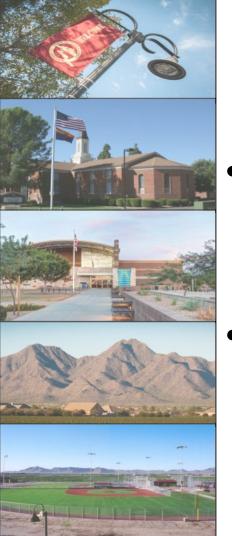




FY 2018-19 PROPERTY TAXES: AN INTRODUCTION AND OVERVIEW

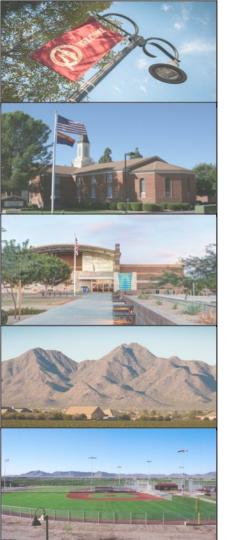
Town Council Meeting

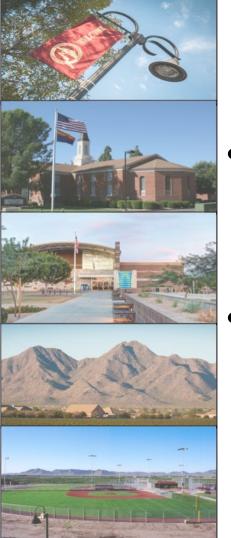
April 4, 2018



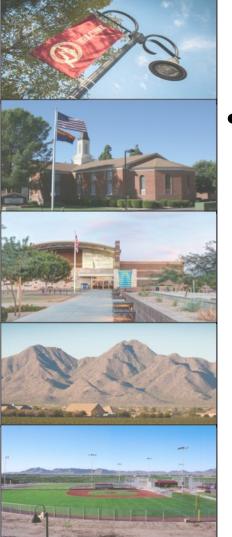
PURPOSE OF TONIGHT'S PRESENTATION

- Review the Role of Property Taxes in Funding Fire and Public Safety Services
- Provide Assessor's Information
 Regarding Assessed Valuations to be
 Used for FY 18-19 Property Tax
 Calculations





- Over the Next 5 Years, Annual Costs are Expected to Increase by ~\$10M for Additional Fire and MCSO Staffing
- The FY 2018-19 Budget Forecast Expenses are \$18.1M
 - Fire: \$11.5M
 - Public Safety (Sheriff): \$6.6M

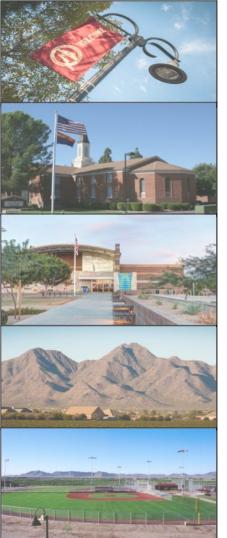


- FY 18-19 Expense Increase = \$4.1 (28%)
 - \$1.3M Expense Increase to Accommodate Up to One Full Beat
 - \$1.2M for Staffing (5 Deputies, 1 Sergeant)
 - \$0.1M for Vehicles and Equipment (51% Non Growth Share)
 - \$2.8M Expense Increase for New, Northeast Fire Station and Staffing
 - \$1.5M for Staffing (12 Firefighters, 1 Assistant Chief)
 - \$1.3M for Building / Truck (18% Non Growth Share)



(CONTINUED)

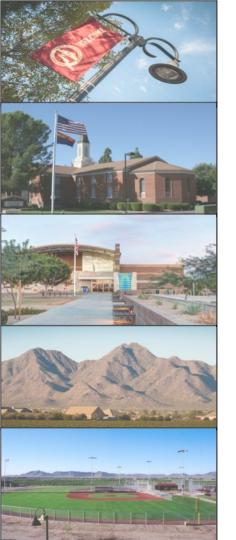
- \$1.2M Annual Expense Reduction for Unfunded Liability by Creating MCSO Pension Reserve
- New \$2.5M Annual Revenues from Town's Water and Wastewater Utilities (Franchise Fees, Property Taxes, and ROI)
- Property Taxes are the Largest Dedicated Funding Source for EMS
 - \$7M Annually (Covers 39% of Expenses at Maximum Amount)



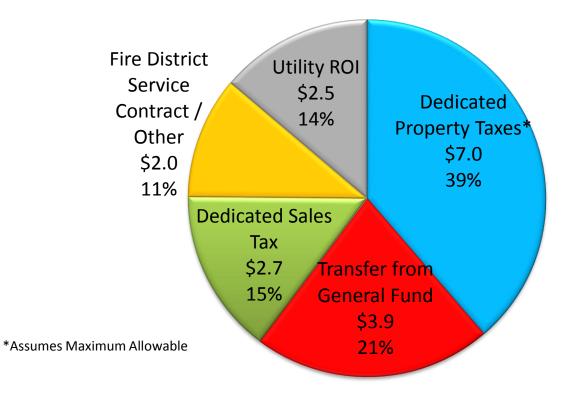
(CONCLUDED)

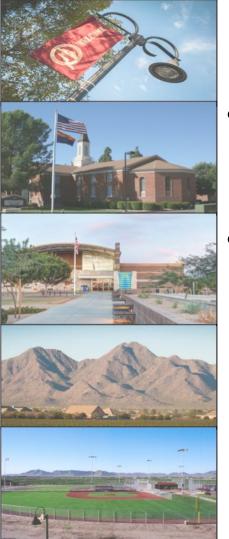
		FY 18-19
		Town
		Manager's
		Recommended
	FY 17-18	Budget*
Expenses	\$14.7M	\$18.1M
Dedicated Revenues	\$10.5M	\$11.7M*
General Fund Transfer	<u>\$4.2M</u>	<u>\$6.4M</u>

^{*}Assumes a maximum of \$7M from Primary Property Taxes



FY 18-19 FORECAST BUDGET EMS REVENUES: \$18.1M

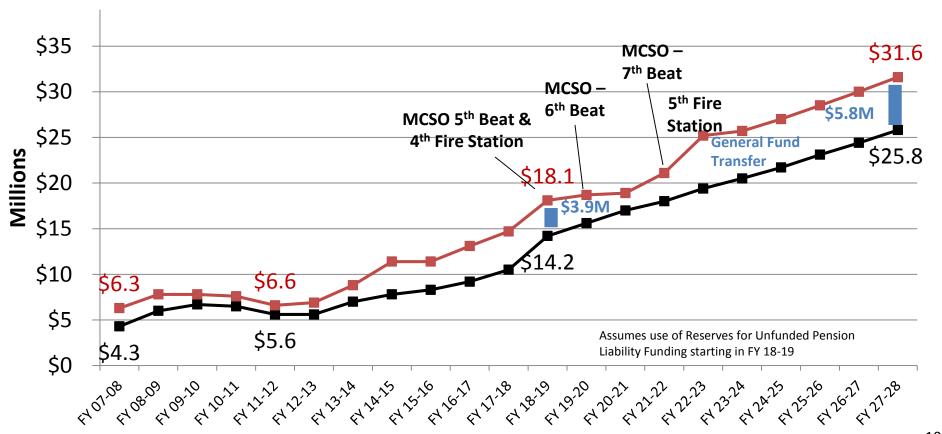


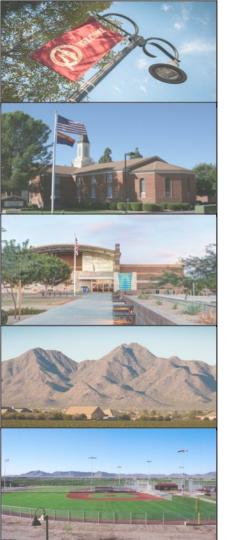


GENERAL FUND TRANSFER

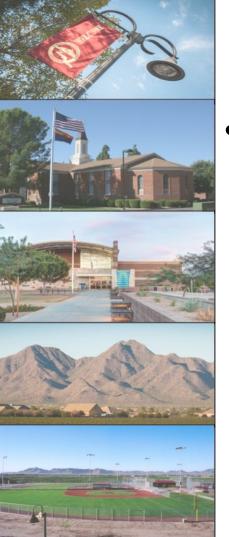
- The General Fund Transfer is the Difference Between Dedicated EMS Revenues and Expenses
- The Transfer is Projected to Increase Because of the Expected ~\$10M Cost Increases Over the Next 5 Years
 - Increased Fire Staffing
 - 2 New Stations Within Next 5 Years
 - Increased MSCO Staffing
 - 3 Additional Staffing Beats Within Next 5 Years

EMS FUND REVENUES AND EXPENSES





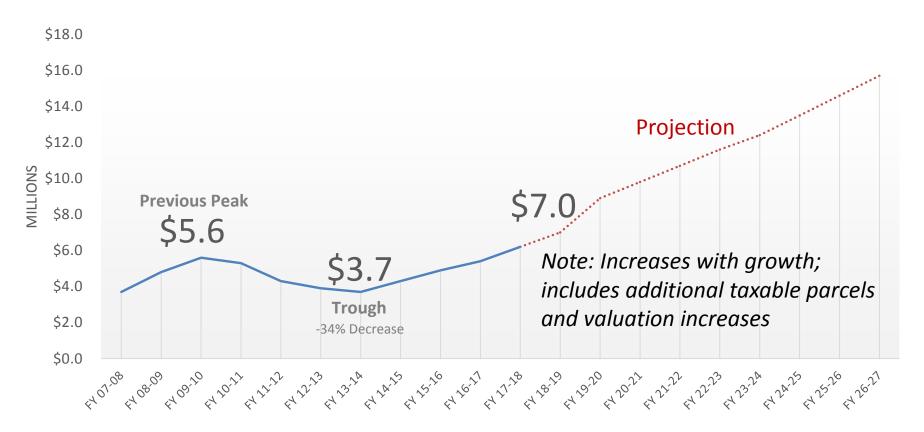
PROPERTY TAXES



QC PROPERTY TAX HISTORY

- 2007 Voter Approved Primary Property Tax
 - Dedicated for Public Safety
 - Created to Provide a Stable Revenue Source to Pay for Public Safety
 - "Not to Exceed to \$1.95 Levy"
 - QC Does Not Have a Secondary Property Tax (Voter Approved for Capital)

Property Tax Revenues @ \$1.95 per \$100 AV



Current Property Tax Allocation in Queen Creek (Maricopa County)





Higher
Government
4¢ State
10¢ County

14¢





Municipal
Government
15¢ Town – QC

15¢





Education 55¢ Local School District 11¢ Community College

66¢





County-Wide Special Districts

2¢ Healthcare 1¢ Flood Control 1¢ CAWCD

1¢ Other – Library, Fire

5¢

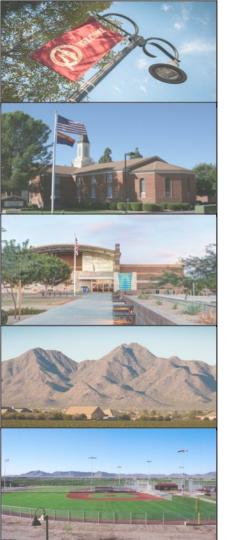
14



HOW IS PROPERTY TAX CALCULATED?

The Property Taxes are the Result of Two Components:

- 1. Assessed Value (County Determined)
- 2. Levy Rate (Town Council Determined)

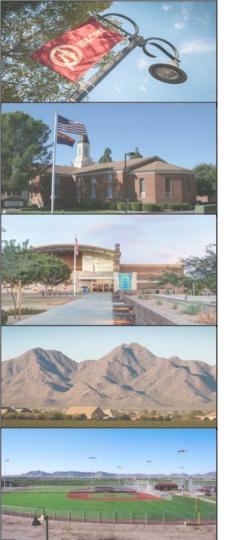


FY 18-19 ASSESSED VALUE INCREASE

(COMBINED PINAL AND MARICOPA COUNTIES)

	Assessed Value	% Change
FY 17-18	\$317.4M	
FY 18-19 Increases:		
Existing Property	\$17.3M	+5%
New Construction	\$ <u>22.3M</u>	+7%
FY 18-19 Increase	\$39.6M	
FY 18-19*	\$357M	+12%

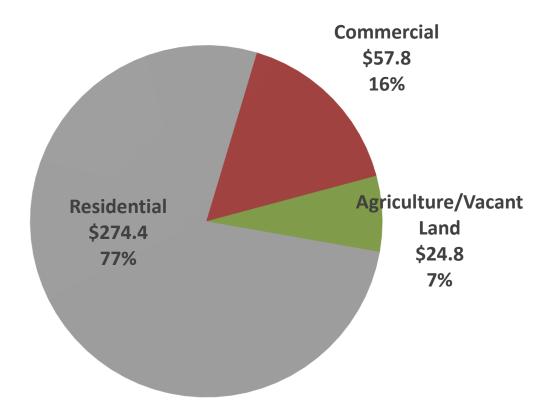
^{*}Does not include annexations in progress

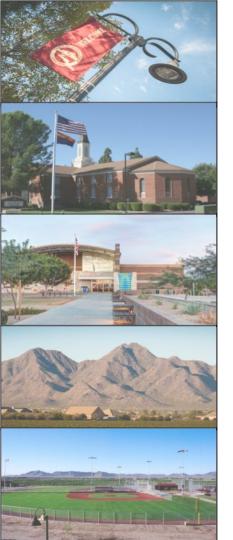


FY 18-19 ASSESSED VALUE INCREASE (BY PROPERTY CLASSIFICATION)

Property Class	\$ Change in Assessed Value	% Change in Assessed Value
Residential	\$36.3M	15%
Commercial	\$10.7M	23%
Agriculture/Vacant	<u>(\$7.4M)</u>	<u>-23%</u>
Total	\$39.6M	12%

\$357M AV (BY PROPERTY CLASSIFICATION)





PROPERTY TAX FORMULA

Assessed Value (AV)

\$357M

Levy Rate (per \$100 AV)

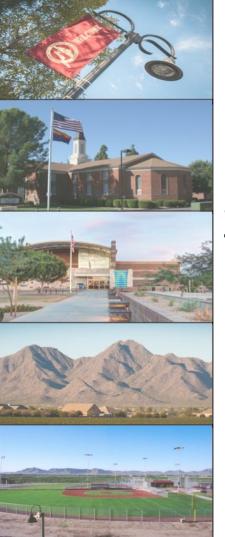
\$1.95

Annual Revenues

\$7M

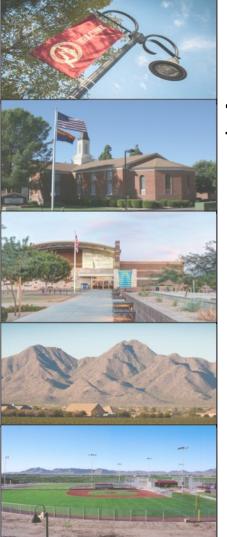
Maricopa County

Town Council



DISCUSS FINANCIAL IMPACTS

- 1. Aggregate Impact
- 2. Individual Parcel Impacts



AGGREGATE IMPACT

(CONTINUED)

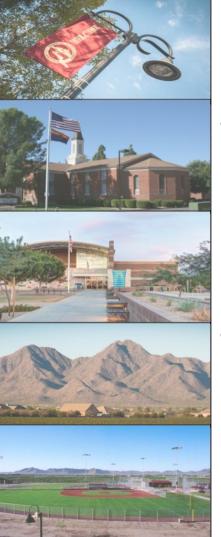
Three Options

- Option A: Same Revenue as Current Year
 - \$772K Less than the Maximum
- Option B: Same Revenue as Current Year Plus New Construction
 - \$359K Less than the Maximum
- Option C: Maximum Revenue
 - \$772K Increase Over Current Year
 - \$435K Increase From New Construction
 - \$337K Increase From Existing Properties

AGGREGATE IMPACT (CONCLUDED)

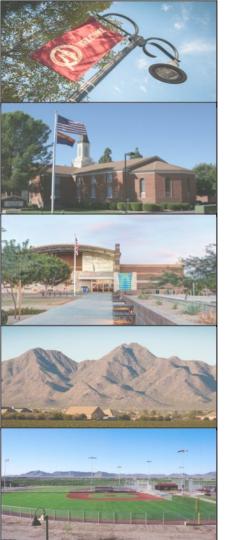
	Revenue	Increase From New Properties	Increase from Existing Properties	Total Increase from FY17-18	Levy Rate*	% of EMS Funded
FY 17-18 Amount	\$6.2M				\$1.95	
Options:						
A. Same <u>Revenue</u> as Current Year	\$6.228M -\$772K	\$0K	\$0K	\$0K	\$1.73	34%
B. Same <u>Revenue</u> as Current Year from Existing Properties plus New Construction Only	\$6.641M -\$359K	\$413K -\$22K	\$0K -\$337K	\$413K -\$359K	\$1.85	37%
C. Maximum Revenue Amount	\$7.0M	\$435K	\$337K	\$772K	\$1.95	39%

^{*} Ballot language stated "Under no circumstances shall the primary property tax rate exceed \$1.95 per \$100 of assessed valuation"



INDIVIDUAL PARCEL IMPACTS

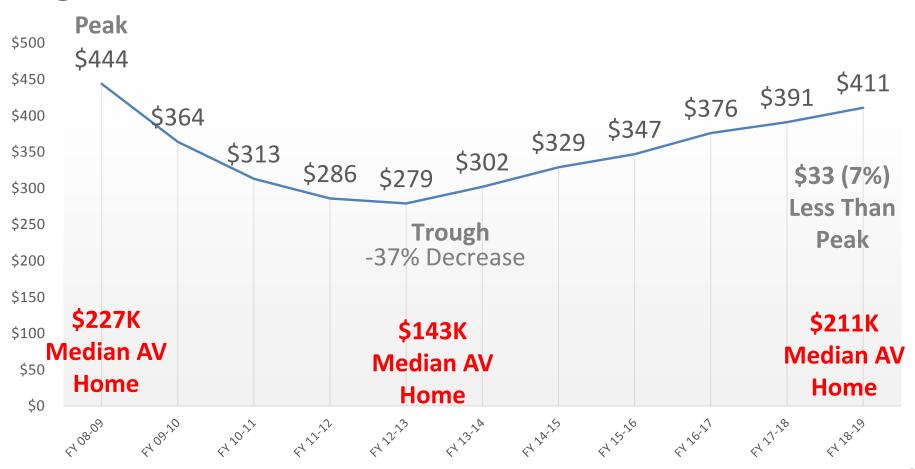
- Amount is Unique for Each Parcel
- 18,636 Parcels of Land
 - 18,295 in Maricopa County
 - 341 in Pinal County
- The 18/19 Median Value Home AV is 7% Less Than FY 08-09 Peak
 - \$211K AV vs. \$227K AV
 - \$33 Lower Property Taxes

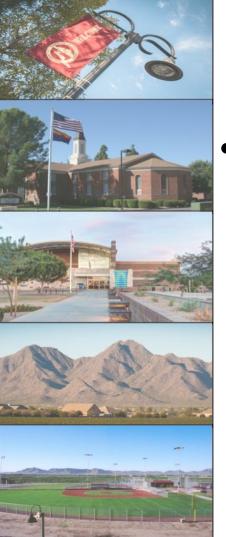


QUEEN CREEK PROPERTY TAX EXAMPLE SINGLE-FAMILY HOME

	Amount
A) Limited Property Value (LPV) FY 18/19 Median	\$210,728
B) Residential Assessment Ratio	<u>10%</u>
C) Assessed Value at 10% of LPV (A x B)	\$21,073
D) Conversion to a "per \$100" AV (C/\$100)	<u>\$211</u>
E)Primary Rate per \$100 AV	\$1.95
F) Property Tax (D x E)	\$411

QC PROPERTY TAX PAID ON A MEDIAN VALUE HOME



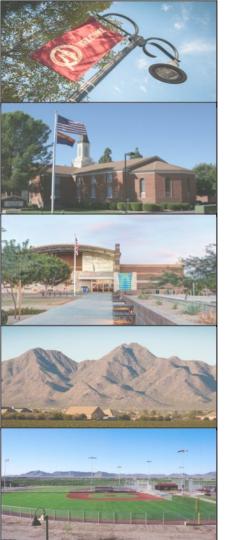


INDIVIDUAL PARCEL IMPACTS (CONCLUDED)

- Property Taxes Paid by Each Parcel Could Increase, Decrease, or Have No Change from the Prior Year (See Next Slide)
 - The Individual Parcel Appreciation
 Increase is Limited by State Statute to 5%
 (Assuming Land Use Remains the Same)

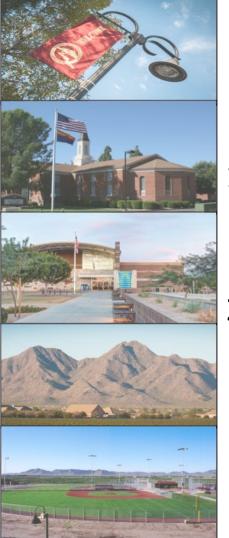
INDIVIDUAL PARCEL IMPACT

		Option A	Option B	Option C
	~Median Home	Same Revenue as FY 17-18	Same Revenue as FY 17-18 (plus new construction only)	Maximum Revenue
	Value	\$1.73 Levy	\$1.85 Levy	\$1.95 Levy
FY 18-19	\$201K			\$391
Scenarios:				
AV +5% ("Most Likely")	\$211K	\$365 (-\$26)	\$390 (-\$1)	\$411 (+\$20)
AV +7%	\$216K	\$372 (-\$19)	\$397 (+\$6)	\$419 (+\$28)



MORE ON OPTIONS A AND B

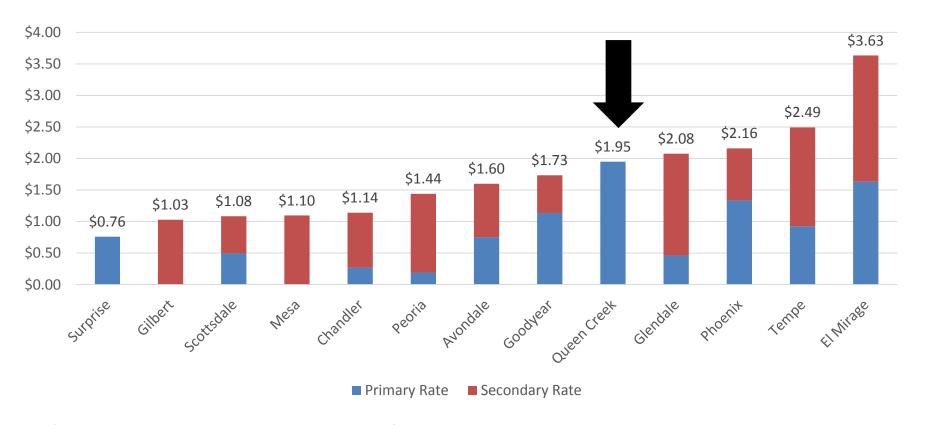
- If the Property Tax Levy is Set at an Amount Less than the Maximum Amount, It Can be Returned to Maximum Amount
 - The Requirement to Do So Varies Based on the Amount of the Annual Increase



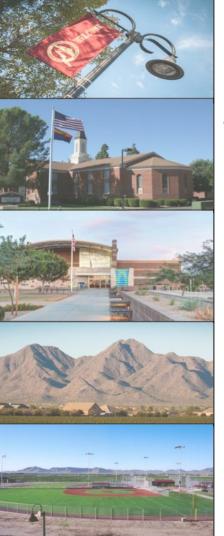
OPTIONS TO RETURN TO MAXIMUM AMOUNT

- Majority Roll Call Vote of the Town Council
 if the Annual Revenue (Levy) Increase is
 Less Than 15% for Existing Properties
- 2. Unanimous Roll Call Vote of the Town Council if the Annual Revenue (Levy) Increase is Equal to 15% or more for Existing Properties (A.R.S. 42-17107 Section A4)

PROPERTY TAX COMPARISONS (FY17-18 RATES)*

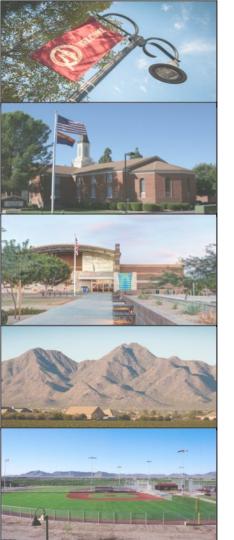


^{*}All cities are currently in the process of setting the FY 18-19 rates. Does not include Community Facility Districts.



RELATED INFORMATION.

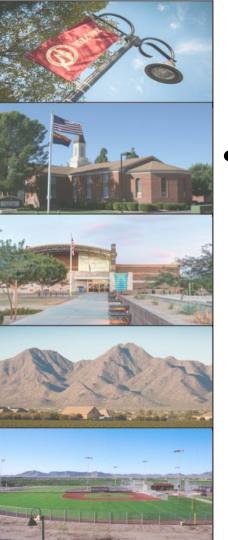
- Central Arizona Groundwater Replenishment District (CAGRD)
 - New Town Council Policy to Use \$35.2M Credits Over 5 Years (Rather than 10 Years)
 - \$900K Additional Credits Used to Lower Customer Payments
 - ~8K In-Town Parcels Totaling \$500K Lower Payments



RELATED INFORMATION . . .

ISO Rating Increased from 4 to 2 (Insurance Service Office)

- 1 to 10 Scale (1 Being the Highest)
- Used by Insurance Companies to Set Property Insurance Rates
- Rating Factors include
 - Emergency communications (10%) 911 telephone systems, adequacy of telephone lines, operator supervision and staffing, and the dispatching hardware and software systems
 - Fire department (50%) adequacy of equipment, sufficient staffing, evaluation of training, existence of automatic aid, and geographic distribution of fire companies
 - Water supply (40%)— condition and maintenance of hydrants, existence of alternative sources, and a careful evaluation of the amount of available water in volume and pressure compared with the amount needed to suppress fires
- Property Insurance Rate Reduction Research Pending



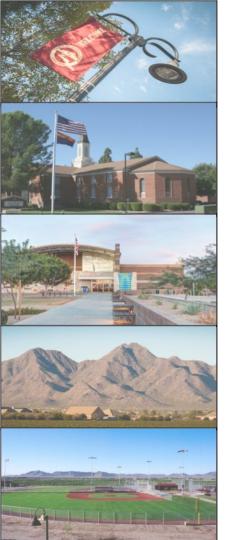
STAFF DIRECTION

Options

- Option A: \$6.228M

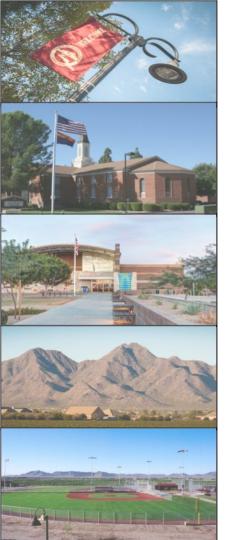
- Option B: \$6.641M

- Option C: \$7.0M



BUDGET CALENDAR

Date	Action Item
April 5	Town Manager's Recommended Budget Released
April 25, 26	Budget Committee Meetings
May 16	FY 18/19 Tentative Budget Approval
June 6	Truth in Taxation Hearing Set Property Tax Levy Date Adopt FY 18/19 Final Budget
June 20	Set Property Tax Levy for FY 18/19



QUESTIONS AND COMMENTS