**Development Services** 





TO: HONORABLE MAYOR AND TOWN COUNCIL

THROUGH: JOHN KROSS, TOWN MANAGER

FROM: BRETT BURNINGHAM, PRINCIPAL PLANNER

RE: PUBLIC HEARING AND POSSIBLE ACTION ON MAJOR GENERAL

PLAN AMENDMENT GP13-025 (RESOLUTION 979-14) "LA JARA FARMS", a request by Lindsay Schube on behalf of VIP Homes to amend the General Plan Land Use Map for 140.76 acres at the

southeast corner of Hawes and Germann Roads from Employment Type

A to Very Low Density Residential (0-1 dwelling unit per acre).

DATE: FEBRUARY 5, 2014

#### PLANNING & ZONING COMMISSION RECOMMENDATION

The Planning Commission recommended approval of GP13-025, "La Jara Farms" at its special meeting on December 5, 2013 with a vote of 6 to 0 (Commissioner Turley was absent).

#### STAFF RECOMMENDATION

Staff concurs with the Planning Commission's recommendation.

#### PROPOSED MOTION

Move to approve Resolution 979-14, approving GP13-025 "La Jara Farms".

#### RELEVANT GENERAL PLAN AND COUNCIL GOALS

#### **General Plan Land Use Element Goals and Policies:**

- Goal 1: Maintain the Town's unique community character
  - Policy 1a: Protect and promote the Town's history, location, amenities and development potential to develop a unique, attractive, desirable and economically sustainable community.

- Policy 1b: Maintain and strengthen the ambiance and character of the Town's equestrian and low-density areas as development occurs in their surrounding areas.
- Policy 1f: Ensure that new public and private projects reflect the Town's historic character in their design and appearance.

#### • Goal 2: Effectively manage the Town's growth

 Policy 2: Coordinate the Town's efforts with the private sector to provide the additional infrastructure when and where needed to accommodate new development.

#### Goal 3: Develop superior neighborhoods

- Policy 3a: Recognize and maintain the unique character of the Town's low density equestrian areas in the density, design and construction of both the public and private projects planned in areas where these neighborhoods exist.
- Policy 3b: Provide a diversity of housing opportunities within the Town ranging from lower density residential areas in the desert foothills and equestrian neighborhoods to higher density housing in master planned communities in the Town Center and near future shopping and employment areas.
- Policy 3d: Ensure compatibility between new projects and existing neighborhoods by providing appropriate transitional treatments when:
  - a. New residential subdivisions are adjacent to existing residential areas; and
  - b. New development contains lots adjacent to an open space, a non-residential land use or an arterial street.

#### SUMMARY

When the prior General Plan was adopted in 2002 the La Jara Farms property was designated for Employment use, given the proximity of the site to the Union Pacific Railroad and the possibility of the construction of a rail spur to serve the property. In 2005 the Town Council approved the La Jara Farms subdivision plat permitting the property to be subdivided into 96 one-acre lots. A rezoning action was not required to approve the subdivision because the property had existing R1-43, single family residential zoning.

When the current General Plan was adopted in 2008 the La Jara Farms subdivision had been "dormant" for a number of years, and the Employment designation was retained indicating the Town was still interested in the possibility of development of employment uses on the property. Since then, however, the subdivision has been developed for residential use and the applicant is requesting the Employment Designation be replaced with a residential designation reflecting the current use of the property.

#### HISTORY

September 7, 2005: Town Council approves the La Jara Farms residential

subdivision plat in the R1-43 zoning district.

February 2, 2007: Council approves an amendment to the La Jara Farms

subdivision plat

March 28, 2008: La Jara Farms subdivision plat recorded.

September 2, 2008: Current General Plan (2008) was adopted.

August 28, 2013: Staff conducted an Open House to receive public comments

on the proposed Major General Plan amendments for 2013.

September 10, 2013: The applicant conducted a neighborhood meeting to discuss

both this General Plan amendment and rezoning request

that will follow it, if the amendment is approved.

September 25, 2013: Staff conducted a second Open House to receive public

comments on the proposed Major General Plan

amendments for 2013.

October 15, 2013 Planning and Zoning Commission conducts the first Public

Hearing on the 2013 proposed Major General Plan

amendments.

December 4, 2013 The Town Council and Planning Commission hold a joint

Work Study Session on the 2013 proposed Major General

Plan amendments.

December 5, 2013 The Planning and Zoning Commission conducts a Special

Session for the 2013 proposed Major General Plan

amendments.

December 18, 2013 The Town Council conducts a Public Hearing to Introduce

the 2013 proposed Major General Plan amendments.

#### **PUBLIC OUTREACH**

Planning staff conducted community wide Open Houses on August 28, 2013 and September 25, 2013 to present this General Plan amendment request to the public. Survey forms were distributed at each meeting to solicit comments from those present. Information on the request has also been posted on the Town of Queen Creek website. Public hearing signs were posted on the property, letters were sent to property owners within 1,200' of the site, an insert was placed in the Town's November 2013 Utility Bill,

and a public hearing notice was advertised in the Gilbert Edition of the Arizona Republic. A summary of the comments received to date is attached.

On October 15, 2013 the Planning and Zoning Commission conducted the first Public Hearing for the Major General Plan amendments proposed for 2013. The Town Council and Planning Commission held a joint Work Study Session on December 4, and the Planning Commission also held a Special Meeting on December 5.

In addition to the Town's public outreach efforts, the applicant also conducted a neighborhood meeting on September 10, 2013. Copies of the neighborhood meeting minutes are attached.

#### DISCUSSION

The La Jara Farms subdivision was recorded in two phases. Phase One is currently under construction with 49 lots. Phase Two has been approved for an additional 47 lots under the current subdivision plat. The applicant has filed an additional request, however, for the 75 acres in Phase Two be rezoned to R1-18/PAD in order to allow that portion of the property to be resubdivided for approximately 83 lots containing 18,000+ square feet. Phase Two would also include the permanent location for the Heritage Academy (charter high school), which is currently temporarily located on property included in Phase One. A seminary building is proposed to be included with the high school.

The currently approved La Jara Farms subdivision plat with 96 lots on 141 acres has an overall density of .64 dwellings per acre, well under the up to 1 dwelling per acre that would be allowed in the Very Low Density Residential land use designation. The proposed density for Phase Two would be required to be less than 1 dwelling unit per acre (in conformance with the proposed General Plan amendment).

This request has been reviewed by the Phoenix-Mesa Gateway Airport Authority and a letter has been submitted indicating this property is located within the AOZ III Land Use overflight designation. The housing is permitted within the AOZ III subject to public disclosure and noise attenuation requirements.

#### **ANALYSIS**

The site is bounded on the east by the Ellsworth Suburban Mini-Farms, on the west by the Union Pacific Railroad and undeveloped properties. The property north of the site is located in the City of Mesa and designated for future employment use, but is currently undeveloped; while on the south the property is adjacent to the Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station project and the Union Pacific Railroad.

A summary of the surrounding area is provided in the table below.

Surrounding Zoning and Land Uses				
North:	City of Mesa - Light Industrial, business parks and vacant			
Notti.	property, zoned LI (Light Industrial)			
South:	Medium-Density Residential (up to 3 du/ac), zoned R1-43 in			
South.	Maricopa County.			
East:	Very Low Density Residential (0-1 DU/AC) - Ellsworth			
East.	Suburban Mini-farms, zoned R1-43			
West:	Employment Type A, currently vacant, and zoned R1-43.			

Staff has reviewed the traffic, drainage, utility and economic impact studies submitted by the applicant and have concluded that:

- The Town's water and wastewater systems will be adequate to accommodate the anticipated demand from the proposed project, once the appropriate line extensions are completed.
- Germann Road and the proposed Fulton Parkway can accommodate the proposed traffic, once construction of the roads is complete.
- The economic impact study submitted by the applicant states the current La Jara Farms subdivision will require approximately \$8,200 per year in services more than the direct revenues that will be generated by the project. Including sales taxes paid by the future residents, however, the project is expected to create annual revenues to the Town of \$43,000. The project would also generate approximately \$1.3 million in development impact fees as a result of the new residential development.

#### **Planning Commission**

This case was scheduled for the December 5, 2013 Special Planning Commission Meeting. There were no public comments or questions from the Commission during this meeting. The Planning Commission recommended approval of this case with a vote of 6 to 0 (Commissioner Turley was absent).

#### **GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT FINDING OF FACT**

#### **General Plan Amendment Finding of Fact Analysis:**

By State law and the Town's zoning requirements, an applicant is required to demonstrate a "finding of fact" that their proposed project meets certain "tests" to be considered for approval. Nine factors, or findings of fact, established in the Zoning Ordinance, are to be used in evaluating a General Plan amendment request. Of these nine criteria, the applicant for a General Plan amendment is asked to provide a written response to the first four. The applicant's proposed findings of fact are contained in the project narrative and shown below, along with the staff's comments on each item.

1. Whether the development pattern contained in the future land use plan provides appropriate optional sites for the uses proposed in the amendment.

**Applicant Response** - The development pattern previously set forth by Fulton Homes last year along with the existing underlying zoning/development in the area created a unique situation requiring a readjustment to the land use designation on this property in order to better align, transition, and buffer the surrounding parcels/development. The proposed Amendment will also support the existing the Town's General Plan, as discussed previously.

**Staff Comment** – Staff agrees with the applicant.

2. That the amendment constitutes an overall improvement to the Town of Queen Creek General Plan and not solely for the good or benefit of a particular landowner or owners at a particular point in time.

**Applicant Response** - The proposed Amendment constitutes an overall improvement to the Queen Creek General Plan as it will rectify an existing land use designation that is no longer viable or appropriate at this location which is certainly beneficial to the Town as a whole.

**Staff comment** – With the approval of the La Jara Farms subdivision in 2005, and the subsequent development of the subdivision for residential lots, staff agrees that the existing land use designation should be modified to accurately reflect those areas that are still appropriate for future Employment oriented uses.

- 3. The degree to which the amendment will impact the community as a whole or a portion of the community by:
  - a. Significantly altering acceptable existing land use patterns.

**Applicant Response** - The proposed Amendment will not adversely impact the community. The proposed change maintains the existing land use patterns in the area while strategically maintaining the employment land use designation at a major intersection.

**Staff Comment** – Staff agrees with the applicant.

b. Requiring larger and more expensive improvements to roads, sewer, or water systems that are needed to support the prevailing land uses in which, therefore, may negatively impact development of other lands. The Commission and/or Town Council may also consider the degree to which the need for such improvements will be mitigated pursuant to binding commitments by the applicant, public agency, or other sources when the impacts of the uses permitted pursuant to the General Plan Amendment will be felt.

**Applicant Response** - The proposed Amendment will not have an adverse impact on the Town's infrastructure. Furthermore, it will provide for the extension and ultimate improvement to the infrastructure in the area as this project develops. The end result is the Town can dramatically improve services while increasing its tax revenues.

**Staff Comment** – Staff agrees with the applicant.

 Adversely impacting existing uses due to increased traffic on existing systems.

Applicant Response - The proposed Amendment will not have an adverse impact on existing uses in the area due to increased traffic on the existing system, because the recently approved Fulton Homes development proposes more intense uses and housing densities resulting in the need for significant street improvements in the area. Moreover, VIP Homes will be required to complete the half-street improvements adjacent to their property; resulting in improving those streets for their residential development as well as the area as a whole. Finally, the number of vehicles from a very low density single-family development will certainly be much less than from employment type uses currently proposed. The existing street network in the area can and will be able to handle the small increase in traffic as a result of this very low density land use development.

**Staff Comment** – Staff agrees with the applicant.

d. Affecting the livability of the area or the health and safety of the residents.

**Applicant Response** - The proposed Amendment will not adversely affect the livability of the area or affect the health or safety of the residents. In fact, the ultimate development will result in greater livability as well as long term health and safety by encouraging new services, retail, and employment opportunities.

**Staff Comment** – Staff agrees with the applicant.

4. That the amendment is consistent with the overall intent of the General Plan.

**Applicant Response** - The Amendment is consistent with the overall intent of the General Plan, its vision, goals and policies.

**Staff Comment** – Staff agrees with the applicant.

The remaining five criteria are evaluated by the Planning and Zoning Commission and Town Council when the application is considered:

- 5. Whether there was an error in the original General Plan adopted that the Council failed to take into account then existing facts, projects or trends that were reasonably foreseeable to exist in the future.
- 6. Whether events subsequent to the General Plan adoption have invalidated the Council's original premises and finding made upon plan adoption.

**Staff Comment –** Initiation of construction on the previously approved La Jara Farms subdivision will result in this property being developed for residential use, thus changing the original premise made upon plan adoption that the area may be suitable for future employment use.

- 7. Whether any or all of the Council's original premises and findings regarding the General Plan adoption were mistaken.
- 8. Whether events subsequent to the General Plan adoption have changed the character or condition of the area so as to make the application acceptable.
- 9. The extent to which the benefits of the Plan amendment outweigh any of the impacts identified in Subsections One (1) through Eight (8) hereto.

#### STAFF CONCLUSION

Although the Town's General Plan has designated this property for future Employment Use for many years, the underlying zoning has remained R1-43, Single Family Residential. With the recording of the La Jara Farms residential subdivision plat in 2008 and with the upcoming construction of new homes on the property, staff recommends that the land use designation be changed to accurately reflect the current use of the property.

#### **ATTACHMENTS**

- 1. Resolution 979-14
- 2. Existing General Plan Map
- 3. Existing classification and proposed change
- 4. Applicant Narrative
- 5. Concept Plan
- 6. Fiscal Impact Analysis summary
- 7. Traffic Analysis summary
- 8. Applicant Neighborhood Meeting Minutes and public comments
- 9. Comments received at the Town's Open Houses and other Public Comments
- 10. Letter from Phoenix-Mesa Gateway Airport
- 11. December 5, 2013 Special Planning Commission Meeting Minutes

#### **RESOLUTION 979-14**

A RESOLUTION OF THE MAYOR AND COMMON COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF QUEEN CREEK, ARIZONA, PURSUANT TO A.R.S. §9-461-06, ADOPTING GPA13-025 (LA JARA FARMS), AN AMENDMENT TO THAT CERTAIN DOCUMENT KNOWN AS THE TOWN OF QUEEN CREEK GENERAL PLAN.

WHEREAS, A.R.S. §9-461.06 establishes criteria for adoption of General Plan; and,

**WHEREAS,** pursuant to the provisions of Arizona Law, the Town of Queen Creek has adopted a public involvement plan for amending the Queen Creek General Plan; and,

**WHEREAS,** pursuant to the Town's public involvement plan, two open houses, in addition to the normal and usual committee, Planning and Zoning Commission and Town Council meetings have been conducted; and,

**WHEREAS**, pursuant to Arizona Law, the Town has published advertisements in the local papers serving the Queen Creek community at-large about the proposed amendment and steps in the public involvement process and provided information on the Town website regarding the proposed amendment, steps in the public involvement process and information on the proposed amendment;

WHEREAS, at least sixty (60) days prior to the adoption of this Resolution, the Planning and Zoning Commission as the designated Planning Agency of the Town has filed a description of the proposed amendment with the Mayor and Town Council and submitted for review and further comment to: Maricopa Association of Governments, Central Arizona Association of Governments, Phoenix-Mesa Gateway Airport, all community school districts, Maricopa and Pinal Counties, Town of Gilbert, City of Mesa, property owners within the planning area including various utility companies, any person requesting in writing to receive a copy; and,

**WHEREAS**, the Town of Queen Creek Planning Commission has conducted public hearings on October 15, 2013 and December 5, 2013, recommending the case be approved; and.

WHEREAS, the Town of Queen Creek Town Council has introduced the proposed amendment on December 18, 2013, and held a public hearing on February 5, 2014; and,

**WHEREAS**, the application to amend the Town of Queen Creek General Plan consists of a narrative with descriptive text of the proposed change indicating the objectives, principals and standards used to support the request;

**NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED** BY THE MAYOR AND COMMON COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF QUEEN CREEK, ARIZONA, AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1: Required Notice and Hearings Given and Held.

The Mayor and Council of the Town of Queen Creek, Arizona find and determine that Notice has been given in the manner required by A.R.S. §9-461.05 of the proposal to amend the Queen Creek General Plan and that each of the required publications have been made in newspapers of general circulation in the Town.

Section 2: Date of Adoption.

The proposed amendment to the General Plan of the Town of Queen Creek, Arizona shall be deemed to have been adopted as of the date of this Resolution.

<u>Section 3:</u> Narrative Description of the Proposed Amendment.

A request by Lindsay Schube on behalf of VIP Homes to amend the General Plan Land Use Map for 140.76 acres at the southeast corner of Hawes and Germann Roads from Employment Type A to Very Low Density Residential (up to 1 dwelling unit per acre).

<u>Section 4:</u> Exhibit A showing the proposed Land Use Classification

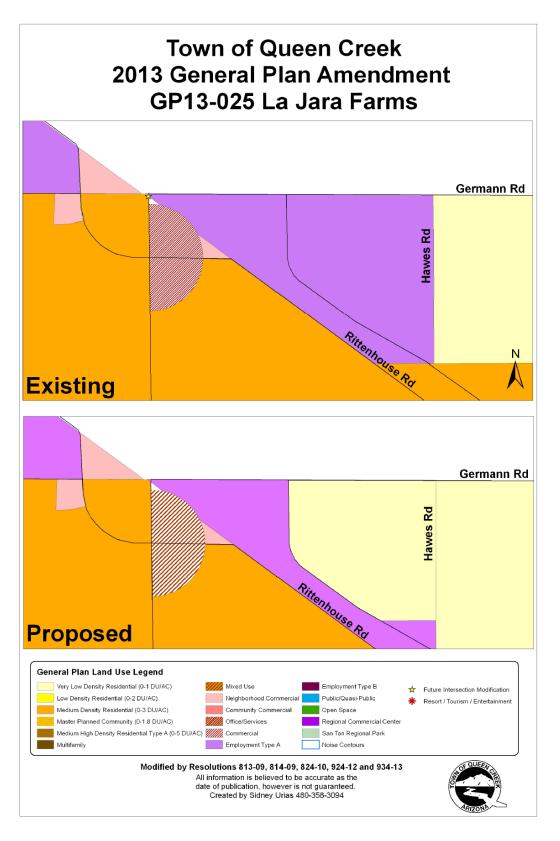
Section 5: Effective Date.

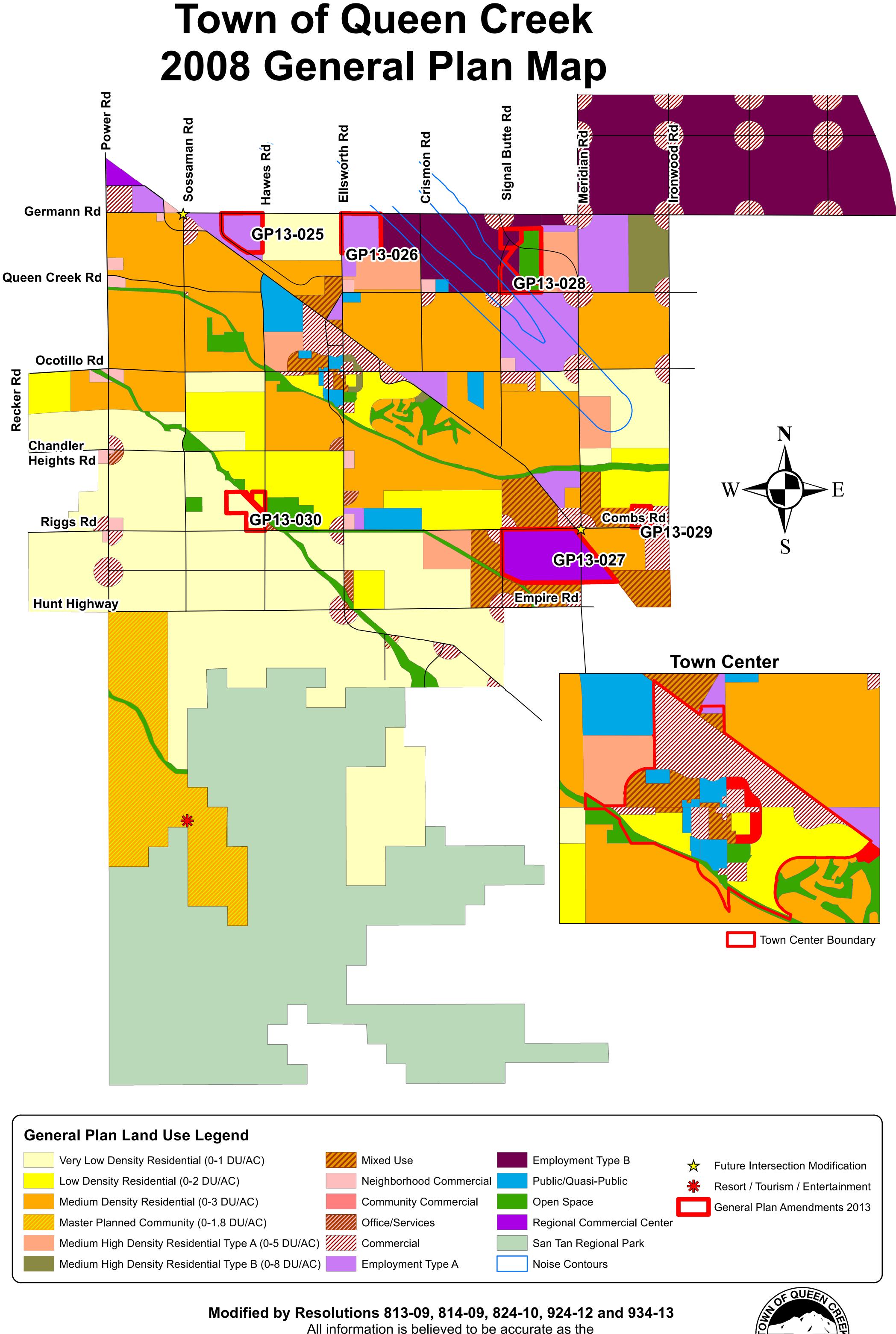
Resolution shall be effective thirty (30) days from the adoption date.

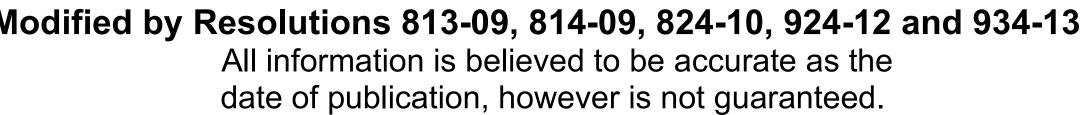
**PASSED AND ADOPTED** by the Mayor and Common Council of the Town of Queen Creek, Arizona, this 5<sup>th</sup> day of February, 2014.

FOR THE TOWN OF QUEEN CREEK:	ATTEST TO:		
Gail Barney, Mayor	Jennifer F. Robinson, Town Clerk		
REVIEWED BY:			
John Kross, Town Manager	Fredda Bisman, Town Attorney		

#### **EXHIBIT A**

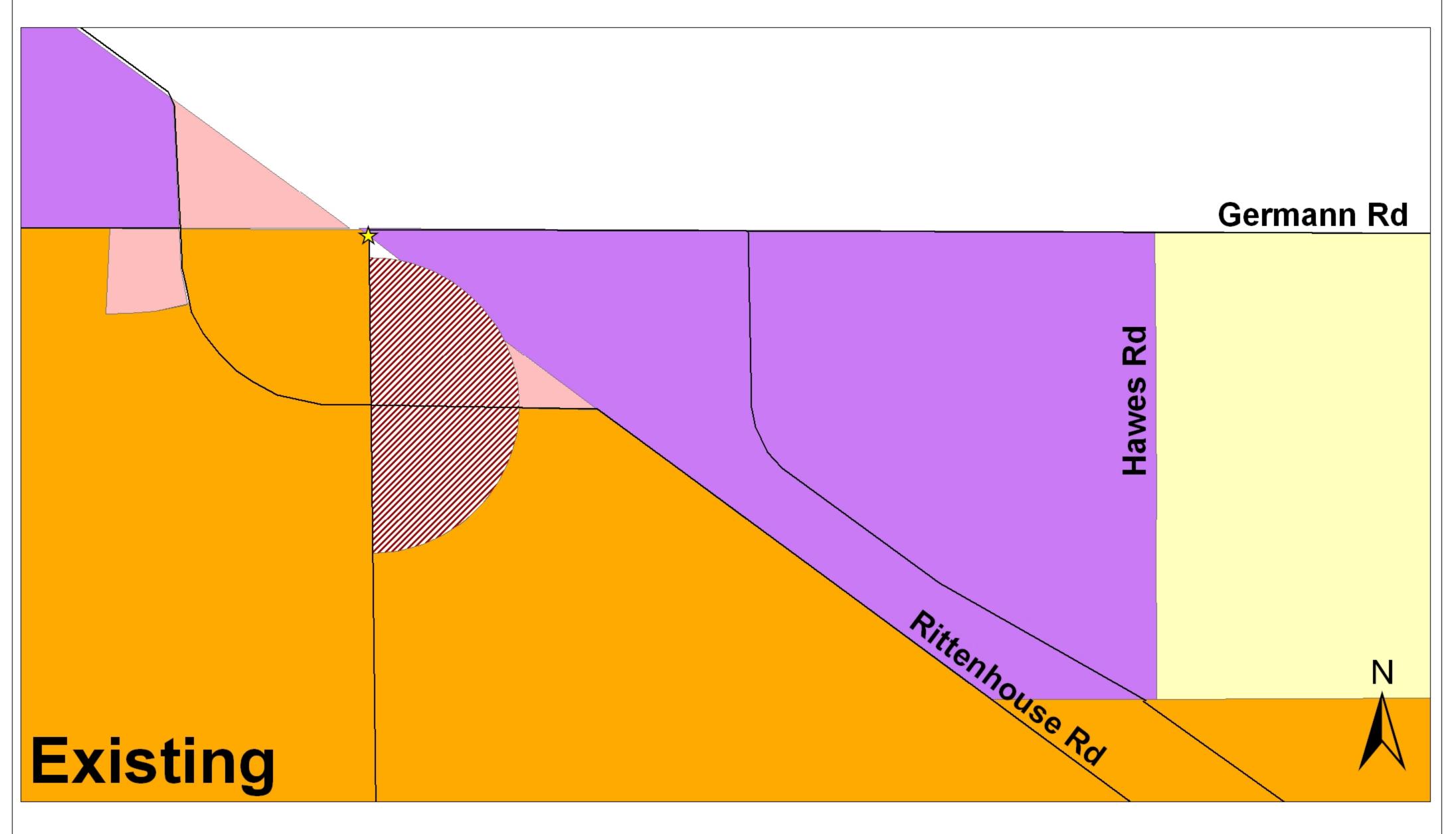


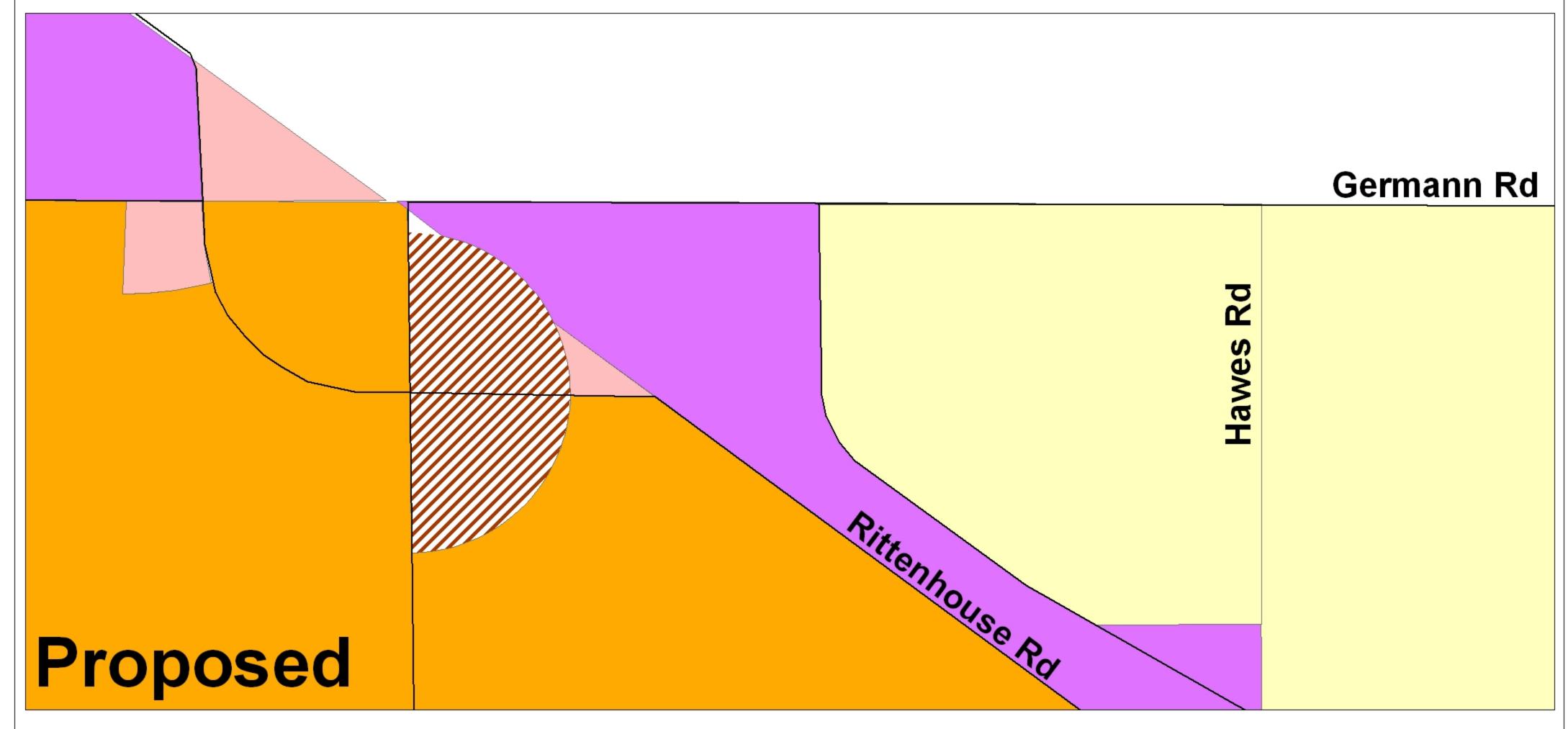


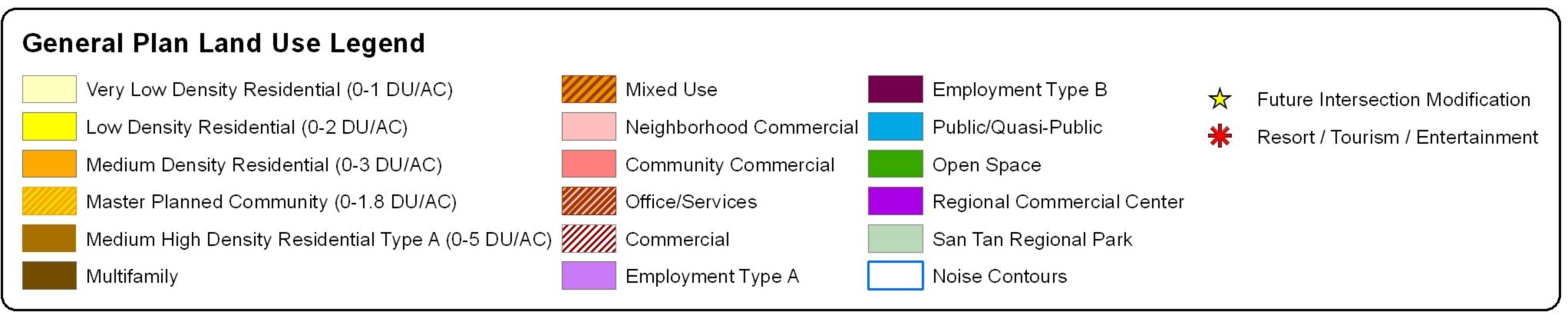




# Town of Queen Creek 2013 General Plan Amendment GP13-025 La Jara Farms







## Modified by Resolutions 813-09, 814-09, 824-10, 924-12 and 934-13

All information is believed to be accurate as the date of publication, however is not guaranteed.

Created by Sidney Urias 480-358-3094



# LA JARA FARMS MAJOR GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT

### **Narrative**

Southwest Corner of Germann and Hawes Roads Queen Creek, Arizona.

Approximately 141 Gross Acres.

### **Applicant/Representative:**

Beus Gilbert PLLC c/o Lindsay C. Schube, Esq. 701 North 44th Street
Phoenix, Arizona 85008
<a href="mailto:listhube@beusgilbert.com">lschube@beusgilbert.com</a>
480 / 429.3017 office
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### Prepared for:

VIP Homes 3048 East Baseline Road, Suite 102 Mesa, Arizona 85204

Prepared: June 2013

#### MAJOR GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT NARRATIVE

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#### 1. REQUEST

Beus Gilbert PLLC, on behalf of VIP Homes is pleased to submit for your consideration an application for a Major General Plan Amendment for approximately 141 gross acres called La Jara Farms (the "Property"), which is currently zoned R1-43, (Rural Estate District – 1 Acre Per Dwelling Unit). The Major General Plan Amendment request is to change the existing land use designation of "Employment Type A" to a land use designation of "Very Low Density Residential (0-1 du/ac)" (the "Amendment"), and concurrently rezoning approximately 75 acres to R1-18 (Suburban Residential Type B District - 18,000 Square Feet Per Dwelling Unit). Finally, we will be amending Phase Two (2) of the original approved Final Plat to accommodate the proposed R1-18 rezoning to single-family lots (i.e., 83 lots).

#### AMENDMENT TO LAND USE PLAN

An amendment to the Town's General Plan Land Use Plan for approximately 141 gross acres, generally located at the southwest corner of Germann Road and Hawes Road from "Employment Type A" to "Very Low Density Residential (0-1 du/ac)" will be an improved Land Use Designation for this specific property. The subject Property is in the immediate vicinity existing homes and/or proposed residential projects. Another important element for consideration is the fact that single-family homes are already under construction in Phase 1 of the Property pursuant to the approved Final Plat.

Although the Amendment will eliminate the current land use designation of "Employment Type A," the Town will still maintain this land use designation at a key strategic area located at the southwest corner of Queen Creek Parkway and Germann Road for future employment type uses. By maintaining the land use designation of "Employment Type A" at Queen Creek Parkway and Germann Road, with excellent street frontages/access as well as the necessary infrastructure, it is more likely this location will develop for future employment types of land uses than the subject Property. Moreover, the proposed land use designation of "Very Low Density Residential (0-1 du/ac)" is a natural extension of the existing single-family developments in the area and particularly to the east. The vision for this Property is to create a viable/high quality residential development that meets many of the Towns goals and objectives, such as:

- Maintain a balanced community.
- Maintain the Town's unique community character.
- Protect and promote the Town's history, location, amenities and development potential to develop a unique, attractive, desirable and economically sustainable community.
- Maintain and strengthen the ambiance and character of the Town's equestrian and low-density areas as development occurs in their surrounding areas.
- Coordinate efforts with the private sector to provide additional infrastructure when and where needed to accommodate new/appropriate development.
- Provide a diversity of housing opportunities within the Town.
- Promote housing in master planned communities near future shopping and employment areas.

• Ensure compatibility between new projects and existing neighborhoods by providing appropriate transitional/buffer treatments when new residential subdivisions are adjacent to existing residential areas, non-residential land uses, or arterial streets (i.e., Queen Creek Parkway).

In addition, the following change to the Land Use Plan is requested in order to provide that certain existing land use designations remain compatible with the underlying zoning/development, prevailing development that is occurring in the area, market demand, and strategically realign the General Plan in this area of the Town to capture the most sustainable level of development possible.

#### 2. DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSAL

#### GENERAL OVERVIEW

As stated, La Jara Farms is comprised of approximately 141 gross acres generally located at the southwest corner of Germann Road and Hawes Road (see attached "Aerial Vicinity Map" - *Exhibit A & "Legal Description" – Appendix 1*). In 2012, Fulton Homes processed a Major Amendment to the Town's General Plan to correct/revise the General Plan to accurately, and more realistically, reflect both the local real estate market and the ownership of the property that had changed dramatically since Fulton Homes acquired the property. With that said, Fulton Homes brought together all seven property owners, to put forth the Major General Plan Amendment to the Town's General Plan for approximately 483 acres (i.e., the Queen Creek Station area). The result was a Major General Plan Amendment that essentially "downzoned" from one residential designation to another of lower intensity along with reallocating existing land use designations to areas that are more compatible based on changes that occurred in the Town over the last five years. Thus, VIP Homes is proposing to do the same by slightly readjusting their land use based on those changes by Fulton Homes.

This proposed Amendment will provide a land use designation that is fully compatible and complimentary with the other land uses in the area. The result of this proposed Amendment is to provide for a smooth transition between existing and new developments of varying residential intensities while building upon the uniqueness of the Town and this area while maintaining a density of less than 1 unit an acre.

#### TRAFFIC IMPACT STUDY

A Traffic Impact Study was completed and confirmed that the proposed Amendment will have no significant impact to the overall circulation system within in the area. In fact, the future development of this property will enhance and improve the flow of traffic and circulation. (See the attached "Traffic Impact Study" - *Appendix 2*).

#### PROPOSED AMENDMENT

The proposed Amendment responds to a number of Goals and Policies within the Town's General Plan, including the following:

#### Land Use Element Goals & Policies

#### Goal 1 - Policy la

This Amendment will protect and promote the Town's development potential to develop a unique, attractive, desirable and economically sustainable residential community by providing for a land use that responds to the current vision and development landscape of the Town.

#### Goal 2 Policies 2b & 2e

This Amendment will help the Town coordinate its efforts with the private sector to provide the additional infrastructure, when and where needed, to accommodate new development, and develop roads adequate to accommodate the Town's existing and projected traffic needs.

#### Goal 3 -- Policy 3b

This Amendment will help the Town to provide a diversity of housing opportunities.

#### Goal 3 – Policy 3d

This Amendment will help ensure compatibility between new projects and existing neighborhoods by providing appropriate transitions/buffers. The Amendment is compatible with the surrounding existing development.

#### Goal 4 – Policy 4e

This Amendment will keep intact a key strategic employment area, more appropriate suited and sized, while encouraging the development of the surrounding properties and infrastructure emphasizing that employment property's key potential for development.

#### Growth Areas Element Goals & Policies

#### Goal 1—Policy la

Again, this Amendment will continue to preserve and direct new commercial, office and employment uses to the Germann/Queen Creek Road Corridor Growth Area by maintaining significant (and appropriate) development area opportunities for these uses at key intersections.

#### Transportation & Circulation Element Goals & Policies

#### Goal 4 – Policy 4c

This Amendment is consistent with the Town's goal to evaluate requested changes to the General Plan to ensure the proposed development can be adequately served by the existing or future transportation facilities.

#### Parks, Trails & Open Space Element Goals & Policies

#### Goal 1 – Policy 1h

This Amendment will allow VIP Homes to incorporate open space into their subdivision design/development via the concurrent rezoning/plat applications.

#### Economic Development Element Goals & Policies

An Economic and Fiscal Impact Analysis concluded that the proposed Amendment will help stabilize the Town and encourage new ancillary development; such as retail, office, and employment uses (See the attached "Economic and Fiscal Impact Analysis" - *Appendix 3*).

#### Goal 1 – Policy ld

By maintaining key commercial/employment components of appropriate size at the major intersection in the area, this Amendment will help grow the retail and service base of the Town and enhance the sales tax base.

#### *Goal 2 – Policy 2b & 2d*

This Amendment continues to maintain and support new employment growth in the Germann Road/Ellsworth Road corridor.

#### Cost of Development Element Goals & Policies

#### Goal 1—Policy la

This Amendment helps the Town maintain designated areas and land uses that will encourage future revenue or employment generating land uses. Furthermore, readjusting the employment land use designation will ensure that this future revenue generating land use is located in an appropriate location.

#### 3. RELATIONSHIP TO SURROUNDING PROPERTIES

The existing and proposed General Plan Land Use Maps (See attached "Existing and Proposed General Plan Land Use Maps" - **Exhibits B & C**) along with the existing and proposed zoning (See attached "Existing and Proposed Zoning Maps" - **Exhibits D & E**) for the adjacent parcels, clearly show how the property will fit nicely in within the existing context. Moreover, the proposed Amendment will preserve, enhance, transition, and buffer those adjacent parcels once the La Jara Farms development is built.

#### 4. PUBLIC UTILITIES AND SERVICES

Utilities arid services will be provided as follows:

Water: Town of Queen Creek Sewer: Town of Queen Creek Electric: Salt River Project Gas: Southwest Gas

Cable: Cox Communications
Telephone: Qwest/Century Link
Police: Maricopa County Sheriff
Fire: Town of Queen Creek

School: Queen Creek Unified School District

#### WATER

Potable water will be provided by the Town of Queen Creek. Preliminary discussions with the Town indicate that existing water lines near the project boundaries can be tapped and new lines extended within and around the project to serve its potable water needs.

The proposed water system improvements will be designed and developed in accordance with Town of Queen Creek and Maricopa County Environmental Services Department (MCESD) requirements.

#### WASTEWATER

The initial phase of the development will be development with septic systems as approved. Sewer service will be provided by the Town of Queen Creek's sewer system for the second phase of the project. There is existing infrastructure in place to serve this project. The proposed Major General Plan Amendment will not result in a significant increase in the overall wastewater demand or impact the current infrastructure.

Furthermore, we will work with Fulton Homes to ensure both projects are adequately serviced and the connections of the proposed developments to existing infrastructure improvements are coordinated and the conveyance of wastewater is in accordance to Town of Queen Creek and MCESD requirements.

#### PRELIMINARY UTILITY REPORT

The proposed Amendment is far less dramatic than the existing employment land use designation and will have no significant impact on the Preliminary Utility Report completed in 2007 and as similarly determined during the Fulton Homes Major General Plan Amendment last year.

#### **SCHOOLS**

Efforts will be coordinated with the Queen Creek Unified School District throughout the entitlement process to ensure that our responsibilities for adequate educational facilities are accomplished for the District. More importantly, the proposed La Jara Farms development will be incorporating a Charter School site within their subdivision development that will support many of the new students that will locate to this subdivision, which should reduce demand to the School District.

#### 5. PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

While the proposed Amendment has already been discussed with a key stakeholder in the area, we will be implementing significant neighborhood outreach efforts and conducting neighborhood meetings with the adjacent surrounding property owners to address any questions they may have with the proposed General Plan Amendment and subsequent development.

As always, we are committed to providing an open dialogue and public participation throughout the entitlement process.

#### 6. FINDINGS OF FACT

State Law requires four (4) Findings of Fact to grant approval of a Major General Plan Amendment. The following below outlines how those four (4) are satisfied.

1. The development pattern contained in the Land Use Plan inadequately provides appropriate optional sites for the use proposed in the amendment.

The development pattern previously set forth by Fulton Homes last year along with the existing underlying zoning/development in the area created a unique situation requiring a readjustment to the land use designation on this Property in order to better align, transition, and buffer the surrounding parcels/development. The proposed Amendment will also support the existing the Town's General Plan, as discussed previously.

2. That the amendment constitutes an overall improvement to the Queen Creek General Plan and is not solely for the good or benefit of a particular landowner or owners at a particular point in time.

The proposed Amendment constitutes an overall improvement to the Queen Creek General Plan as it will rectify an existing land use designation that is no longer viable or appropriate at this location which is certainly beneficial to the Town as a whole.

- 3. That the amendment will not adversely impact the community as a whole or a portion of the community by:
  - (a) Significantly altering acceptable existing land use patterns.

The proposed Amendment will not adversely impact the community. The proposed change maintains the existing land use patterns in the area while strategically maintaining the employment land use designation at a major intersection.

(b) Requiring larger and more expensive improvements to roads, sewer or water systems than are needed to support the prevailing land uses and which, therefore may negatively impact development of other lands.

The proposed Amendment will not have an adverse impact on the Town's infrastructure. Furthermore, it will provide for the extension and ultimate improvement to the infrastructure in the area as this project develops. The end result is the Town can dramatically improve services while increasing its tax revenues.

(c) Adversely impacting existing uses due to increased traffic on existing systems.

The proposed Amendment will not have an adverse impact on existing uses in the area due to increased traffic on the existing system, because the recently approved Fulton Homes development proposes more intense uses and

housing densities resulting in the need for significant street improvements in the area. Moreover, VIP Homes will be required to complete the ½ streets adjacent to their property resulting in improving those streets for their residential development as well as the area as a whole. Finally, the number of vehicles from a very low density single-family development will certainly be much less than that from employment type uses currently proposed. The existing street network in the area can and will be able to handle the small increase in traffic as a result of this very low density land use development.

(d) Affecting the livability of the area or the health and safety of the residents.

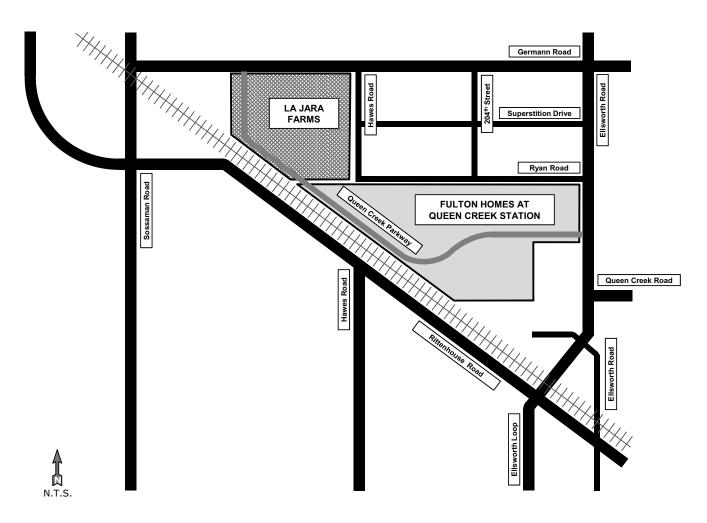
The proposed Amendment will not adversely affect the livability of the area or affect the health or safety of the residents. In fact, the ultimate development will result in greater livability as well as long term health and safety by encouraging new services, retail, and employment opportunities.

4. That the amendment is consistent with the overall intent of the General Plan.

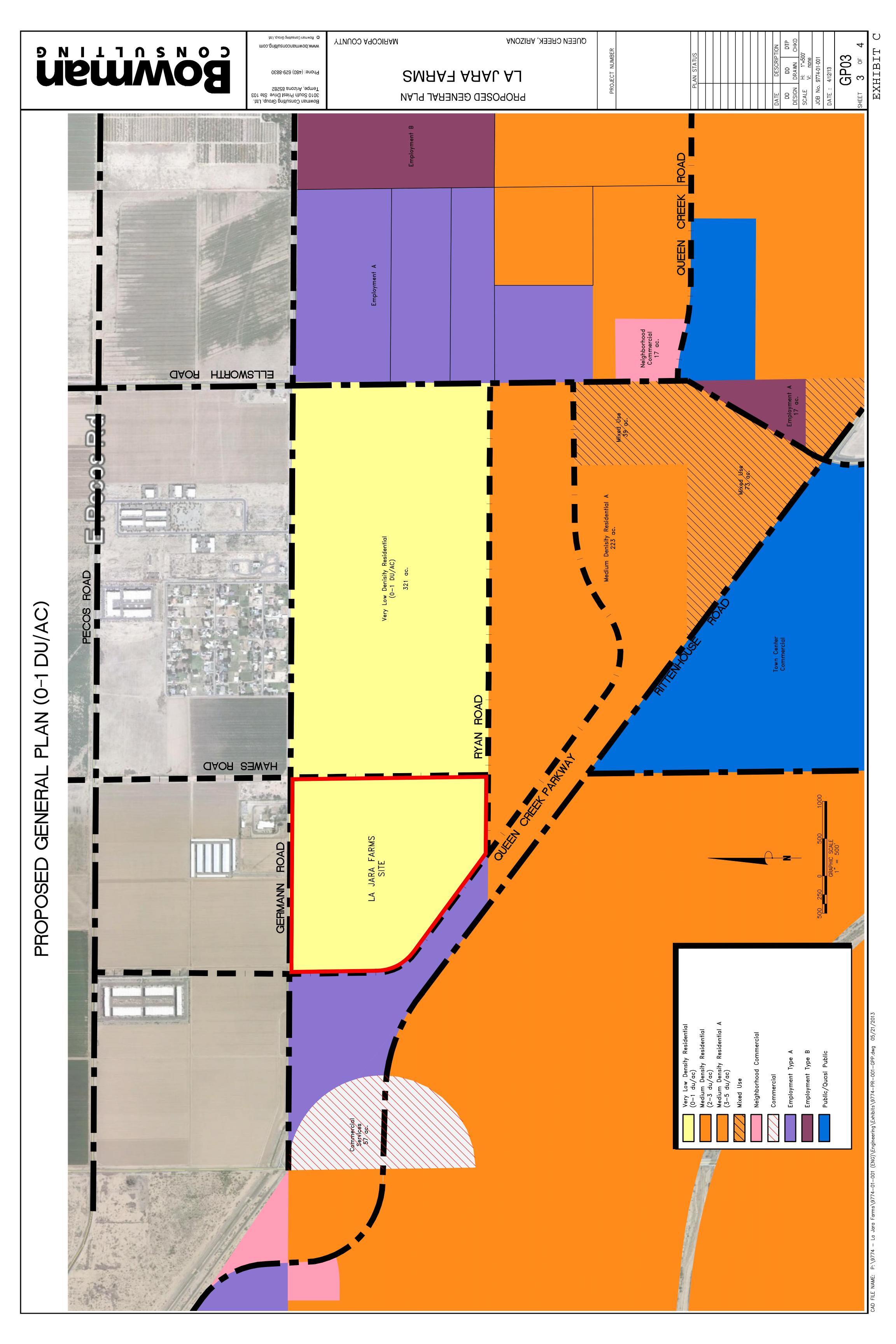
As previously discussed, the Amendment is consistent with the overall intent of the General Plan, its vision, goals and policies.

#### 7. CONCLUSION

The proposed Major General Plan Amendment for La Jara Farms is consistent and compatible with the vision, goals, and policies of the Queen Creek General Plan and satisfies the findings of fact required by State Law. The Amendment will serve to rectify a land use designation that is no longer viable/appropriate at this location and will provide for long-term economic health and sustainability in this area of the Town. We believe diversity of housing will help assure/encourage a sustainable economic base for the Town, which will encourage an expanded employment base. As VIP Homes develops this property the Town and the community will benefit. As always, we appreciate your time, consideration, and patience in reviewing these requests and we respectfully request your approval.



**Vicinity Map** 







 Bowman Consulting Group, Ltd. moo.gnitlusnoonsmwod.www

Phone: (480) 629-8830

MARICOPA COUNTY

SMRAT ARAL AJ

EXISTING ZONING (R1-43)

**GUEEN CREEK, ARIZONA** 

Bowman Consulting Group, Ltd. 3010 South Priest Drive Ste 103 Tempe, Arizona 85282

**SMAAA AAAL AJ** 

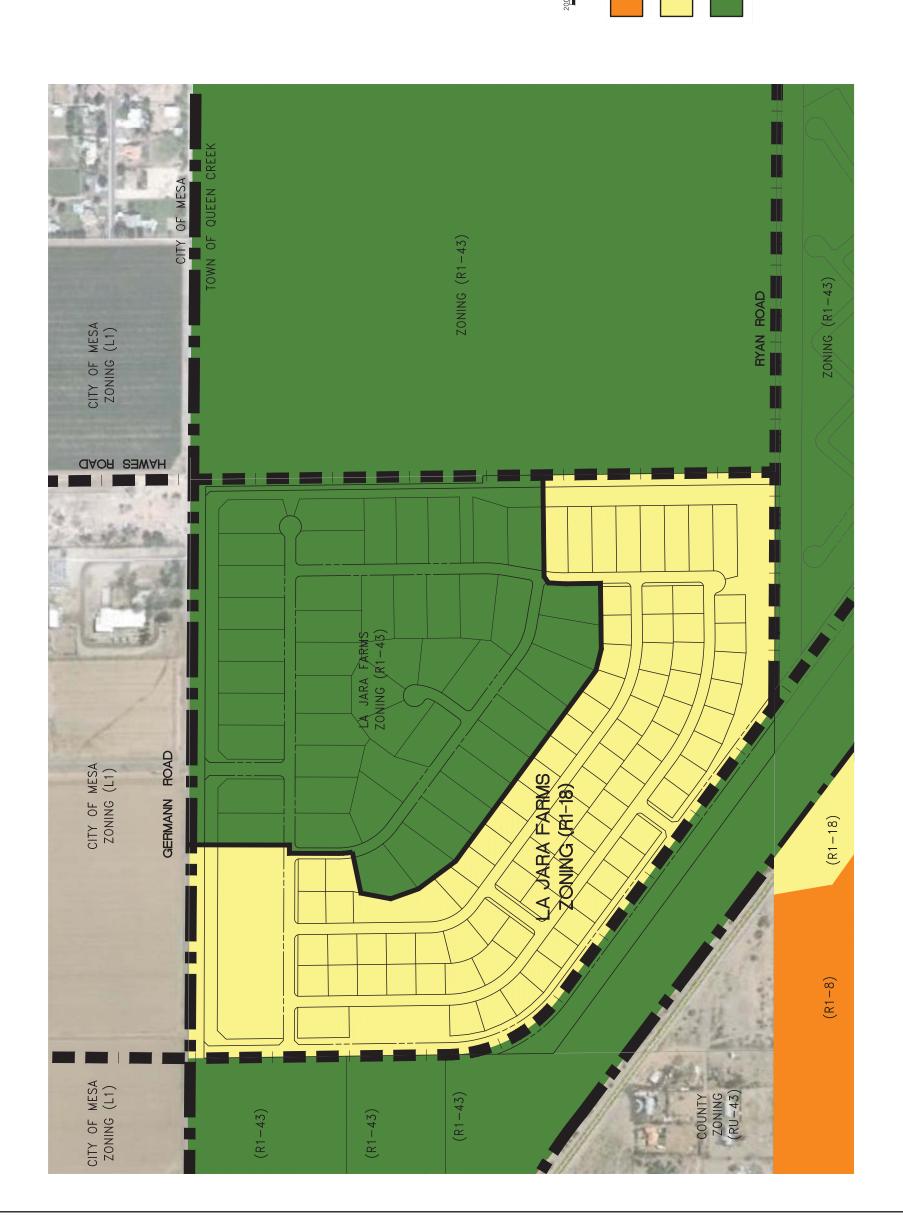
PROPOSED GENERAL PLAN

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# **APPENDICES**

# Appendix 1 (Tab 1)

# **Legal Description**

JUNE 10, 2013 PROJECT # 9774-01-002

## LEGAL DESCRIPTION LA JARA FARMS

A PARCEL OF LAND BEING THE FINAL PLAT OF "LA JARA FARMS" RECORDED IN BOOK 975 OF MAPS, PAGE 17, OFFICIAL RECORDS OF MARICOPA COUNTY, LOCATED WITHIN THE NORTHEAST QUARTER OF SECTION 8, TOWNSHIP 2 SOUTH, RANGE 7 EAST, OF THE GILA AND SALT RIVER MERIDIAN, MARICOPA COUNTY, ARIZONA, MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

**BEGINNING** AT THE NORTHWEST CORNER OF SAID "LA JARA FARMS", FROM WHICH THE NORTHEAST CORNER THEREOF, BEARS SOUTH 89°49'32" EAST, A DISTANCE OF 2,630.91 FEET;

**THENCE** SOUTH 89°49'32" EAST, ALONG THE NORTH LINE OF SAID "LA JARA FARMS" AND THE SOUTH RIGHT OF WAY LINE OF GERMANN ROAD, A DISTANCE OF 2,630.91 FEET TO A POINT ON THE EAST LINE OF THE NORTHEAST QUARTER OF SAID SECTION 8 AND THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF SAID "LA JARA FARMS";

**THENCE** DEPARTING SAID NORTH LINE, SOUTH 00°43'23" EAST, A DISTANCE OF 2,588.44 FEET TO THE EAST QUARTER CORNER OF SAID SECTION 8 AND THE SOUTHEAST CORNER OF SAID "LA JARA FARMS";

**THENCE** NORTH 89°52'04" WEST, ALONG THE SOUTH LINE OF THE NORTHEAST QUARTER OF SAID SECTION 8 AND THE SOUTH LINE OF SAID "LA JARA FARMS", A DISTANCE OF 1,277.38 FEET, TO THE MOST SOUTHERLY WEST CORNER OF TRACT "C" OF SAID "LA JARA FARMS", FROM WHICH THE CENTER OF SAID SECTION 8, MONUMENTED BY A REBAR WITH CAP RLS #21786, BEARS NORTH 89°52'04" WEST, A DISTANCE OF 1350.52 FEET;

**THENCE** NORTH 53°37'43" WEST, ALONG THE SOUTHWESTERLY LINE OF SAID TRACT "C" ALSO BEING THE NORTHERLY LINE OF THE CHANNEL EASEMENT RECORDED IN DOCUMENT NO. 1997-0430396, OFFICIAL RECORDS OF MARICOPA COUNTY, A DISTANCE OF 1,694.41 FEET TO THE MOST WESTERLY SOUTH CORNER OF SAID TRACT "C", FROM WHICH SAID CENTER OF SECTION 8 BEARS SOUTH 00°47'20" EAST, A DISTANCE OF 1001.79 FEET;

**THENCE** NORTH 00°47′20″ WEST, ALONG THE WEST LINE OF THE NORTHEAST QUARTER OF SAID SECTION 8 AND THE WEST LINE OF SAID "LA JARA FARMS, A DISTANCE OF 1,588.64 FEET TO A POINT ON THE SOUTH RIGHT OF WAY LINE OF GERMANN ROAD SAID POINT BEING THE NORTHWEST CORNER OF SAID "LA JARA FARMS" AND THE **POINT OF BEGINNING.** 

SAID PARCEL CONTAINS 6,131,438 SQUARE FEET OR 140.7584 ACRES, MORE OR LESS.

# Appendix 2 (Tab 2)

# Traffic Impact Study

## La Jara Farms Queen Creek, Arizona

## **Traffic Impact Analysis**

**June 2013** 

#### **Prepared for:**

**VIP HOMES** 

#### For Submittal to:

TOWN OF QUEEN CREEK

**EPS Group Project Number: 13-146** 

Prepared by: Paul E. Basha, P.E., P.T.O.E.

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Bryan A. Martin, E.I.T.



Expires:6/30/2014



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La Jara Farms Traffic Impact Analysis

#### **Executive Summary**

#### Introduction

VIP Homes is considering a 132-dwelling-unit single-family residential development, named La Jara Farms, located in the Town of Queen Creek, in the southwest corner of Hawes Road and Germann Road. The proposed development also includes a Heritage Charter High School with 600 students.

#### Results

The proposed La Jara Farms is anticipated to generate the following weekday daily and peak hourly volumes.

Time Period	Day	AM	PM
Single Family	1,342	102	135
School	1,908	646	176
Total	3,250	748	311

The development of La Jara Farms will complete Queen Creek Parkway from Germann Road to Ellsworth Road. Queen Creek Parkway will provide a necessary direct connection from the Fulton Homes residential development to Germann Road. Without the direct connection through La Jara Farms to Germann Road, the exclusive access to the Fulton Homes development would be Ellsworth Road.

#### Recommendations with La Jara Farms

The extension of Queen Creek Parkway from Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station through La Jara Farms to intersect with Germann Road is necessary with the development of La Jara Farms. Standard Town of Queen Creek improvements to Germann Road are required. No additional street improvements are necessary for the La Jara Farms development.

Heritage Charter High School should provide at least one ingress-only and one egress-only access to the site.

Heritage Charter High School should provide a minimum of 950 lane-feet of queue storage on school property.

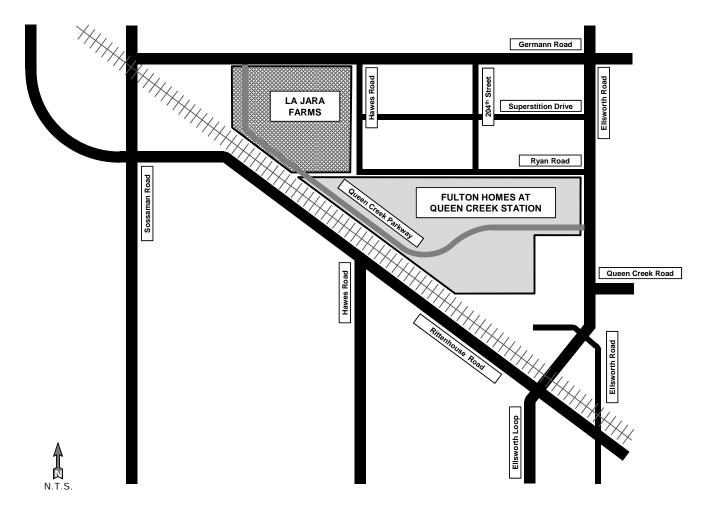


La Jara Farms Traffic Impact Analysis

#### Introduction

VIP Homes is proposing a 132-dwelling-unit, 140-acre single-family residential development, named La Jara Farms, located in the Town of Queen Creek, in the southwest corner of Hawes Road and Germann Road. La Jara Farms also includes Heritage Charter High School, which will open with 600 students. Immediately adjacent and southeast of the proposed residential development is the 671-home, 249-acre residential development; Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station.

Figure 1 provides a vicinity map of the general area.



**Figure 1: General Vicinity Map** 



La Jara Farms Traffic Impact Analysis

**Figure 2** provides a site plan of the proposed La Jara Farms development.

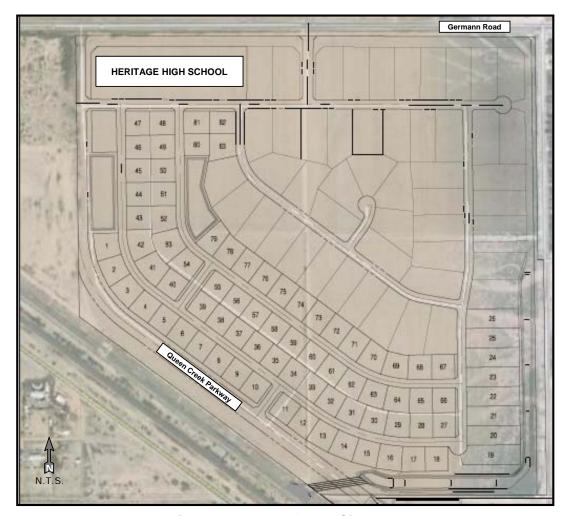


Figure 2: La Jara Farms Site Plan

#### Scope of Study

There are five (5) purposes for this analysis:

- ❖ Report previously prepared ambient 2020 traffic conditions evaluation
- Estimate new traffic generated by proposed development
- Assign and distribute new traffic to surrounding street system
- Determine need for auxiliary lanes at all study intersections
- Evaluate operation of adjacent streets and intersections with new development

#### Study Intersections

The following existing intersections will be analyzed for existing conditions and with the proposed development:

Ellsworth Road and Germann Road Ellsworth Road and Queen Creek Parkway Queen Creek Parkway and Germann Road



### Surrounding Land Use and Street System

The land surrounding the proposed development consists primarily of vacant land and low density single-family residential to the north, with a regional commercial center to the south. A Circulation Review and Traffic Impact Analysis was completed for Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station. Pertinent excerpts of this report are provided as **Appendix A**. The Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station development and Circulation Review and Traffic Analysis assumed the completion of Queen Creek Parkway from Ellsworth Road to Germann Road. The portion of Queen Creek Parkway from the Fulton Homes development to Germann Road is on La Jara Farms property. The development of La Jara Farms includes the construction of this portion of Queen Creek Parkway.

**Figure 3** provides the lane configuration recommended in the proposed Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station Circulation Review and Traffic Impact Analysis.

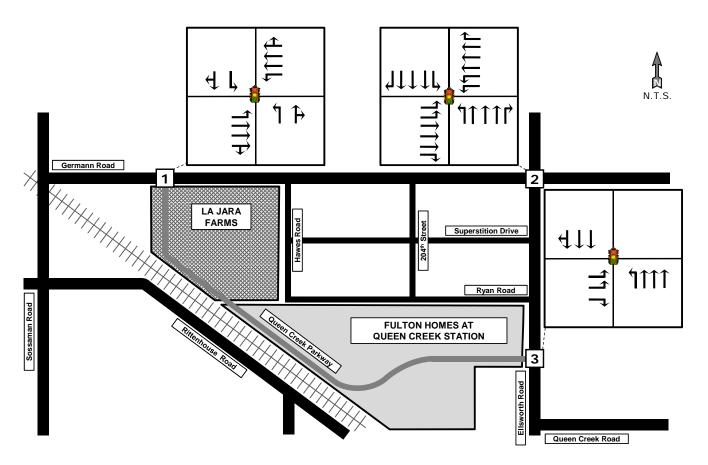


Figure 3: Previously Recommended Lane Configuration and Traffic Control

### Level-of-Service Analysis without La Jara Farms

The ability of a transportation system to transmit the transportation demand is characterized as its level-of-service (LOS). Level-of-service is a rating system from "A", representing the best operation with the least delay, to "F", representing the worst operation with the greatest delay. Typically, level-of-service "D" is considered the minimum acceptable operation. The appropriate reference for level-of-service operation is the *Highway Capacity Manual*, published by the Transportation Research Board.



This manual considers the average delay per vehicle as the measure to determine the level-of-service for both signalized and unsignalized intersections. For signalized intersections and for multi-way stop intersections, the delay and level-of-service are calculated for the intersection, each approach, and each turning movement. For unsignalized intersections the level-of-service is defined for each minor movement for two-way stop controls, and is not defined for the major street approaches or for the entire intersection. **Table 1** lists the level-of-service criteria for both signalized and unsignalized intersections.

**Table 1: Level-of-Service Criteria for Intersections** 

AVERAGE DELAY ( UNSIGNALIZED	(seconds-per-vehicle) SIGNALIZED
≤ 10	≤ 10
> 10 to 15	> 10 to 20
> 15 to 25	> 20 to 35
> 25 to 35	> 35 to 55
> 35 to 50	> 55 to 80
> 50	> 80
	UNSIGNALIZED  ≤ 10  > 10 to 15  > 15 to 25  > 25 to 35  > 35 to 50

The level-of-service for the study intersections in 2020 with the Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station development was provided in the previous study. **Figure 4** and **Figure 5** provide these results for the weekday morning and evening peak hours respectively.



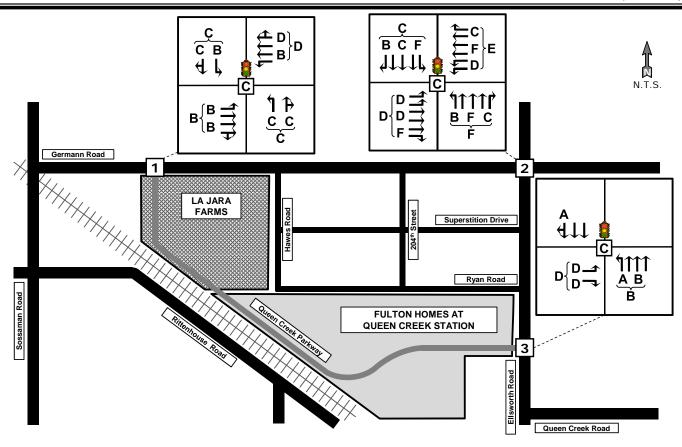


Figure 4: 2020 with Fulton Homes Level-of-Service - AM Peak Hour

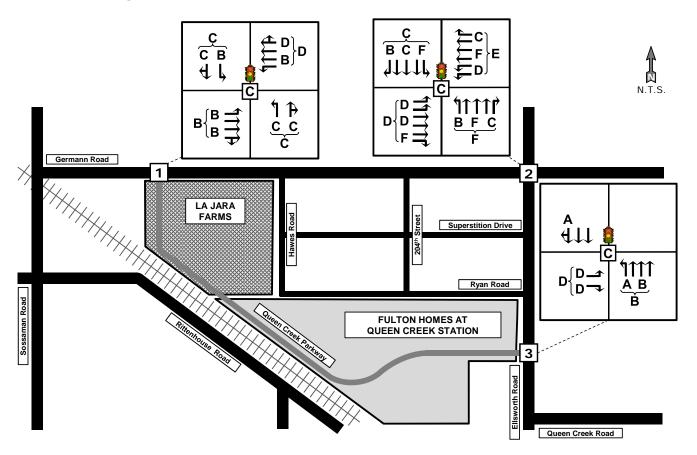


Figure 5: 2020 with Fulton Homes Level-of-Service – PM Peak Hour



**Figure 6** provides the anticipated 2020 traffic volumes on Queen Creek Parkway with Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station, with the proposed La Jara Farms. These traffic volumes are excerpted from the Circulation Review and Traffic Impact Analysis for Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station data.

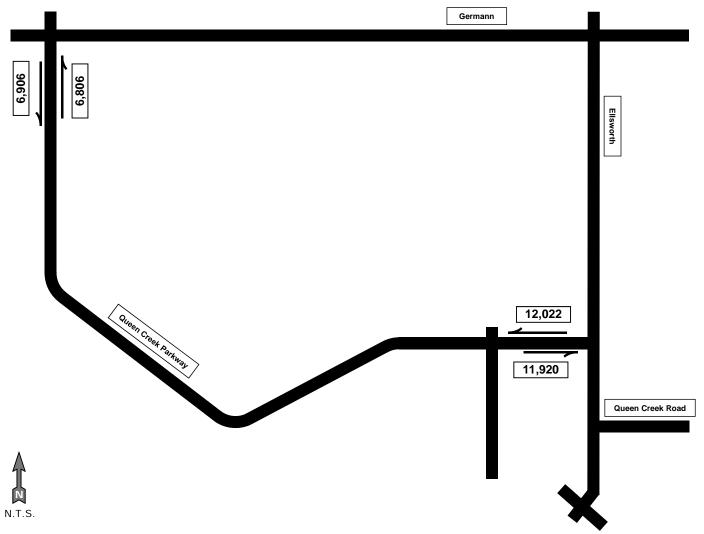


Figure 6: 2020 with Fulton Homes – Queen Creek Parkway Traffic Volumes – Day

### Proposed Site - Trip Generation

The estimated trip generation for the residential component of the proposed development was determined through the procedures and data contained within the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) *Trip Generation*, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, published in 2012. This document provides traffic volume data from existing developments throughout North America that can be utilized to estimate vehicle trips that might be generated from proposed developments. The traffic data are provided for 172 different categories. The estimated traffic volume is dependent upon independent variables defined by the characteristics and size of each land use category. Data is provided for nine (9) different time periods.



There is considerable data for single-family residential developments. ITE land use code 210 – Single Family Dwelling Units – was utilized for this study. Four independent variables are available for this land use category to predict trips: dwelling unit, persons, vehicles, and acres. All four have excellent statistical attributes and therefore are acceptable for use. The most easily determined independent variable for a typical residential project is either the number of dwelling units or the number of acres. Volumes utilizing both independent variables were calculated for each time period. Also both equations and average rates are provided in *Trip Generation*. Both methods were calculated separately for each time period. The largest volumes considering both independent variables and both calculation methods were utilized as the estimate for the generated traffic for the proposed residential development. **Appendix B.1** provides the complete results of the La Jara Farms residential trip generation.

Unfortunately, *Trip Generation* does not include data for charter schools. It does provide data for public schools and private schools. Data is provided for public schools for three different grade levels – elementary, middle or junior high, and senior. Data is also provided for private schools – for schools of kindergarten through 8<sup>th</sup> grade and for kindergarten through 12<sup>th</sup> grade. However, charter schools typically generate more traffic than public schools – primarily because most students are driven in private vehicles, rather than busses.

Therefore, measured trip generation at an existing charter middle and high school is the most appropriate technique to provide a valid estimate of the trip generation for the proposed Heritage Charter High School. A charter school – Rancho Solano Preparatory School – exists on the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community on Via de Ventura, east of Pima Road. This middle and high school currently has 260 students. Extensive traffic data was obtained at this charter school.

At Rancho Solano, from Friday, 7 September 2012 to Thursday, 13 September 2012, the entering and exiting daily vehicles were counted in fifteen-minute intervals for a total of seven days. **Appendix B.2** provides the complete traffic count data. **Table 2** provides the average trip generation rates from *Trip Generation* and **Table 3** provides the trip generation rates for Rancho Solano as determined from the 2012 counts.

		DAY	ARRIVAL	DISMISSAL	PM PEAK
Private K to 8 School (534)	STUDENTS	Not available	0.90	0.60	Not available
Private K to 12 School (536)	STUDENTS	2.48	0.81	0.17	0.58
Elementary School (520)	STUDENTS	1.29	0.45	0.28	0.15
Middle School (522)	STUDENTS	1.62	0.54	0.30	0.16
High School (530)	STUDENTS	1.71	0.43	0.29	0.13
		ll			

Table 2: ITE *Trip Generation* Rates

**Table 3: Rancho Solano Trip Generation Rates** 

	STUDENTS	DAY	ARRIVAL	DISMISSAL	PM PEAK
Rancho Solano	260	3.18	0.81	0.33	0.20

The Rancho Solano trip generation data was utilized for the proposed Heritage Charter High School. **Appendix B.2** also provides entering and exiting trip generation and trip rates. The Rancho Solano Preparatory School had 260 students at the time of the traffic counts, while the Heritage Charter High School will have 600 students.

**Table 4** and **Table 5** respectively provide a summary of the day, peak hour, and peak 15-minute trip generation for the proposed Heritage High School utilizing the existing Rancho Solano trip generation rates.



Table 4: Heritage High School Trip Generation Summary - Day

	D/	ΑΥ
	ENTERING	EXITING
RATE	1.58	1.60
VOLUME	948	960

Table 5: Heritage High School Trip Generation Summary – Peak Hour and Peak 15-Minutes

	PEAK	HOUR	PEAK 15-	MINUTES
ARRIVAL	ENTERING	EXITING	ENTERING	EXITING
RATE	0.63	0.45	0.27	0.22
VOLUME	376	270	162	134
DISMISSAL				
RATE	0.35	0.44	0.10	0.22
VOLUME	208	265	58	134
STREET PEAK				
RATE	0.11	0.18	0.05	0.07
VOLUME	65	111	30	42

**Table 6** summarizes the trip generation for the entire La Jara Farms property including both the homes and the school.

**Table 6: Total Trip Generation for La Jara Farms** 

Time Period		Day			AM			PM	
	Entering	Exiting	Total	Entering	Exiting	Total	Entering	Exiting	Total
Single Family	671	671	1,342	26	76	102	85	50	135
School	948	960	1,908	376	270	646	65	111	176
Total	1,619	1,631	3,250	402	346	748	150	161	311



### **Trip Distribution**

The final determination related to the anticipated traffic generated by the proposed development is the direction the traffic utilizes to enter and exit the area. The site was examined to determine the probable routes for its traffic. Separate trip distribution was provided for the houses and the school for future 2020 conditions. The final site plan for the school is not available at this stage. For the purposes of this analysis, it is assumed there will be one ingress-only access and one egress-only access to serve the school peak arrival and dismissal traffic. The westernmost access is the assumed ingress-only access, and the easternmost access is the assumed egress-only access. **Figure 7** and **Figure 8** present the existing trip distribution for the houses and the school respectively.

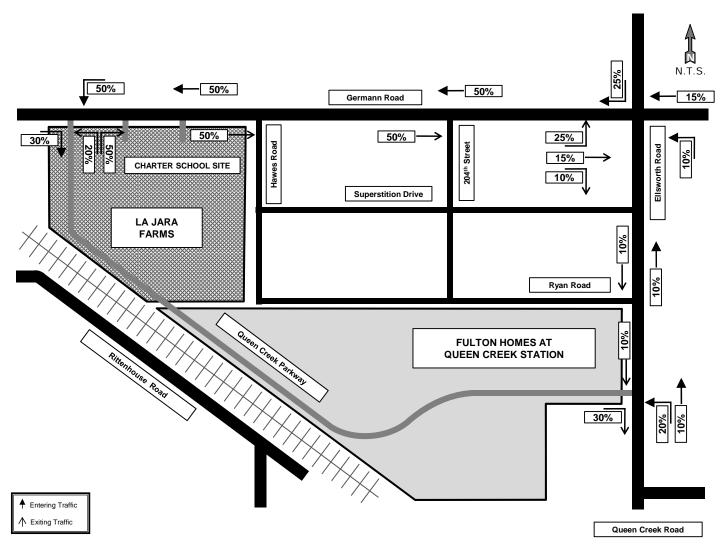
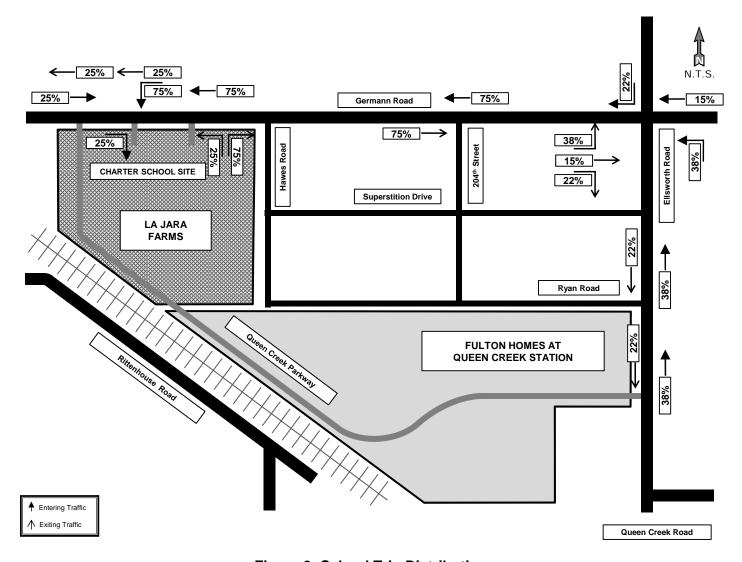


Figure 7: Residential Trip Distribution





**Figure 8: School Trip Distribution** 

**Figure 9** and **Figure 10** provide the residential traffic volumes in the morning and evening peak hours, respectively. **Figure 11** and **Figure 12** provide the school traffic volumes in the morning and evening peak hours, respectively. **Figure 13** and **Figure 14** provide the 2020 with the entire La Jara Farms development traffic volumes in the morning and evening peak hours, respectively.

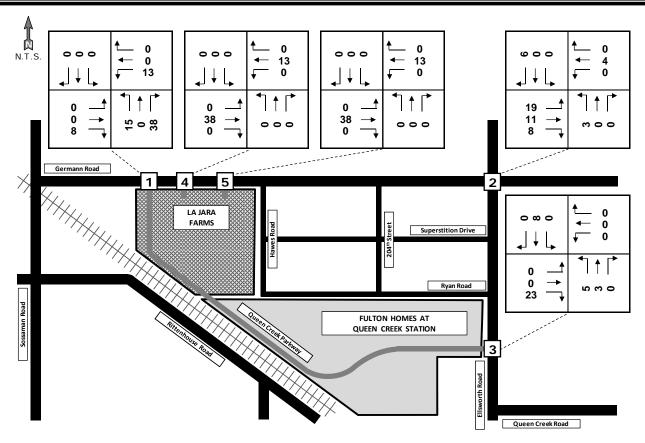


Figure 9: Residential Traffic Volumes - AM Peak Hour

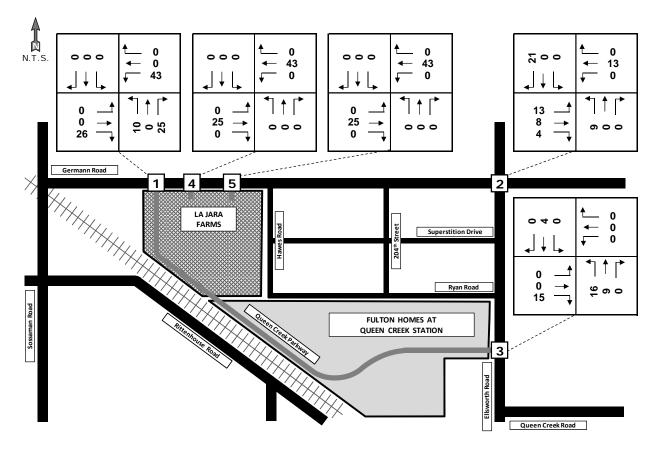


Figure 10: Residential Traffic Volumes - PM Peak Hour



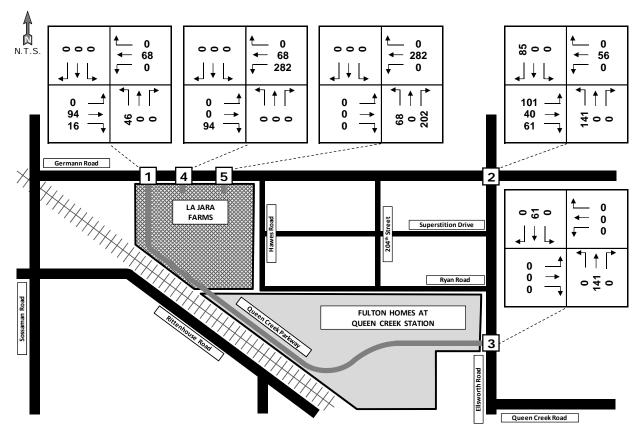


Figure 11: School Traffic Volumes - AM Peak Hour

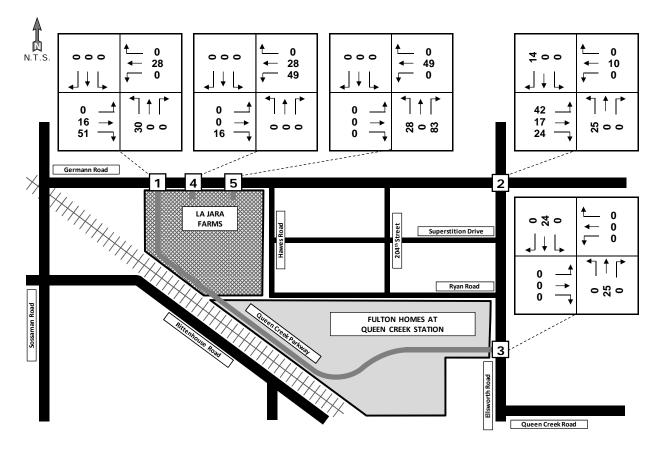


Figure 12: School Traffic Volumes - PM Peak Hour



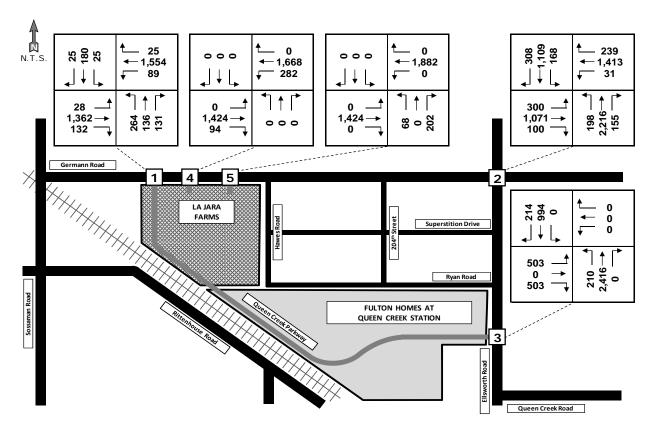


Figure 13: 2020 with La Jara Farms Traffic Volumes – AM Peak Hour

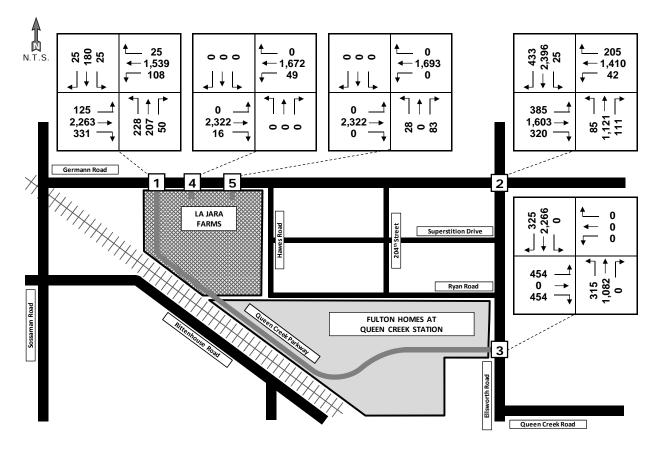


Figure 14: 2020 with La Jara Farms Traffic Volumes - PM Peak Hour



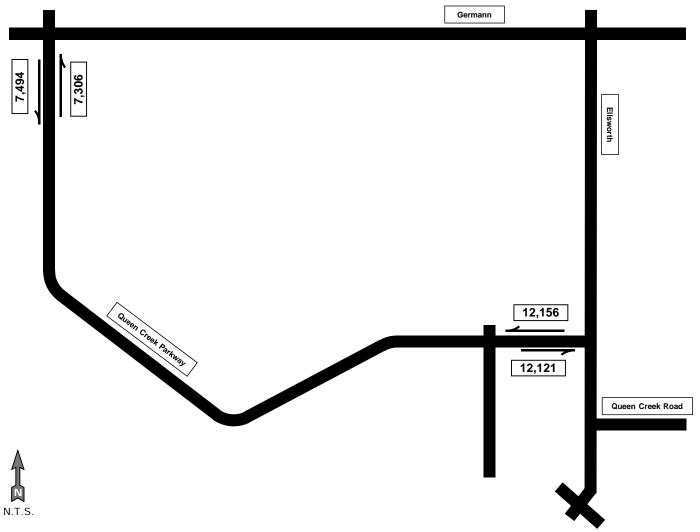


Figure 15: 2020 with La Jara Farms – Queen Creek Parkway Traffic Volumes – Day

### Level-of-Service Analysis with La Jara Farms

Level-of-service was also determined for the adjacent intersections with the proposed La Jara Farms development. **Figure 16** provides a graph indicating the level-of-service criteria, and **Table 7** lists the level-of-service criteria for both signalized and unsignalized intersections.

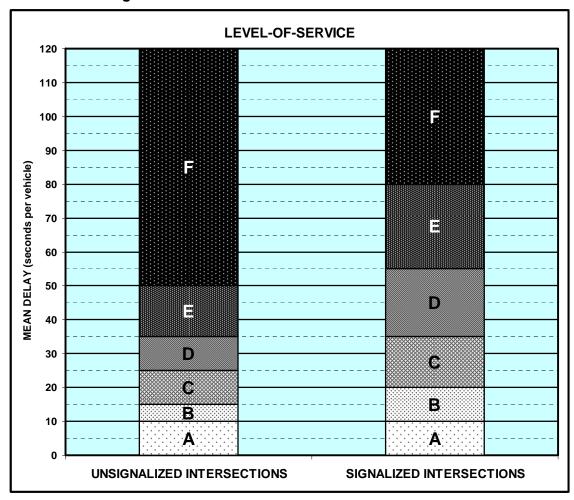


Figure 16: Level-of-Service Criteria for Intersections

Table 7: Level-of-Service Criteria for Intersections

LEVEL-OF-SERVICE	AVERAGE DELAY (se	econds-per-vehicle)
LEVEL-OF-SERVICE	UNSIGNALIZED	SIGNALIZED
А	≤ 10	≤ 10
В	> 10 to 15	> 10 to 20
С	> 15 to 25	> 20 to 35
D	> 25 to 35	> 35 to 55
E	> 35 to 50	> 55 to 80
F	> 50	> 80

**Appendix C** provides the complete input and output for the level-of-service analyses with the proposed La Jara Farms development. **Figure 17** and **Figure 18**, respectively, provide the level-of-service for the morning and evening peak hours with La Jara Farms. There is minimal difference between the arterial / arterial intersection operation without and with La Jara Farms traffic.



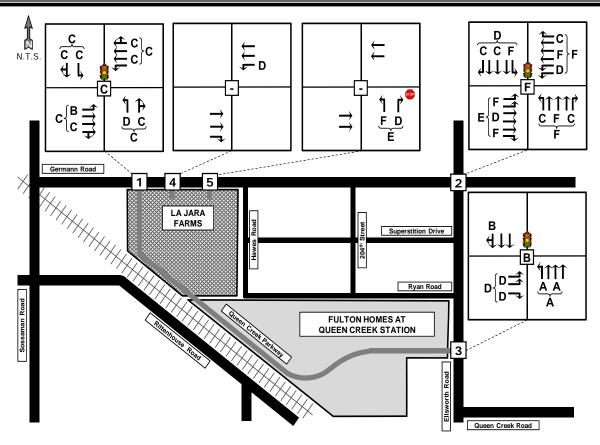


Figure 17: 2020 with La Jara Farms Level-of-Service - AM Peak Hour

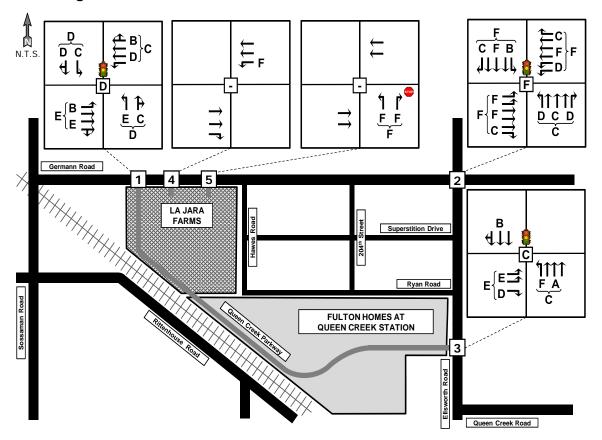


Figure 18: 2020 with La Jara Farms Level-of-Service – PM Peak Hour



These analyses indicate that the level-of-service for the Heritage Charter High School ingress and egress onto Germann Road is "F" during one or more peak hours. As a definitive site plan for the school becomes available, mitigation measures should be evaluated.

The traffic volume at the Heritage Charter High School ingress does warrant a right-turn deceleration lane.

### Queue Analysis with Site

The vehicle queues that occur at charter schools during arrival and departure times are critical to analyze and accommodate. The vehicle queues that occurred at the entrance to an existing 479-student Benjamin Franklin Charter School at the intersection of Civic Center Drive and Warner Road in the Town of Gilbert were counted in 5-minute intervals from 6:00 to 9:00 AM and 1:00 to 6:30 PM. **Appendix D** provides the complete traffic count data. These data indicate that the maximum vehicle queue at the existing Benjamin Franklin Charter School was 30 vehicles – occurring at the school dismissal time of 3:00 PM.

The new proposed Heritage Charter High School anticipates 600 students in 2020. As indicated in **Table 8**, the maximum vehicle queue at the proposed school is anticipated to be 38 vehicles. A 6-vehicle queue, assuming 25 feet per vehicle with separation, requires 950 feet of on-site queue storage.

SCHOOL STUDENTS ARRIVAL DISMISSAL
EXISTING BENJAMIN FRANKLIN CHARTER SCHOOL 479 10 30

PROPOSED HERITAGE CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL 600 13 38

**Table 8: Heritage Charter High School Maximum Vehicle Queue** 

### Recommendations with La Jara Farms

The extension of Queen Creek Parkway from Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station through La Jara Farms to intersect with Germann Road is necessary with the development of La Jara Farms. Standard Town of Queen Creek improvements to Germann Road are required. No additional street improvements are necessary for the La Jara Farms development.

Heritage Charter High School should provide at least one ingress-only and one egress-only access to the site.

Heritage Charter High School should provide a minimum of 950 lane-feet of queue storage on school property.



# APPENDIX A FULTON HOMES AT QUEEN CREEK STATION CIRCULATION REVIEW AND TRAFFIC IMPACT ANALYSIS EXCERPTS





### **Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station** Queen Creek, Arizona

# Circulation Review and Traffic Impact Analysis

October 2012

Prepared for:

FULTON HOMES

For Submittal to: Town of Queen Creek

**EPS Group Project Number: 12-076** 



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Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station

Circulation Review and Traffic Impact Analysis

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Executive Summary

Fulton Homes is considering a 671-dwelling-unit single-family residential development, named Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station, located in the Town of Queen Creek, south of Germann Road and west of Ellsworth Road. Immediately adjacent and east of the proposed residential development is an approximately 39-acre property designated as mixed-use. This property is anticipated to include multi-family residential, office, and retail development

is to determine the number of lanes necessary for Queen Creek Parkway. The third purpose is to determine if one development access with Ellsworth Road is sufficient. The fourth purpose is to determine appropriate configurations and traffic control for the immediately adjacent intersections. The fifth purpose is to discover if the proposed development causes future significant impacts on the surrounding road network, and if There are five (5) purposes for this report. The first purpose is to determine if Queen Creek Parkway should directly connect the Ellsworth Road / Queen Creek Road intersection to Germann Road. The second purpose necessary, develop recommendations to mitigate those impacts.

### Results

The 2010 Southeast Mesa Queen Creek Traffic Study concluded that Queen Creek Parkway between Ellsworth Road and Germann Road would have little impact on regional traffic operations. The traffic forecasts for the surrounding roadway system discovered that conditions without and with the parkway vary little. The Queen Creek Transportation Plan includes a future diagonal direct connection between the Meridian / Queen Creek intersection and the Signal Butte / Germann intersection. This connection will continue to Pecos Road and Williams Field Road, and eventually to SR-24. This street network provides an efficient and desirable system for traffic southeast of the Ellsworth / Queen Creek intersection to origins and destinations north and west of the Town of Queen Creek. Therefore, only minimal benefit occurs from Queen Creek Parkway aligning with Queen Creek Road at Ellsworth Road. This future street system will minimize future traffic volume increases on Queen Creek Road, east of Ellsworth Road.

In particular, there is minimal increase in traffic on Queen Creek Road, east of Ellsworth Road, with the direct connection of Queen Creek Parkway from Ellsworth Road to Germann Road. The 2010 Southeast Mesa Queen Greek Traffic Study indicated that with the direct connection of Queen Greek Parkway, only an additional 600 vehicles-per-day would utilize Queen Creek Road, east of Ellsworth Road. Ellsworth Road, Queen Creek Parkway can be offset from Queen Creek Road.

Queen Creek Parkway at Ellsworth Road adjacent to the designated mixed-use property are anticipated to be a maximum conservatively large total of 23,942 vehicles. This volume can be accommodated by one street With an offset intersection of Queen Creek Parkway north of Queen Creek Road, and with the proposed Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station development and the future development of the adjacent mixed-use property, the daily traffic volumes on Queen Creek Parkway at Germann Road are anticipated to be a maximum conservatively large total of 13,711 vehicles. This volume can be accommodated by one street intersection with Germann Road and one lane per direction. With these same conditions, the daily traffic volumes on intersection with Ellsworth Road and two lanes per direction.

Queen Creek Parkway located offset from Queen Creek Road could extend east of Ellsworth Road to provide access to the properties east of Ellsworth Road. An internal street network could be planned, designed, and constructed to connect with Queen Creek Road to the south and, if acceptable and desired by the property owners, also connect with Germann Road to the north. The existing Queen Creek Road intersection with Creek Parkway intersection would provide access to all residential, commercial, and industrial properties that may develop between Queen Creek Road and Germann Road, and between Ellsworth Road and the Signal Ellsworth Road remains necessary to serve Queen Creek Middle School. The new Ellsworth Road / Queer

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Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station

The proposed Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station development is anticipated to generate the following entering and exiting weekday and Saturday daily and peak hourly traffic volumes.

		Weekday			Saturday	
Time Period	Enter	Exit	Total	Enter	Exit	Total
Day	3,249	3,249	6,498	3,422	3,422	6,844
AM Peak Hour	139	382	521			-
PM Peak Hour	432	254	989	348	315	699

The property adjacent to the proposed Fulton Homes development designated as mixed-use is not part of the property is anticipated to generate the following total weekday and Saturday daily and peak hourly traffic proposed Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station development and therefore was not analyzed in detail. volumes

_					
		Weekday		Saturday	rday
Time Period	Day	AM	PM	Day	Peak
Multi-Family	972	72	92	1,355	77
Office	1,069	149	163	179	31
Retail	11,337	245	1,079	15,184	1,431
Total	13,378	466	1,337	16,718	1,539



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## Recommendations without Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station for Existing 2012

Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station

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The recommended 2012 lane configuration and traffic control is depicted in Figure 1.

The Ellsworth Loop / Rittenhouse intersection westbound approach should provide two through lanes and a shared through and right-turn lane. The Ellsworth / Germann intersection signal timing - City of Mesa jurisdiction - should be coordinated with the Ellsworth Road traffic signals in the Town of Queen Creek Traffic signal timing for all existing signalized intersections in the Town of Queen Creek should be adjusted to conform to current traffic volumes – particularly the very dominant morning northbound traffic and the very dominant evening southbound traffic.

## Recommendations without Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station for 2020

The recommended ambient 2020 lane configuration and traffic control is depicted in Figure 2.

Germann Road, Ellsworth Road, and Rittenhouse Road should provide three (3) through lanes per direction in the vicinity of their intersections.

The Ellsworth / Queen Creek Parkway intersection should be signalized

The Queen Creek Parkway / Germann intersection should be signalized

The Ellsworth / Germann intersection should provide dual eastbound and westbound left-turn lanes and right-turn lanes for all approaches.

The Ellsworth / Rittenhouse intersection traffic signal cycle length should be optimized.

## Recommendations with Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station for 2012

The recommended 2012 with proposed site lane configuration and traffic control is depicted in Figure 3.

The Ellsworth / Queen Creek Parkway intersection should provide a northbound left-turn lane.

Queen Creek Parkway should generally conform to the Town of Queen Creek standard major collector cross-section Queen Creek Parkway should provide two (2) through lanes per direction at Ellsworth Road and for the length of the planned mixed-use development. Queen Creek Parkway should provide one through lane per direction from the planned mixed-use development to the Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station northwestern property boundary.

## Recommendations with Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station for 2020

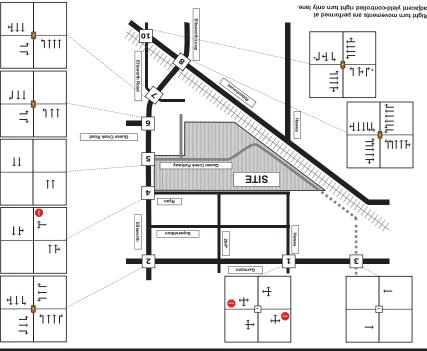
The recommended 2020 with site lane configuration and traffic control is depicted in Figure 4.

The Ellsworth / Queen Creek Parkway intersection should provide dual westbound left-turn lanes and one right-turn lane, unless and until Queen Creek Parkway is extended east of Ellsworth Road



Page 3

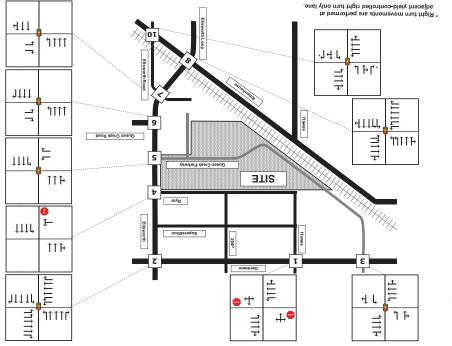




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Figure 2: Ambient 2020 Lane Configuration and Traffic Control

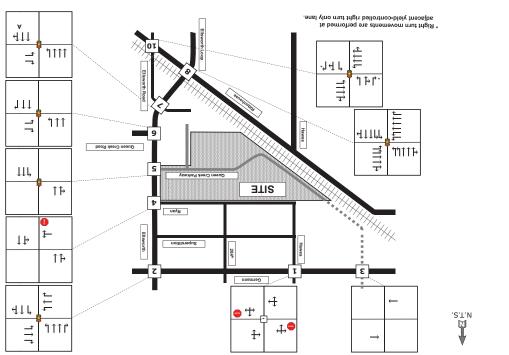


Figure 3: Recommended Existing with Site Lane Configuration and Traffic Control

Circulation Review and Traffic Impact Analysis

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Circulation Review and Traffic Impact Analysis

### Introduction

Fulton Homes is considering a 671-dwelling-unit single-family residential development, named Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station. It is located in the Town of Queen Creek, Arizona; south of Germann Road and west of Ellsworth Road. Immediately adjacent and east of the proposed residential development is an approximately 39-acre property designated as mixed-use. This property is anticipated to include multi-family residential, office, and retail development.

þ These two properties are located approximately one-half mile south of Germann Road and bounded Ellsworth Road, Queen Creek Road alignment, and the Union Pacific Railroad.

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Figure 5 provides a vicinity map of the general area.

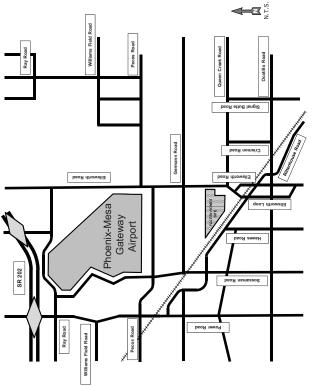


Figure 4: Recommended 2020 with Site Lane Configuration and Traffic Control

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Ellsworth

Figure 5: General Vicinity Map

\* Right turn movements are performed at adjacent yield-controlled right turn only lane

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Figure 6 provides a map of the immediate vicinity of the proposed Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station

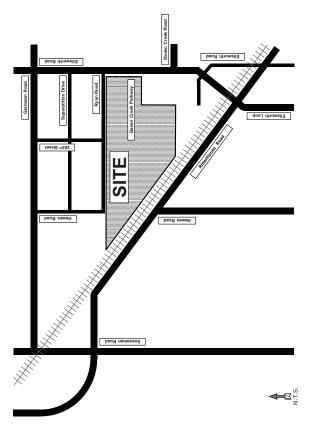


Figure 6: Local Vicinity Map

### Scope of Study

- There are nine (9) specific purposes for this analysis:

   Determine if Queen Creek Parkway should directly connect the Ellsworth Road / Queen Greek Road intersection to Germann Road
  - Determine the Queen Creek Parkway lane number
    Determine the number of development accesses
    Evaluate wisting traffic conditions
    Estimate future ambient 2020 traffic volumes
    Evaluate ambient 2020 traffic conditions
    Evaluate ambient 2020 traffic conditions
    Estimate new traffic generated by proposed residential development

\*

- \*

- Assign and distribute new traffic to surrounding street system
- Determine need for modified traffic control and lane configurations at all study intersections \* \* \* \*



Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station

## Surrounding Street System – "2010 Southeast Mesa Queen Creek Traffic Study'

The City of Mesa and the Town of Queen Creek jointly contracted with HDR to prepare a transportation plan for the area bounded by Ray Road, Power Road, Ocotillo Road, and Meridian Road. This plan was completed in 2010 and is identified as the Southeast Mesa Queen Creek Traffic Study. Pertinent excerpts of this report are provided as Appendix A.

was directly affected by this study. The study examined the potential circulation benefits of a new roadway named Queen Creek Parkway extending west from Ellsworth Road on the Queen Creek Road alignment, then northwest to intersect with Germann Road. Much of Queen Creek Parkway from Germann Road to Ellsworth Road is located immediately adjacent to the Fulton Homes property – as indicated in **Figure 7**. The portion of Queen Creek Parkway within the site was assumed to be constructed with the development of the property. The primary purpose of the study was to develop anticipated future traffic volumes in the area bounded by Ray Road, Meridian Road, Ocotillo Road, and Power Road. The Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station property

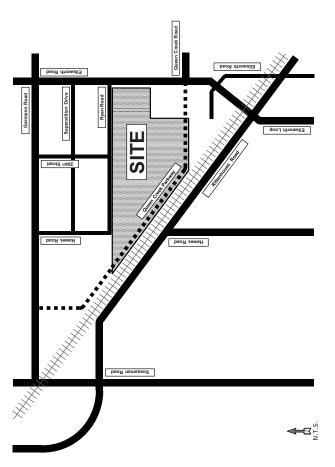


Figure 7: Previous Potential Queen Creek Parkway Alignment



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The *2010 Southeast Mesa Queen Creek Traffic Study* included a map of the study area existing streets by lane number. **Figure 8** provides this map.

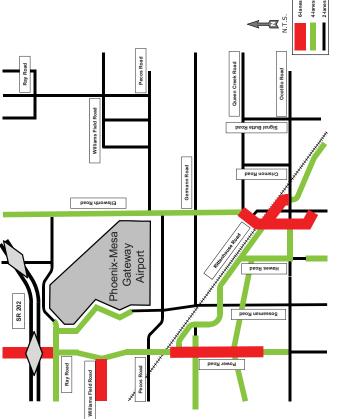


Figure 8: 2010 Report Existing Street Lane Number



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Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station

Figure 9 provides the planned street lane number for the study area for 2020 as indicated in the 2010 Southeast Mesa Queen Creek Traffic Study. As indicated, this street network includes State Route 24 extending from State Route 202 to Ellsworth Road by 2020 and eventually to Signal Butte Road. Also indicated in the 2010 Study is the Queen Creek Transportation Plan for Signal Butte Road to connect diagonally and directly to Meridian Road between Germann Road and Queen Creek Road.

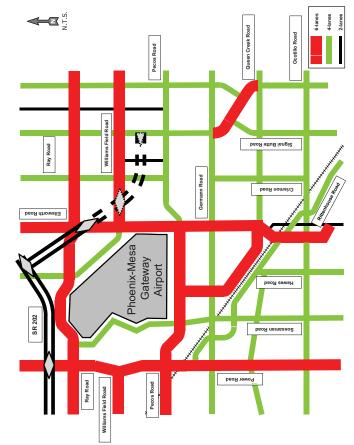


Figure 9: 2010 Report Planned 2020 Street Lane Number

The 2010 study compared the traffic volumes without and with Queen Creek Parkway between Pecos Road and Ellsworth Road. Figure 10 provides the anticipated 2018 traffic volumes without Queen Creek Parkway, while Figure 11 provides the anticipated 2018 traffic volume with Queen Creek Parkway. On page 34 of this 2010 Southeast Mesa Queen Creek Traffic Study report, Queen Creek Parkway was recommended to be six lanes. It is inconsistent that Queen Creek Rarkway, west of Ellsworth Road, is depicted as four lanes with 40,100 vehicles-per-day, while Queen Creek Parkway, west of Ellsworth Road, is depicted as six lanes with 22,500 vehicles-per-day. It is inconsistent that a street with larger traffic volumes would require fewer travel lanes. This discrepancy should be corrected.



Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station

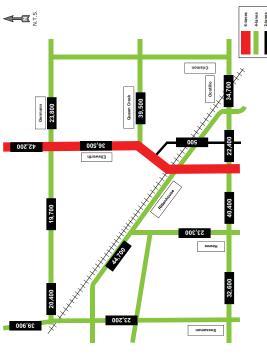


Figure 10: 2010 Report 2018 Daily Traffic Volumes without Queen Creek Parkway

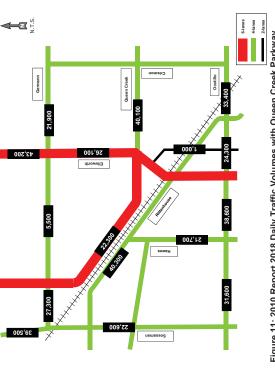


Figure 11: 2010 Report 2018 Daily Traffic Volumes with Queen Creek Parkway

traffic volume difference on adjacent streets without and with a direct connection of from the Ellsworth / Queen Creek intersection to Germann Road. This figure implies Queen Creek Parkway from the Ellsworth / Queen Creek intersection to Germann Road. This figure implies that Queen Creek Parkway diverts traffic from Ellsworth Road, south of Germann Road; Germann Road, west of Ellsworth Road; and Rittenhouse Road, west of Ellsworth Road. However, the provision of Queen Creek Parkway from Ellsworth Road to Germann Road does not divert traffic from Ellsworth Road, north of Germann Road; from Germann Road, east of Ellsworth Road; or from Queen Creek Road, east of Ellsworth Road Figure 12 presents the

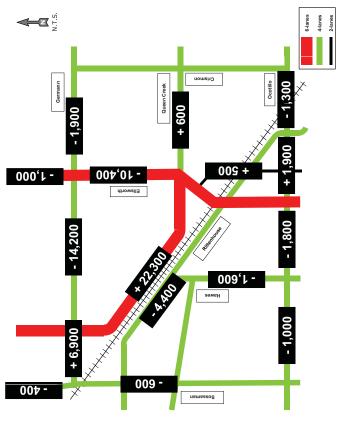


Figure 12: 2010 Report 2018 Daily Traffic Volumes Difference without and with Queen Creek Parkway

These data indicate only a marginal increase in traffic on Queen Creek Road, east of Ellsworth Road, with the addition of Queen Creek Parkway. Therefore, if Queen Creek Parkway intersected with Ellsworth Road at Queen Creek Road, there would be minimal through traffic on Queen Creek Parkway from east of Ellsworth Road. there would be minimal through traffic on Queen Creek Parkway from East of Ellsworth Road, there would be minimal through traffic on Queen Creek Parkway from East of Ellsworth Road. Germann Road, east of Ellsworth Road, would decrease minimally with Queen Creek Parkway – revealing that a direct connection of Queen Creek Parkway from Ellsworth Road to Germann Road does not substantially reduce traffic volumes on adjacent arterials beyond the localized area.

streets at a specific location. Both diagrams present the volume summation of all east-west streets immediately west of Elsworth Road and the volume summation of all north-south streets immediately south of Germann Road. The Figure 13 volumes are without Queen Creek Parkway, while the Figure 14 volumes are with Queen Creek Parkway. Figure 13 and Figure 14 provide "screenline" information. Screenlines sum traffic volumes on several parallel



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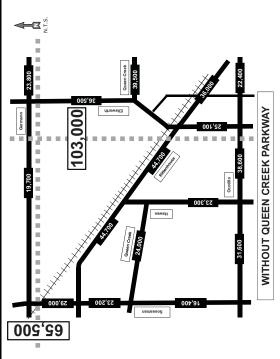


Figure 13: 2010 Report 2018 Screenline Daily Traffic Volumes without Queen Creek Parkway

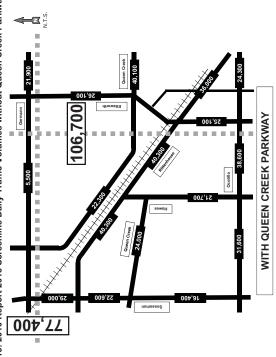


Figure 14: 2010 Report 2018 Screenline Daily Traffic Volumes with Queen Creek Parkway

Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station

Without Queen Creek Parkway, the three (3) east-west street traffic volumes sum to 103,000 vehicles-per-day. With Queen Creek Parkway, the four (4) east-west street traffic volumes sum to 106,700 vehicles-per-day. The additional 3,700 vehicles-per-day do not justify Queen Creek Parkway – the fourth east-west street. Without Queen Creek Parkway, the two (2) north-south street traffic volumes sum to 65,500 vehicles-per-day. With Queen Creek Parkway, the three (3) north-south streets sum to 77,400 vehicles-per-day. The additional 11,900 vehicles-per-day justify Queen Creek Parkway – the third north-south street.

The primary reason that low traffic volumes will travel between Queen Creek Road and Queen Creek Parkway across Ellsworth Road is the arterial street system included in the Queen Creek Transportation Plan as depicted in Figure 9. This circulation plan directs traffic from southeast of the Ellsworth / Queen Creek intersection to Signal Butte Road, Pacod, Pecos Road, Williams Field Road, and eventually SR-24. Most of these street segments have not yet been constructed. However, these streets will be constructed as adjacent development occurs – therefore the streets will become present as the traffic volumes increase. This future street system will minimize future traffic volume increases on Queen Creek Road, east of Ellsworth Road.

Considering all of these traffic volume changes with the provision of Queen Creek Parkway directly connecting the Ellsworth / Queen Creek intersection to Germann Road, reveals that Queen Creek Parkway would provide traffic diversion for only some of the adjacent street segments in the immediate vicinity, and provide negligible traffic diversion for non-adjacent street segments. As stated in the 2010 Southeast Mesa Queen Creek Traffic Study on page 37,

"The 2020 traffic analysis presented in the previous section shows that the proposed Queen Creek Parkway will have little impact on regional traffic operations. Except for localized impacts to Germann Road, traffic forecasts for Sossaman Road and the rest of the system vary little between conditions with and without the parkway."

A direct connection of Queen Creek Parkway between Ellsworth Road and Germann Road is not warranted based on traffic volumes. However, there is a potential need for a third north-south street between Ellsworth Road and Sossaman Road. Therefore, it is appropriate to continue planning for Queen Creek Parkway to become a north-south street, west of Ellsworth Road. Recognizing that Queen Creek Road increases only minimally with an aligned Queen Creek Parkway, Queen Creek Parkway could either align or be offset from Queen Creek Road at Ellsworth Road. Most importantly, the predicted traffic volume for Queen Parkway should be adjusted from the 22,300 vehicles-per-day indicated in the 2010 Southeast Mesa Queen Creek Study.

The predicted traffic volume on Queen Creek Parkway should be the difference between the screenline volume without and with the parkway direct connection. The screenline traffic volume difference with Queen Creek Parkway was 11,900 vehicles-per-day at Germann Road and 3,700 vehicles-per-day at Ellsworth Road. This large discrepancy will not occur. The through traffic volume on Queen Creek Parkway will be consistent for its large discrepancy will not occur. The through traffic volume on Queen Creek Parkway would have the larger of these two volumes for its entire length from Germann Road to Ellsworth Road. It is conservative to assume that Queen Creek Parkway would have the larger of these two volumes for its entire length from Germann Road to Ellsworth Road. It is conservative to assume that Queen Creek Parkway at its intersection with Germann Road and at its intersection with Ellsworth Road.

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Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station

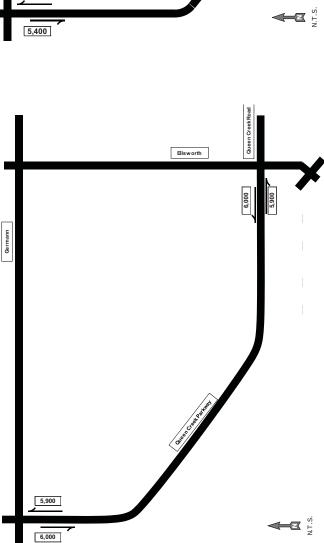


Figure 15: 2018 Daily Traffic Volumes with Queen Creek Parkway aligned with Queen Creek Road

With the offset between Queen Creek Parkway and Queen Creek Road, the daily traffic volumes would be reduced. The amount of reduction can be predicted only with a more detailed analysis. The traffic volume reduction would vary with the resulting traffic volume at 70% to 90% of the aligned street traffic volume. A conservative assumption is that the re-aligned Queen Creek Parkway would have 90% of the traffic volume of the aligned Queen Creek Parkway. Elsworth Road is predicted to have 26,100 vehicles-per-day south of German Road and 43,100 vehicles-per-day north of Germann Road Elsworth Road could accommodate an additional 1,190 vehicles-per-day (10% of 11,900). **Figure 16** indicates the anticipated directional traffic volumes on Queen Creek Parkway with the offset alignment.

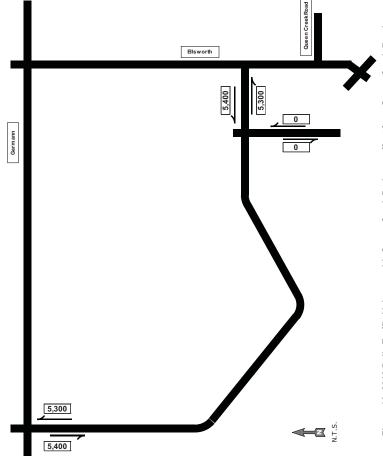


Figure 16: 2018 Daily Traffic Volumes with Queen Creek Parkway offset from Queen Creek Road

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### APPENDIX B.1 RESIDENTIAL



RESIDENTIAL SINGLE FAMILY - 210           EASIDENTIAL SINGLE FAMILY - 210           TALING LINTS           132           TRIPS           1 TRIPS           351         ENTERING         EXITING         TRIPS           4.31         286         284         50%         50%         50%         74         1442         1443	PARCEL PARCEL INDEPENDENT VARIABLE SIZE		באה בי	SMIN	
SINGLE FAMILY - 210           TAMILY - 210           197           4.31         285         284         50%           50%         631         671         671           6.32         632         631         671           8.5         671         671         671           8.5         671         671         671           8.5         671         671         671           8.5         671         671         671           1.442         1.442         1.442         1.442           3.6         671         671         671           8.5         6.7         7.4%         7.6           1.81         1.442         7.4%         7.6           1.81         1.1         3.3         1.7           1.81         1.1         3.3         1.0           1.02         2.6         7.6           1.03         2.7         7.8           1.04	E LAND USE CATEGORY AND CODE INDEPENDENT VARIABLE SIZE		RESIDE	NTIAL	
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351 $351$ 197 $285$ $284$ 4.31 $285$ $284$ 9.57 $632$ $631$ 21.85 $1.442$ $1.442$ 3.69 $671$ $671$ $8.6$ $671$ $671$ $8.6$ $671$ $671$ $8.6$ $671$ $671$ $8.6$ $671$ $671$ $8.6$ $671$ $671$ $8.6$ $671$ $671$ $8.6$ $671$ $671$ $8.6$ $871$ $871$ $8.6$ $871$ $871$ $8.6$ $871$ $871$ $8.6$ $871$ $871$ $8.6$ $871$ $871$ $8.6$ $871$ $871$ $8.6$ $871$ $871$ $8.6$ $871$ $871$ $8.6$ $871$ $871$ $8.6$ $871$ $871$ $8.6$ $871$ $871$ $8.6$ $871$ $871$ <tr< td=""><td>WEEKDAY DAILY</td><td></td><td>50%</td><td>50%</td><td>5</td></tr<>	WEEKDAY DAILY		50%	50%	5
197       285       284         4.31       632       631         2.185       1,442       1,442         3.69       671       671         8.69       671       671         194       10       30         0.30       10       30         0.75       25%       75%         2.27       75       225         2.41       26       76         181       11       33         0.75       26       76         2.27       75       225         2.27       78       225         341       26%       74         0.33       11       33         0.77       27       78         2.27       78       78         8.5       20       76         1.81       1       33         0.77       27       78         2.27       78       22         2.28       27       78         2.28       248       145         1.04       84       49         1.05       86       49         1.07       86       49		351			
4.31       285       284         9.57       632       631         9.57       632       631         2.185       1,442       1,442         3.69       671       671 $R^2 = 0.89$ 67       67 $R^2 = 0.90$ 26       76 $R^2 = 0.90$ 26       76 $R^2 = 0.90$ 26       76 $R^2 = 0.90$ 27       78 $R^2 = 0.80$ 27       78 $R^2 = 0.91$ 88       49	VERAGE SIZE	197			
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	INIMUM RATE	4.31	285	284	269
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	VERAGE RATE	9.57	632	631	1,263
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	AXIMUM RATE	21.85	1,442	1,442	2,884
$R^2 = 0.89$ 671         671           286         25%         76%           286         10         30           0.30         10         30           0.75         25         74           2.27         75         225           2.41         26         76           R^2 = 0.90         26         76           R^2 = 0.90         26         76           341         11         33           0.77         27         78           2.27         78         222           0.91         27         78           8         2.27         78           0.91         27         78           0.31         7         78           0.27         78         222           0.91         27         78           8         20         37%           1.01         84         49           1.02         35         20           1.04         85         50           8         49         49           1.02         86         49           1.02         86         49	TANDARD DEVIATION	3.69			
671         671           286         75%           286         78%           194         10         30           0.30         10         30           0.75         25         74           2.27         75         255           2.41         26         76           R <sup>2</sup> = 0.90         26         76           R <sup>2</sup> = 0.90         26         76           0.33         11         33           0.77         27         78           2.27         78         222           0.91         27         78           8.3         27         78           1.04         84         49           1.04         84         49           1.05         86         49           1.05         86         49           1.05         86         49           1.05         86         49           1.05         88         49	= 0.92 * LN(X) + 2.71	$R^2 = 0.89$	671	671	1,342
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	RGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION		671	671	1,342
286       0.30     10     30       0.75     25     74       2.27     25     74       2.27     26     76       R <sup>2</sup> = 0.90     26     76       341     26%     74%       181     74%       341     26%     74%       0.37     77     78       0.27     78     222       0.31     27     78       1.07     84     49       1.01     84     49       1.02     86     50       1.05     85     50       1.05     86     49       1.02     86     49       1.02     86     49       1.02     86     49       1.02     86     49       1.05     86     49       1.05     86     49       1.05     86     49       1.05     86     49       1.05     86     49       1.05     86     49       1.05     86     49       1.05     86     49       1.05     86     49       1.05     86     49       1.05     86     49	M PEAK HOUR ADJACENT STREET		72%	75%	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	UMBER OF STUDIES	286			
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	VERAGE SIZE	194			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	INIMUM RATE	0.30	10	30	40
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	VERAGE RATE	0.75	25	74	66
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	AXIMUM RATE	2.27	92	225	300
$R^2 = 0.90$ 26     76       341 $26\%$ $74\%$ 341 $14\%$ $74\%$ 181 $11$ $33$ 0.33 $11$ $33$ 0.77 $27$ $75$ 2.27 $78$ $222$ 0.91 $27$ $78$ $2.27$ $78$ $37\%$ $314$ $63\%$ $37\%$ $314$ $63\%$ $37\%$ $1.01$ $84$ $49$ $1.05$ $85$ $50$ $1.05$ $85$ $50$ $1.05$ $85$ $50$ $1.05$ $85$ $50$ $1.05$ $86$ $49$ $1.02$ $86$ $49$ $1.02$ $86$ $49$ $1.02$ $86$ $49$ $1.05$ $86$ $49$ $1.05$ $86$ $49$ $1.05$ $86$ $49$ $1.05$ $86$ $49$ $1.05$ $86$ $49$ $1.05$ $86$ $49$ $1.05$ $86$ $49$ $1.05$ $86$ $49$ $1.05$ $86$ $49$	TANDARD DEVIATION	2.41			
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	+ 9.74		26	9/	102
$34.1 \\ 34.1 \\ 18.1 \\ 0.33 \\ 0.77 \\ 0.34 \\ 0.33 \\ 0.77 \\ 0.77 \\ 0.77 \\ 0.77 \\ 0.77 \\ 0.77 \\ 0.78 \\ 0.77 \\ 0.78 \\ 0.78 \\ 0.77 \\ 0.78 \\ 0.78 \\ 0.77 \\ 0.78 \\ 0.78 \\ 0.78 \\ 0.78 \\ 0.78 \\ 0.78 \\ 0.79 \\ 0.70 \\ $	RGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION		26	92	102
341 $181$ $0.33$ $0.77$ $2.7$ $2.27$ $0.91$ $0.91$ $1.03$ $2.8$ $2.8$ $2.8$ $2.98$ $2.98$ $2.98$ $2.98$ $2.98$ $2.98$ $2.98$ $2.98$ $2.98$ $2.98$ $2.98$ $2.98$ $2.98$ $2.98$ $3.60$ $1.05$ $85$ $2.0$ $1.05$ $86$ $49$ $1.05$ $86$ $49$ $1.05$ $86$ $49$ $1.05$ $86$ $49$ $1.07$ $88$ $49$ $1.08$ $86$ $49$ $1.09$ $1.09$ $88$ $49$	AM PEAK HOUR GENERATOR		26%	74%	
181     33       0.33     11     33       0.77     27     75       2.27     78     222       0.91     27     78       R <sup>2</sup> = 0.89     27     78       208     27     78       314     84     49       208     248     145       1.01     84     49       2.96     248     145       1.01     85     50       64%     36%     36%       1.02     86     49       2.96     252     141       1.02     86     49       1.05     86     49       1.05     86     49       1.05     86     49       1.05     86     49       1.05     86     49       1.05     86     49       1.05     88     49	UMBER OF STUDIES	341			
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	VERAGE SIZE	181			
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	INIMUM RATE	0.33	11	33	44
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	VERAGE RATE	0.77	27	75	102
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	AXIMUM RATE	2.27	78	222	300
$R^2 = 0.89$ $27$ $78$ $R^2 = 0.89$ $27$ $78$ $314$ $63\%$ $37\%$ $208$ $34\%$ $49$ $208$ $36$ $20$ $1.01$ $84$ $49$ $1.05$ $85$ $50$ $R^2 = 0.91$ $85$ $50$ $1.05$ $86$ $50$ $1.02$ $86$ $49$ $1.02$ $86$ $49$ $1.02$ $86$ $49$ $1.05$ $88$ $49$	TANDARD DEVIATION	0.91			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	+ 12.37	$R^2 = 0.89$	27	78	105
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			27	78	105
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	M PEAK HOUR ADJACENT STREET		63%	37%	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	UMBER OF STUDIES	314			
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	VERAGE SIZE	208			
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	INIMUM RATE	0.42	35	20	22
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	VERAGE RATE	1.01	84	49	133
1.05     85     50 $R^2 = 0.91$ 85     50       85     50       85     50       64%     36%       360     36%       174     35     20       1.02     86     49       2.98     252     141       1.05     88     49 $R^2 = 0.91$ 88     49	AXIMUM RATE	2.98	248	145	393
$R^2 = 0.91 \qquad 85 \qquad 50 \qquad \\ 85 \qquad 50 \qquad \\ 86 \qquad 50 \qquad \\ 86 \qquad 36\% \qquad \\ 36\% \qquad \\ 36\% \qquad \\ 36\% \qquad \\ 174 \qquad \\ 0.42 \qquad 35 \qquad 20 \qquad \\ 1.02 \qquad 86 \qquad 49 \qquad \\ 2.98 \qquad 252 \qquad 141 \qquad \\ 1.05 \qquad \\ R^2 = 0.91 \qquad 88 \qquad 49 \qquad \\ 88 \qquad 49 \qquad \\ \end{tabular}$	TANDARD DEVIATION	1.05			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		$R^2 = 0.91$	82	20	135
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	RGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION		85	20	135
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	PM PEAK HOUR GENERATOR		64%	36%	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	UMBER OF STUDIES	360			
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	VERAGE SIZE	174			
1.02     86     49       2.98     252     141       1.05     8     49 $R^2 = 0.91$ 88     49	INIMUM RATE	0.42	35	20	22
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	VERAGE RATE	1.02	98	49	135
$1.05$ $R^2 = 0.91$ $88$ $49$ $89$	AXIMUM RATE	2.98	252	141	393
R <sup>2</sup> = 0.91 88 49 88 49	TANDARD DEVIATION	1.05			
88 49	8 * I N(X) + 0.62	R <sup>2</sup> = 0.91	88	49	137
2		1000	88	49	137
					Monda Monda

Net Serice   Particular	132 132 133 133 133 133 133 133 133 133	RESII	FATE 74 213 213 5.32 10.08 15.25 16.08 16.25 3.68 R <sup>2</sup> = 0.91 6.50 0.99 R <sup>2</sup> = 0.91 R <sup>2</sup> = 0.91	TELAND USE CATEGORY AND CODE INDEPENDENT VARIABLE SIZE SATURDAY DAILY NUMBER OF STUDIES AVERAGE SIZE MINIMUM RATE STANDARD DEVIATION EQUATION: LN (T) = 0.95 * LN(X) + 2.59 ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION NUMBER OF STUDIES AVERAGE SIZE MINIMUM RATE AVERAGE SIZE MINIMUM RATE STANDARD DEVIATION STANDARD DEVIATION STANDARD DEVIATION STANDARD DEVIATION EQUATION: T = 0.89 * (X) + 9.56 AVERAGE SIZE MINIMUM RATE STANDARD DEVIATION EQUATION: T = 0.89 * (X) + 9.56 ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION ARGER OF SIZE MINIMUM RATE STANDARD DEVIATION EQUATION: T = 0.89 * (X) + 9.56 ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION
SINGLE FAMIL  SINGLE FAMIL  132  PATE ENTERING  74  213  5.32  5.32  5.32  5.32  5.32  10.08  666  10.08  666  10.08  666  10.08  689  R² = 0.91  690  1.75  1.75  1.75  1.75  1.81  3.33  1.21  877  879  1.21  879  1.21  879  1.21  879  1.21  879  1.21  879  1.21  879  1.21  8877  879  1.21  8877  879  1.24  1.24  1.24  1.24  879  1.25  8877  8877  8877  8877  8877  8879  1.28  8877  8877  8879  1.28  8877  8887  8877  8887  8887  8888  8888  8888  8888  8888  8888  8888	130 MH	SINGLE F  DWELL  DWELL  50% 50% 666 1,007 689 689 689 689 62 116 64 64 64	74 74 213 5.32 10.08 15.32 16.08 15.32 16.08 16.09 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.99 1.75 0.99	TE LAND USE CATEGORY AND CODE  SIZE SIZE SIZE STAURDAY DAILY  NUMBER OF STUDIES AVERAGE SIZE MINIMUM RATE MAXIMUM RATE EQUATION: LN (T) = 0.95 * LN(X) + 2.99  ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION  NUMBER OF STUDIES AVERAGE SIZE MINIMUM RATE MAXIMUM RATE MAXIM
RATE ENTERING 132  RATE ENTERING 50% 74  213 5.32 351 10.07  15.25 1,007 689 689 689 689 689 689 689 689 689 689	132 L	ENTERING 50% 50% 1,007 1,007 689 689 689 689 689 689 689 689 689 689	74 213 5.23 10.08 15.25 3.68 R² = 0.91 217 0.50 0.99 R² = 0.91 R² = 0.91	SATURDAY DAILY  SIZE  SIZE  NUMBER OF STUDIES  AVERAGE SIZE  MINIMUM RATE  AVERAGE RATE  MANIMUM RATE  STANDHARD DEVIATION  PEAK HOUR GENERATOR  NUMBER OF STUDIES  AVERAGE SIZE  MANIMUM RATE  MANIMU
PATE ENTERING   132   132   132   132   136   13	132		74 74 213 5.32 10.08 3.68 15.25 3.68 15.25 3.68 7.27 0.50 0.99 0.99	SIZE  SATURDAY DAILY  NUMBER OF STUDIES  AVERAGE SIZE  MINIMUM RATE  AVERAGE RATE  AVERAGE RATE  STANDARD DEVIATION  EQUATION: LN (T) = 0.95 * LN(X) + 2.59  ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION  NUMBER OF STUDIES  AVERAGE RATE  MAXIMUM RATE  STANDARD DEVIATION  STANDARD DEVIATION  EQUATION: T = 0.89 * (X) + 9.56  ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION  EQUATION: T = 0.89 * (X) + 9.56  ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION  EQUATION: T = 0.89 * (X) + 9.56  ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION
FATE ENTERING  74  74  213  50%  10.08  15.25  10.08  668  15.25  10.07  368  R² = 0.91  689  689  689  689  689  689  689  6		689 689 689 689 689 689 689 689 689 680 607 64 64	74 213 5.32 10.08 15.25 3.68 R² = 0.91 63 0.50 0.50 0.99 R² = 0.91	SATURDAY DAILY  NUMBER OF STUDIES  AVERAGE SIZE  MINIMUM RATE  MAXIMUM RATE  STANDARD DEVIATION  EQUATION: LN (T) = 0.95 *LN(X) + 2.59  ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION  NUMBER OF STUDIES  AVERAGE RATE  MAXIMUM RATE  AVERAGE SIZE  MINIMUM RATE  STANDARD DEVIATION  EQUATION: T = 0.89 *(X) + 9.56  ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION  EQUATION: T = 0.89 *(X) + 9.56  ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION  EQUATION: T = 0.89 *(X) + 9.56
74 50% 74 1.03 2.13 2.13 2.13 2.13 2.14 6.66 15.25 1.007 3.68 6.69 6.89 6.99 6.99 6.4 6.4 7.0 70 2.16 4.74 3.13 6.70 70 2.16 4.74 3.13 8.77 6.70 70 2.16 4.74 3.13 8.77 8.77 8.79 8.77 8.79 8.77 8.79 8.77 8.79 8.77 8.79 8.77 8.79 8.79		50% 351 666 1,007 1,007 689 689 689 50% 50% 62 62 64 64 64	74 213 5.23 10.08 15.25 3.68 R² = 0.91 63 63 217 0.50 0.99 R² = 0.91	NUMBER OF STUDIES  AVERAGE SIZE MINIMUM RATE  MAXIMUM RATE  STANDARD DEVIATION  ROUATION: LN (T) = 0.95 *LN(X) + 2.59  ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION  PEAK HOUR GENERATOR  NUMBER OF STUDIES  AVERAGE RIZE MINIMUM RATE  AVERAGE RIZE  MINIMUM RATE  STANDARD DEVIATION  EQUATION: T = 0.89 *(X) + 9.56  ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION  EQUATION: T = 0.89 *(X) + 9.56  ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION  ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION  AND THE TOWN
74 213 213 213 213 5.32 10.08 666 15.25 1,007 3.68 R <sup>2</sup> = 0.91 689 67 670 670 175 0.99 R <sup>2</sup> = 0.91 64 64 77 70 216 4.74 313 8.77 579 12.31 8.77 579 528 52 215 215 0.86 60 0.86 60 0.86 60	351 665 1,006 1,006 689 689 689 689 689 689 133 611 115	351 666 1,007 689 689 689 50% 50% 64 64 64	74 213 5.32 10.08 3.68 16.25 3.68 R <sup>2</sup> = 0.91 6.50 0.50 0.99 R <sup>2</sup> = 0.91	NUMBER OF STUDIES  AVERAGE SIZE  MINIMUM RATE  AVERAGE RATE  AVERAGE RATE  STANDARD DEVIATION  STANDARD DEVIATION  FOUNTION: LN (T) = 0.95 * LN(X) + 2.59  ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION  PEAK HOUR GENERATOR  NUMBER OF STUDIES  AVERAGE RATE  MINIMUM RATE  AVERAGE RATE  AVERAGE RATE  STANDARD DEVIATION  EQUATION: T = 0.89 * (X) + 9.56  ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION  EQUATION: T = 0.89 * (X) + 9.56  ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION
213 5.32 6.66 10.08 6.66 15.25 1.007 3.68 8.20 5.3 6.89 6.89 6.89 6.89 6.89 6.89 6.89 6.89	351 665 1,006 689 689 689 50% 50% 115	351 666 1,007 689 689 50% 50% 116 64 64 64	$\begin{array}{c} 213 \\ 5.32 \\ 10.08 \\ 15.26 \\ 15.26 \\ 3.68 \\ R^2 = 0.91 \\ \hline \\ 217 \\ 0.50 \\ 0.99 \\ 0.99 \\ R^2 = 0.91 \\ \end{array}$	AVERAGE SIZE MINIMUM RATE AVERAGE RATE AVERAGE RATE STANDARD BEVIATION EQUATION: LN (T) = 0.95 * LN(X) + 2.59 ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION NUMBER OF STUDIES AVERAGE SIZE MINIMUM RATE AVERAGE RATE MAXIMUM RATE STANDARD DEVIATION STANDARD DEVIATION EQUATION: T = 0.89 * (X) + 9.56 ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION EQUATION: T = 0.89 * (X) + 9.56 ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION
5.32     351       10.08     666       10.08     666       3.68     689       R² = 0.91     689       53     50%       53     62       1.75     116       0.93     62       1.75     116       0.93     62       1.75     116       0.93     62       1.75     64       64     64       1.70     579       216     313       8.77     579       12.31     813       3.33     877       579     579       52     579       52     579       52     579       52     579       64     579       65     39       60     60       60     60       60     60       64     60       64     60       65     39       66     60       68     60       69     60       69     60       69     60       69     60       69     60       69     60       69     60	351 665 1,006 1,006 689 689 50% 50% 61 61 61	351 666 1,007 1,007 689 689 689 50% 116 62 62 62 62 62 62 64 64 64	$\begin{array}{c} 5.32 \\ 10.08 \\ 16.25 \\ 3.68 \\ R^2 = 0.91 \\ 217 \\ 0.50 \\ 0.99 \\ R^2 = 0.91 \\ \end{array}$	AVERAGE RATE MAXIMUM RATE MAXIMUM RATE MAXIMUM RATE EQUATION: LN (T) = 0.95 * LN(X) + 2.59  REGUATION: LN (T) = 0.95 * LN(X) + 2.69  ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION PEAK HOUR GENERATOR NUMBER OF STUDIES AVERAGE SIZE MINIMUM RATE MAXIMUM RATE EQUATION: T = 0.89 * (X) + 9.56  ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION AND AND AND AVERAGE OR EQUATION AND AND AND AVERAGE OR EQUATION
10.08 666  15.25 1,007  3.68 689  8.3 689  5.3 50%  5.3 50%  5.3 62  0.93 62  0.93 62  1.75 116  0.99 64  1.75 116  0.99 64  1.75 116  0.99 64  1.75 116  0.99 67  1.21 813  3.33 579  1.2.31 813  3.33 579  5.70 579  1.2.31 813  2.16 579  2.16 579  2.16 579  2.16 579  2.17 579  2.18 313  8.77 579  2.16 579  2.16 64  6.1 1.31 813  3.33 5.2 579  5.2 216  6.2 60  0.86 60  0.86 60  0.86 60  0.86 60  0.86 60  0.86 60	665 1,006 689 689 50% 50% 61 115	666 1,007 689 689 689 50% 116 62 116 64 64 64	10.08 15.25 3.68 R <sup>2</sup> = 0.91 53 217 0.50 0.93 1.75 0.99 R <sup>2</sup> = 0.91	AVERAGE RATE  MAXIMUM RATE EQUADION EQUATION EQUATION EQUATION EXAMENTE IN (T) = 0.95 * LN(X) + 2.59  ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION PEAK HOUR GENERATOR NUMBER OF STUDIES MAKINUM RATE MAXIMUM RATE EQUATION: T = 0.89 * (X) + 9.56  ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION
15.25 1,007 3.68 R <sup>2</sup> = 0.91 689 689 689 689 689 689 689 689 689 689	1,006 689 689 689 50% 50%	1,007 689 689 689 50% 116 62 62 64 64 64	16.25 3.68 R² = 0.91 53 217 0.50 0.99 R² = 0.91	MAXIMUM RATE STANDARD DEVIATION EQUATION: LN (T) = 0.95 * LN(X) + 2.59 ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION PEAK HOUR GENERATOR NUMBER OF STUDIES AVERAGE SIZE MINIMUM RATE AVERAGE RATE STANDARD DEVIATION STANDARD DEVIATION EQUATION: T = 0.89 * (X) + 9.56 ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION
R <sup>2</sup> = 0.91   689   68	689 689 50% 50% 33 61 115	689 689 50% 50% 33 62 62 64 64 64	3.68  R <sup>2</sup> = 0.91  53  217  0.50  0.93  1.76  0.99	STANDARD DEVIATION  REQUATION: LN (T) = 0.95 * LN(X) + 2.59  ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION  PEAK HOUR GENERATOR  NUMBER OF STUDIES  AVERAGE SIZE  MINIMUM RATE  AVERAGE RATE  AVERAGE RATE  STANDARD DEVIATION  STANDARD DEVIATION  EQUATION: T = 0.89 * (X) + 9.56  ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION  ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION
R² = 0.91     689       689     689       53     50%       53     217       217     33       0.50     33       0.50     62       1.75     116       0.99     64       R² = 0.91     64       R² = 0.91     64       A.74     313       8.77     579       12.31     813       3.33     579       R² = 0.94     577       R² = 0.94     577       52     578       65     39       0.55     39       0.86     60       1.48     103       0.98     60       0.98     0.96       0.98     0.96       0.98     0.96       0.98     0.96       0.98     0.96       0.98     0.96       0.98     0.96	689 689 508 50% 61 61 115	689 689 50% 50% 116 62 62 64 64 64	$R^{2} = 0.91$ $53$ $217$ $0.50$ $0.93$ $1.75$ $0.99$ $R^{2} = 0.91$	AGEGUATION: LN (T) = 0.95 * LN(X) + 2.59  ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION  NUMBER OF STUDIES  AVERAGE SIZE  MINIMUM RATE  AVERAGE RATE  AVERAGE RATE  STANDARD DEVIATION  STANDARD DEVIATION  EQUATION: T = 0.89 * (X) + 9.56  ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION
53 50% 50% 50% 50% 50% 50% 50% 50% 50% 50%	50% 50% 33 31 61 115	689 50% 50% 33 62 116 64 64 64 64	53 217 0.50 0.93 1.75 0.99 R <sup>2</sup> = 0.91	ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION PEAK HOUR GENERATOR NUMBER OF STUDIES AVERAGE SIZE MINIMUM RATE MAXIMUM RATE MA
53 50% 50% 50% 50% 50% 50% 50% 50% 50% 50%	50% 33 33 115	50% 33 62 116 64 64 64 64	53 217 0.50 0.93 1.75 0.99 R <sup>2</sup> = 0.91	PEAK HOUR GENERATOR NUMBER OF STUDIES AVERAGE SIZE MINIMUM RATE MAXIMUM RATE STANDARD DEVIATION STANDARD DEVIATION ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION
53 217 0.50 0.93 62 1.75 1.75 0.89 0.89 0.89 0.89 0.89 0.80 0.86	33 61 115	33 62 116 64 64 <b>64</b> <b>64</b>	53  217 0.50 0.93 1.75 0.99 R <sup>2</sup> = 0.91	NUMBER OF STUDIES  AVERAGE SIZE MINIMUM RATE  AVERAGE RATE  AVERAGE RATE  STANDARD DEVIATION  EQUATION: T = 0.89 * (X) + 9.56  ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION
217 050 050 050 033 038 0.99 0.99 0.99 0.64 0.99 0.64 0.99 0.99 0.99 0.59 0.50 0.99 0.50 0.50	33 61 115	33 62 116 64 64 64 50%	217 0.50 0.93 1.75 0.99 R2 = 0.91	AVERAGE SIZE MINIMUM RATE AVERAGE RATE AVERAGE RATE STANDARD DEVIATION EQUATION: T = 0.89 * (X) + 9.56 ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	93 91 115	33 62 116 64 64 64 50%	$0.50$ $0.93$ $1.75$ $0.99$ $R^2 = 0.91$	AVERAGE RATE AVERAGE RATE MAXIMUM RATE STANDARD DEVIATION EQUATION: T = 0.89 * (X) + 9.56 ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION
0.93 62 1.75 116 0.99 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 65 216 8.77 579 8.77 579 8.77 579 8.77 579 8.77 579 8.77 579 8.77 579 8.77 579 62 216 63 39 65 39 66 60 68 60 60 6	115	62 116 64 <b>64</b> 50%	$0.93$ $1.75$ $0.99$ $R^2 = 0.91$	AVERAGE RATE MAXIMUM RATE STANDARD DEVIATION EQUATION: T = 0.89* (X) + 9.56 ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION
1.75 116 0.89 R <sup>2</sup> = 0.91 64 64 64 64 70 216 4.74 313 8.77 579 12.31 8.77 579 12.31 8.77 579 62 216 53% 52 216 0.86 60 0.86 60 0.86 60 0.86 60	115	116 64 <b>64</b> 50%	$\frac{1.75}{0.99}$ $R^2 = 0.91$	MAXIMUM RATE STANDARD DEVIATION EQUATION: T = 0.89 * (X) + 9.56  ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION
0.39  R <sup>2</sup> = 0.91  64  64  70  70  216  216  4.74  313  8.77  8.77  12.31  813  8.77  872  673  R <sup>2</sup> = 0.94  573  R <sup>2</sup> = 0.94  573  879  678  678  686  696  1.48  1.48  1.48  696  878  697  698  698  698  698  69	· ·	64 <b>64</b> 50%	0.99 R <sup>2</sup> = $0.91$	STANDARD DEVIATION EQUATION: T = 0.89 * (X) + 9.56  ARGEST OF AVERAGE OF EQUATION
R <sup>2</sup> = 0.91 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64		64 <b>64</b> 50%	$R^2 = 0.91$	ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION
50% 70 216 4.74 3.13 8.77 12.31 8.77 12.31 8.73 8.77 5.79 5.70 5.	63	<b>64</b> 50%		ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION
70 216 4,74 8,77 12,31 3,33 1,2,31 1,2,31 1,2,31 8,77 5,79 5,70 6,70 6,	63	20%		VIIAG VACIATIO
70 474 313 8.77 579 12.31 813 8.33 R <sup>2</sup> = 0.94 577 53% 52 215 0.85 60 0.86 60 1.48 103 0.98 60	20%			SUNDAY DAILY
216 217 4.74 513 8.77 579 12.31 813 3.33 R <sup>2</sup> = 0.94 577 579 579 579 579 579 579 579 579 579			70	NUMBER OF STUDIES
4.74 313 8.77 579 12.31 813 3.33 577 R <sup>2</sup> = 0.94 577 52 579 52 215 215 39 0.55 39 0.86 60 1.48 103 R <sup>2</sup> = 0.87 64			216	AVERAGE SIZE
8.77 579 12.31 813 3.33 R <sup>2</sup> = 0.94 577 52 52 215 0.55 39 0.86 60 1.48 103 0.98 60 1.48 103	313	313	4.74	MINIMUM RATE
12.31 813 3.33 R <sup>2</sup> = 0.94 5.77 5.79 5.79 5.70 5.70 5.70 5.70 5.70 5.70 5.70 5.70	579	629	8.77	AVERAGE RATE
3.33 R <sup>2</sup> = 0.94 579 579 520 216 0.55 0.86 0.86 0.9	812	813	12.31	MAXIMUM RATE
F2 = 0.94 577 579 579 579 579 579 579 579 579 579			3.33	STANDARD DEVIATION
52 53% 53% 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64	577	277	$R^2 = 0.94$	EQUATION: T = 8.84 * (X) - 13.31
52 215 215 0.55 0.86 0.86 0.98 0.98 60 1.48 1.03 8.2 1.03 64	579	579		ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION
52 215 0.55 39 0.86 60 1.48 0.95 R <sup>2</sup> = 0.87 64	47%	23%		PEAK HOUR GENERATOR
215 0.55 0.86 0.86 0.95 0.95 8 <sup>2</sup> = 0.87 64			52	NUMBER OF STUDIES
0.55 39 0.05 0.08 60 1.48 103 0.05 64 64			215	AVERAGE SIZE
0.86 60 1.48 103 0.95 64	34	39	0.55	MINIMUM RATE
1.48 103 0.95 64	24	09	0.86	AVERAGE RATE
0.95 $64$	92	103	1.48	MAXIMUM RATE
$R^2 = 0.87$ 64			0.95	STANDARD DEVIATION
2.5	57	64	$R^2 = 0.87$	EQUATION: LN (T) = 0.91 * LN(X) + 0.35
-ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION 64 57	22	64		ARGEST OF AVERAGE OR EQUATION

## APPENDIX B.2 HERITAGE CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

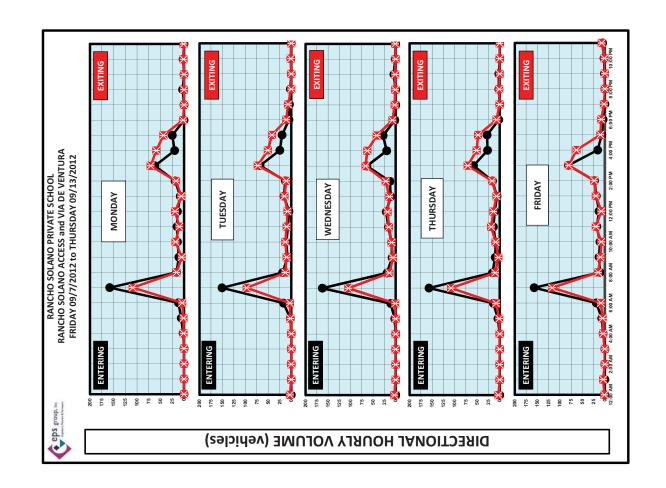


	DAILY T	DAILY TRAFFIC
DAY	ENTERING	EXITING
MONDAY	387	384
TUESDAY	374	370
WEDNESDAY	392	391
THURSDAY	376	377
FRIDAY	411	416
MAXIMUM	411	416
RATE	1.58	1.60

Y         ENTERING         EXITING         ENTERING         EXITING         ENTITING         ENTI				15-MINUTE TRAFFIC	TRAFFIC		
Υ         ENTERING         EXITING         ENTERING         EXITING           Υ         60         39         20         43           ΛΥ         50         44         21         47           SDAY         53         50         20         46           AAY         54         41         16         53           AUM         70         53         25         58           RE         0.27         0.20         0.10         0.22		ARR	VAL	DISMI	SSAL	STREET PEAK	r PEAK
Y         60         39         20         43           NY         50         44         21         47           SDAY         53         50         20         46           AY         54         41         16         53           AY         53         25         58           MUM         70         53         25         58           FE         0.27         0.20         0.10         0.22	DAY	ENTERING	EXITING	ENTERING	EXITING	ENTERING	EXITING
NY 50 44 21 47 SDAY 53 50 20 46 AS AY AT	DAY	09	39	20	43	13	17
SDAY 53 50 20 46 53 AV 54 41 16 53 58 AUM 70 53 25 58 FE	SDAY	20	44	21	47	7	80
NAY 54 41 16 53 7	NESDAY	53	20	20	46	6	16
70 53 25 58 70 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	THURSDAY	54	41	16	53	7	18
53 25 58 0.20 0.10 0.22	FRIDAY	20	53	25	58	2	4
0.27 0.20 0.10 0.22	VXIMUM	20	53	25	28	13	18
	RATE	0.27	0.20	0.10	0.22	0.05	0.07

						PEAK 15-I	ENTERING	0.27	
>:	EXITING	1.60	096			HOUR	EXITING	0.45	
DAY	ENTERING	1.58	948			PEAK HOUR	ENTERING	0.63	
	ARRIVAL	RATE	VOLUME				ARRIVAL	RATE	

	PEAK HOUR	HOUR	PEAK 15-MINUTES	MINUTES
ARRIVAL	ENTERING	EXITING	ENTERING	EXITING
RATE	0.63	0.45	0.27	0.22
VOLUME	376	270	162	134
DISMISSAL				
RATE	0.35	0.44	0.10	0.22
VOLUME	208	265	28	134
STREET PEAK				
RATE	0.11	0.18	0.05	0.07
VOLUME	92	111	30	42





1: Queen Creek Parkway & Germann Road

2020 with Site Weekday Peak AM

•	SBR	1	25	1900								0.92	27	0	0																										
<b>→</b>	SBT	2	180	1900	4.0	1.00	96.0	1.00	1829	1.00	1829	0.92	196	6	214	¥	9		11.6	11.6	0.19	4.0	3.0	353	0.12		0.61	22.1	1.00	5.9	25.1	ပ	24.5	ပ							
۶	SBL	r	25	1900	4.0	1.00	1.00	0.95	1770	0.58	1085	0.92	27	0	27	Perm		9	11.6	11.6	0.19	4.0	3.0	209		0.02	0.13	20.0	1.00	0.3	20.3	ပ									
•	NBR		131	1900								0.92	142	0	0																					ပ		16.0	Ω		
•	NBT	£	136	1900	4.0	1.00	0.93	1.00	1726	1.00	1726	0.92	148	61	229	Ϋ́	2		21.6	21.6	0.36	4.0	3.0	621	0.13		0.37	14.2	1.51	0.4	21.8	ပ	30.3	O							
•	NBL	F	264	1900	4.0	1.00	1.00	0.95	1770	0.35	647	0.92	287	0	287	pm+pt	2	2	21.6	21.6	0.36	4.0	3.0	345	c0.08	c0.22	0.83	16.4	1.46	14.9	38.8	□				Service					
4	WBR		22	1900								0.92	27	0	0																					HCM 2000 Level of Service		time (s)	ICU Level of Service		
ţ	WBT	4413	1554	1900	4.0	0.91	1.00	1.00	5073	1.00	5073	0.92	1689	7	1714	Ν	∞		24.8	24.8	0.41	4.0	3.0	2096	c0.34		0.82	15.6	1.99	2.2	33.3	ပ	32.6	O		CM 2000		Sum of lost time (s)	U Level		
<b>/</b>	WBL	r	88	1900	4.0	1.00	1.00	0.95	1770	0.16	300	0.92	97	0	97	pm+pt	က	∞	28.9	28.9	0.48	4.0	3.0	244	c0.03	0.16	0.40	11.2	1.74	9.0	20.2	ပ				I		S	_		
<u>/</u>	EBR		132	1900								0.92	143	0	0																					28.0	0.89	0.09	73.1%	15	
<b>†</b>	EBT	4413	1362	1900	4.0	0.91	0.99	1.00	5018	1.00	5018	0.92	1480	9	1605	ΑN	4		22.3	22.3	0.37	4.0	3.0	1865	0.32		0.86	17.4	1.00	5.5	22.9	ပ	22.7	ပ							
^	EBL	r	78	1900	4.0	1.00	1.00	0.95	1770	0.18	334	0.92	9	0	30	pm+pt	7	4	23.9	23.9	0.40	4.0	3.0	171	0.00	0.07	0.18	12.4	1.00	0.5	12.9	Ф					ty ratio		on		
	Movement	Lane Configurations	Volume (vph)	Ideal Flow (vphpl)	Total Lost time (s)	Lane Util. Factor	Fr	Fit Protected	Satd. Flow (prot)	Flt Permitted	Satd. Flow (perm)	Peak-hour factor, PHF	Adj. Flow (vph)	RTOR Reduction (vph)	Lane Group Flow (vph)	Turn Type	Protected Phases	Permitted Phases	Actuated Green, G (s)	Effective Green, g (s)	Actuated g/C Ratio	Clearance Time (s)	Vehicle Extension (s)	Lane Grp Cap (vph)	v/s Ratio Prot	v/s Ratio Perm	v/c Ratio	Uniform Delay, d1	Progression Factor	Incremental Delay, d2	Delay (s)	Level of Service	Approach Delay (s)	Approach LOS	Intersection Summary	HCM 2000 Control Delay	HCM 2000 Volume to Capacity ratio	Actuated Cycle Length (s)	Intersection Capacity Utilization	Analysis Period (min)	c Critical Lane Group

La Jara Farms
Synchro 7 - Report
EPS Group, Inc.

1: Queen Creek Parkway & Germann Road

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Movement         EBI         EBI         EBI         EBI         EBI         EBI         EBI         BBI         Movement         Name         NBI         NBI         NBI         NBI         NBI         SBI         SBI         ANAmic (Morting)         NBI         ANAmic (Morting)         NBI         ANAmic (Morting)         NBI         ANAmic (Morting)         NBI         NBI         ANAmic (Morting)         NBI		1	†	<u> </u>	<b>&gt;</b>	ţ	4	•	<b>←</b>	•	٠	<b>→</b>	•
125 2863 331 108 1839 25 288 207 550 25 189 1400 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900	Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
125   2263   331   108   1539   25   228   207   50   25   180   1800   1900	Lane Configurations	#	4413		je-	4413		je-	÷		je-	¢Ŷ	
1900   1900	Volume (vph)	125	2263	331	108	1539	25	228	207	20	25	180	25
40         4,0	Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
1,00   0.91   1,00   0.91   1,00	Total Lost time (s)	4.0	4.0		4.0	4.0		4.0	4.0		4.0	4.0	
1.00 0.98 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.97 1.00 0.89 0.99 0.95 1.00 0.98 1.00 0.99 1.770 4.89 1.00 0.09 1.00 0.99 1.770 4.89 1.00 0.09 1.00 0.99 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0	Lane Util. Factor	1.00	0.91		1.00	0.91		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	
1470 4988 1777 65073 1770 1809 1770 1829 1700 1509 1700 1700 1700 1700 1700 1700 1700 17	ī	1.00	0.98		1.00	1.00		1.00	0.97		1.00	0.98	
1470 4988 1770 5073 1770 1809 1770 1829 0.099 1.000 0.093 1.000 0.093 1.000 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92	Fit Protected	0.95	1.00		0.95	1.00		0.95	1.00		0.95	1.00	
100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	Satd. Flow (prot)	1770	4988		1770	5073		1770	1809		1770	1829	
159 4988 173 5073 550 1809 1096 1829 0.92 2.0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.9	Flt Permitted	0.09	1.00		0.09	1.00		0.30	1.00		0.59	1.00	
136 2799 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.	Satd. Flow (perm)	159	4988		173	5073		220	1809		1096	1829	
136         2460         360         117         1673         27         248         225         54         27         196           0         220         0         0         26         26         0 </td <td>Peak-hour factor, PHF</td> <td>0.92</td>	Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
NA   NA   Perm	Adj. Flow (vph)	136	2460	360	117	1673	27	248	225	24	27	196	27
136   2799   0   117   1688   0   248   269   0   27	RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	22	0	0	2	0	0	10	0	0	9	0
NA	Lane Group Flow (vph)	136	2799	0	117	1698	0	248	569	0	27	217	0
7 4 8 8 5 2 6 6 85.0 47.0 43.0 27.0 27.0 16.0 16.0 16.0 16.0 16.0 16.0 16.0 16	Turn Type	pm+pt	A		pm+pt	¥		pm+pt	¥		Perm	ΑN	
4         8         2         2         6           55.0         47.0         43.0         27.0         27.0         16.0           55.0         47.0         47.0         43.0         27.0         27.0         16.0           061         0.52         0.48         0.30         0.30         0.18         0.18           4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0           3.0         3.0         3.0         3.0         3.0         3.0         3.0         3.0           2.0         2.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0           2.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0           2.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0           2.0         4.0	Protected Phases	7	4		က	∞		2	2			9	
55.0         47.0         43.0         27.0         27.0         16.0           55.0         47.0         43.0         27.0         27.0         16.0           0.61         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0           0.61         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0           4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0           2.0         2.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0           2.0         2.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0           2.0         2.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0           2.0         2.0         3.0         3.0         3.0         3.0         3.0           2.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0         4.0           2.0         2.0         3.0         3.0         3.0         3.0         3.0         3.0           3.0         3.0         3.3         3.0         3.0         3.0         3.0         3.0         3.0         3.0         3.0         3.0         3.0         3.0	Permitted Phases	4			∞			2			9		
55.0         47.0         47.0         43.0         27.0         27.0         16.0           661         0.52         0.62         0.48         0.30         0.30         0.18         0.19         0.02         0.02         0.02         0.02         0.02         0.02         0.02         0.02         0.02         0.03         0.10         0.02         0.02         0.02         0.02         0.02         0.03         0.10         0.02         0.02         0.02         0.02         0.03         0.12         0.02         0.02         0.02         0.02         0.03         0.12         0.02         0.02         0.03         0.03         0.0	Actuated Green, G (s)	22.0	47.0		47.0	43.0		27.0	27.0		16.0	16.0	
0.61 0.52 0.62 0.48 0.30 0.30 0.18 C 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0	Effective Green, g (s)	22.0	47.0		47.0	43.0		27.0	27.0		16.0	16.0	
4.0         6.0         6.0 <td>Actuated g/C Ratio</td> <td>0.61</td> <td>0.52</td> <td></td> <td>0.52</td> <td>0.48</td> <td></td> <td>0.30</td> <td>0.30</td> <td></td> <td>0.18</td> <td>0.18</td> <td></td>	Actuated g/C Ratio	0.61	0.52		0.52	0.48		0.30	0.30		0.18	0.18	
3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0	Clearance Time (s)	4.0	4.0		4.0	4.0		4.0	4.0		4.0	4.0	
240 2604 161 2423 259 542 194  2005 60.56 60.03 0.33 60.07 0.15 0.02  0.30 0.33 60.07 0.15 0.02  0.31 1.07 0.73 0.70 0.96 0.50 0.14 0.10  1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.0	Vehide Extension (s)	3.0	3.0		3.0	3.0		3.0	3.0		3.0	3.0	
0.30	Lane Grp Cap (vph)	240	2604		161	2423		259	545		192	325	
0.30 0.37 0.72 0.73 0.70 0.73 0.70 0.73 0.70 0.73 0.70 0.70	v/s Ratio Prot	c0.05	c0.56		0.03	0.33		c0.07	0.15			0.12	
0.57 1.07 0.73 0.70 0.96 0.50 0.14  13.1 21.5 2.00 18.5 2.96 25.9 3.1.2  1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00  3.1 41.6 15.0 0.9 43.8 3.2 1.5  16.2 63.1 35.1 19.4 73.4 29.1 32.7  B E D E C C C C B E C	v/s Ratio Perm	0.30			0.35			c0.21			0.05		
13.1 21.5 20.0 18.5 29.6 25.9 31.2 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 3.1 16.2 63.1 35.1 19.4 73.4 29.1 32.7 16.2 63.1 35.1 19.4 73.4 29.1 32.7 16.2 63.1 35.1 19.4 73.4 29.1 32.7 16.0 20.4 50.0  45.9 HCM 2000 Level of Service D  45.9 HCM 2000 Level of Service D  1.06 Sum of lost time (s) 16.0 94.0% ICU Level of Service F	v/c Ratio	0.57	1.07		0.73	0.70		96.0	0.50		0.14	0.67	
1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	Uniform Delay, d1	13.1	21.5		20.0	18.5		29.6	25.9		31.2	34.5	
3.1 416 150 0.9 438 3.2 1.5 16.2 63.1 19.4 73.4 29.1 32.7 B 61.0 20.4 50.0 C C B 61.0 20.4 50.0 Talio 1.06 Sum of lost time (s) 16.0 90.0 Sum of lost time (s) 16.0 15.0 16.0 16.0 16.0 16.0 16.0 16.0 16.0 16	Progression Factor	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	
16.2 63.1 35.1 19.4 73.4 29.1 32.7 1 10.2 1	Incremental Delay, d2	3.1	9.14		15.0	0.9		43.8	3.2		7.5	10.4	
61.0 20.4 50.0 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Delay (s)	16.2	63.1		35.1	19.4		73.4	29.1		32.7	42.0	
61.0 20.4 50.0  E	Level of Service	ш	ш		۵	മ		ш	ပ		ပ	□	
45.9 HCM 2000 Level of Service D 45.9 HCM 2000 Level of Service D 90.0 Sum of lost time (s) 16.0 94.0% ICU Level of Service F 15	Approach Delay (s)		0.19			20.4			20.0			43.6	
45.9 HCM 2000 Level of Service 1.06 Sum of lost time (s) 90.0 Sum of lost time (s) 14.0% ICU Level of Service	Approach LOS		ш			ပ			Ω			Ω	
45.9 HCM 2000 Level of Service 1.06 Sum of lost time (s) 90.0 Sum of lost time (s) 14.0% ICU Level of Service 15	Intersection Summary												
ratio 1.06 90.0 Sum of lost time (s) 94.0% ICU Level of Service 15	HCM 2000 Control Delay			45.9	¥	3M 2000 I	evel of S	ervice		Ω			
90.0 Sum of lost time (s) 94.0% ICU Level of Service 15	HCM 2000 Volume to Capac	ity ratio		1.06									
94.0% ICU Level of Service 15	Actuated Cycle Length (s)			0.06	S	m of lost	time (s)			16.0			
	Intersection Capacity Utilizat	ion		94.0%	೦	U Level o	Service			ш			
c Critical Lane Group	Analysis Period (min)			15									
	c Critical Lane Group												

La Jara Farms
Synchro 8 Report
EPS Group, Inc.

2: Ellsworth Road & Germann Road

2020 with Site Weekday Peak AM

Movement		`	†	•	•		,	-	-	_		•	,
figurations   17   14   17   17   14   17   17   14   17   17	Movement	EBE	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
ph)         3j0         1071         100         31         1413         239         198         2216         156         169         100           (ψ(ph))         1900 <td>Lane Configurations</td> <td>F</td> <td>**</td> <td>*</td> <td>F</td> <td>**</td> <td>*-</td> <td>*</td> <td>**</td> <td>*-</td> <td>×</td> <td>444</td> <td>*-</td>	Lane Configurations	F	**	*	F	**	*-	*	**	*-	×	444	*-
(yerby)         1900	Volume (vph)	300	1071	100	3	1413	239	198	2216	155	168	1109	308
time (s) 40 65 65 40 65 40 65 40 10 65 40 65 40 65 85 40 10 65 65 40 10 65 65 40 10 65 65 40 10 65 65 40 10 65 65 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Factor 0.97 0.91 1.00 0.95 1.00 1.00 0.91 1.00 0.91 1.00 0.95 1.00 1.00 0.85 1.00 1.00 0.00 0.85 1.00 1.00 0.85 1.00 1.00 0.85 1.00 1.00 0.85 1.00 1.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	Total Lost time (s)	4.0	6.5	6.5	4.0	6.5	4.0	4.0	6.5	4.0	4.0	6.5	4.0
ted 0.95 1.00 0.85 1.00 1.00 0.85 1.00 1.00 0.85 1.00 1.00 0.86 1.00 1.00 0.86 1.00 1.00 0.86 1.00 1.00 0.86 1.00 1.00 0.86 1.00 1.00 0.96 1.00 1.00 0.96 1.00 1.00 0.96 1.00 1.00 0.96 1.00 1.00 0.96 1.00 1.00 0.96 1.00 1.00 0.96 1.00 1.00 0.96 1.00 1.00 0.96 1.00 1.00 0.96 1.00 1.00 0.96 1.00 1.00 0.96 1.00 1.00 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0	Lane Util. Factor	0.97	0.91	1.00	0.97	0.91	1.00	1.00	0.91	1.00	1.00	0.91	1.00
led 0.85 1.00 1.00 0.85 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.00 0.95 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.	Ĕ	1:00	1.00	0.85	1.00	1.00	0.85	1.00	1.00	0.85	1.00	1.00	0.85
(pont)         3433         5085         1583         3433         5085         1583         3433         5085         1583         1770         5085         1770         5085         1770         5085         1770         5085         1770         5085         178         5085         178         5085         178         5085         178         5085         178         5085         178         5085         179         0         0         170         100<	Fit Protected	0.95	1.00	1:00	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00
led 0.95 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.00 1.00 0.01 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.	Satd. Flow (prot)	3433	5085	1583	3433	5085	1583	1770	5085	1583	1770	5085	1583
V(perm)         3433         5085         1583         3438         5085         1583         3438         5085         1583         221         5085         1585         171         5085         171         5085         171         5085         171         5085         171         5085         171         5085         171         5085         171         5085         171         5085         171         5085         172         0         0         37         0         0         27         0         0         0         37         0         0         0         37         0         0         0         37         0         0         0         37         0         0         37         0         0         37         0         0         37         0         0         37         0         0         37         0         0         37         0         0         37         0         0         37         0         0         37         0         0         37         0         0         37         0         0         37         0         0         37         0         0         37         0         0         37	Flt Permitted	0.95	1:00	1:00	0.95	1.00	1:00	0.12	1.00	1.00	0.09	1.00	1.00
rfactor, PHF 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92	Satd. Flow (perm)	3433	5085	1583	3433	5085	1583	221	5085	1583	171	5085	1583
(yph)         326         1164         109         34         1536         280         215         2409         168         183         1205           p.Flow(vph)         36         1         0         77         0         0         70         0 <td>Peak-hour factor, PHF</td> <td>0.92</td>	Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Outcition (vph)         0         0         77         0         0         0         37         0	Adj. Flow (vph)	326	1164	109	怒	1536	260	215	2409	168	183	1205	335
up Flow (vph)         326         1164         32         34         1536         190         215         2409         131         183         1205           Phases         1         Port         NA         Perm         For         NA         pm+pt         NA         Pm4         A	RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	0	11	0	0	20	0	0	37	0	0	57
Protection (s) 110 35.5 35.5 80 22.5 40.5 59.3 47.5 55.5 51.7 4 4 Phases 1 6 5 2 7 7 3 8 8 5 7 4 4 Phases 1 1 6 5 2 7 7 3 8 8 7 7 4 4 Phases 1 1 6 2 2 7 8 8 7 8 7 7 4 4 3.7 3 8 8 7 7 8 8 7 8 8 9 8 8 7 7 8 8 9 8 8 8 7 8 8 8 8	Lane Group Flow (vph)	326	1164	32	뚕	1536	190	215	2409	131	183	1205	278
Phases 1 6 5 2 7 3 8 6 7 4 4 7 4 4 7 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 7 1 4 4 4 4 5 6 6 6 7 1 4 4 4 7 4 4 7 4 4 6 6 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Turn Type	Prot	A	Perm	Prot	ΑN	bm+ov	pm+pt	A	bm+ov	pm+pt	¥	bm+ov
Phases 6 8 8 4 4  Phases 7 10 38.5 8.6 8.0 32.5 40.5 69.3 47.5 65.5 61.7 43.7  Phase 1 10 35.5 35.5 8.0 32.5 40.5 69.3 47.5 65.5 61.7 43.7  Phase 1 10 35.5 35.5 8.0 32.5 40.5 69.3 47.5 65.5 61.7 43.7  Physical Cap (ph) 10.0 0.0 0.3 0.0 0.0 0.2 0.0 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	Protected Phases	~	9		2	2	7	က	∞	2	7	4	_
G(s)         11.0         35.5         35.5         8.0         32.5         40.5         59.3         47.5         55.5         51.7         43.7           3-Geen, g(s)         11.0         35.5         35.5         35.5         35.5         35.5         35.5         51.7         43.7           3-Geen, g(s)         11.0         35.5         35.5         35.5         40.6         64.9         64.0         64.0         65.5         67.7         43.7           3-Hine (s)         4.0         6.5         4.0         4.0         6.5         4.0         4.0         6.5         4.0         4.0         6.5         6.7         4.7         0.6         6.5         4.0         4.0         6.5         6.7         4.0         6.5         6.7         4.0         6.5         6.7         4.0         6.5         6.7         4.0         6.5         6.7         4.0         6.5         6.7         4.0         6.5         6.7         4.0         6.5         6.7         4.0         6.5         6.7         4.0         6.5         6.7         4.0         6.5         6.7         4.0         6.5         6.7         4.0         6.5         6.7         4.0 <th< td=""><td>Permitted Phases</td><td></td><td></td><td>9</td><td></td><td></td><td>2</td><td>∞</td><td></td><td>∞</td><td>4</td><td></td><td>4</td></th<>	Permitted Phases			9			2	∞		∞	4		4
Seen, g(s)         110         355         355         80         325         405         593         47.5         555         517         437           Aderation (s)         0.09         0.30         0.30         0.30         0.30         0.30         0.30         0.30         0.30         0.30         0.30         0.38         0.49         0.49         0.46         0.46         0.45         0.36         6.36         40         0.65         40         0.46         0.46         0.46         0.45         0.36         0.38         0.38         0.38         0.38         0.38         0.38         0.38         0.38         0.38         0.39         0.38         0.38         0.38         0.38         0.38         0.38         0.38         0.39         0.37         0.37         0.37         0.37         0.34         0.48         0.	Actuated Green, G (s)	11.0	35.5	35.5	8.0	32.5	40.5	59.3	47.5	55.5	51.7	43.7	54.7
Cap (vph)   Cap	Effective Green, g (s)	11.0	35.5	35.5	8.0	32.5	40.5	59.3	47.5	55.5	51.7	43.7	54.7
Time (s) 4,0 6,5 6,5 4,0 6,5 4,0 6,5 4,0 6,5 4,0 6,5 4,0 6,5 4,0 6,5 4,0 6,5 4,0 6,5 4,0 6,5 4,0 6,5 4,0 6,5 4,0 6,5 4,0 6,5 4,0 6,5 4,0 6,5 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0	Actuated g/C Ratio	0.09	0.30	0:30	0.07	0.27	0.34	0.49	0.40	0.46	0.43	0.36	0.46
classion (s)         1.0         2.0         1.0         2.0         1.0         3.0         1.0         3.0         1.0         3.0         1.0         3.0         1.0         3.0         1.0         3.0         1.0         3.0         1.0         3.0         1.0         3.0         1.0 <t< td=""><td>Clearance Time (s)</td><td>4.0</td><td>6.5</td><td>6.5</td><td>4.0</td><td>6.5</td><td>4.0</td><td>4.0</td><td>6.5</td><td>4.0</td><td>4.0</td><td>6.5</td><td>4.0</td></t<>	Clearance Time (s)	4.0	6.5	6.5	4.0	6.5	4.0	4.0	6.5	4.0	4.0	6.5	4.0
Cap (vph)         314         1504         468         228         1377         554         261         2732         180         1851           Prof         0.09         0.023         0.01         0.03         0.02         0.01         0.03         0.07         0.07         0.07         0.02         0.04         0.03         0.02         0.01         0.03         0.02         0.01         0.03         0.07         0.07         0.07         0.07         0.07         0.07         0.07         0.07         0.07         0.03         0.08         0.12         0.18         1.02         0.06         0.08         0.12         0.01         0.03         0.01         0.03         0.01         0.03         0.01         0.03         0.01         0.03         0.01         0.01         0.03         0.01         0.03         0.01         0.03         0.01         0.03         0.01         0.03         0.01         0.03         0.01         0.03         0.01         0.03         0.01         0.03         0.01         0.03         0.01         0.03         0.01         0.03         0.01         0.03         0.01         0.03         0.01         0.03         0.01         0.03         0.	Vehicle Extension (s)	1.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	3.0	1.0	1.0	3.0	1.0
Prot do 0.09 o 0.23 0.01 o 0.30 0.02 c 0.08 o 0.47 0.01 0.007 0.24  Perm 1.04 0.77 0.07 0.15 1.12 0.36 0.82 1.20 0.18 1.02 0.65  Play, d1 54.5 38.6 30.4 52.8 43.8 29.9 21.7 36.2 18.9 30.4 31.8 10.8 10.8 1.16 1.8 1.00 1.00 0.05 11.6 1.8 1.00 1.00 0.98 11.6 1.8 1.00 1.00 0.9 1.00 0.9 1.00 1.00 0.9 1.16 1.8 1.00 1.00 0.9 1.00 0.9 1.00 0.9 1.00 0.9 1.00 0.9 1.00 0.9 1.00 0.9 1.00 0.9 1.00 0.00 0	Lane Grp Cap (vph)	314	1504	468	228	1377	534	261	2012	732	180	1851	721
Perm 1.04 0.77 0.07 0.15 1.12 0.38 0.82 1.20 0.18 1.02 0.85 elay, d1 5.45 38.6 3.84 1.02 1.03 1.12 0.38 0.82 1.20 0.18 1.02 0.85 elay, d1 5.45 38.6 3.04 5.28 2.93 21.7 36.2 18.9 30.4 31.8 an Fador 0.88 1.16 3.46 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.35 1.16 1.65 1.00 1.00 all Delay, d2 5.6.3 1.9 0.0 0.1 62.5 0.1 13.9 92.7 0.0 71.5 1.8 ervice F D F C C F C F C F C F C F C F C F C F	//s Ratio Prot	60.00	c0.23		0.01	c0.30	0.02	c0.08	c0.47	0.01	c0.07	0.24	0.04
1,04   0,77   0,07   0,15   1,12   0,36   0,82   1,20   0,18   1,02   0,65     1,04   0,77   0,07   0,15   1,12   0,36   0,82   1,20   0,18   1,02   0,65     1,05   E	v/s Ratio Perm			0.02			0.10	0.33		0.07	0.37		0.14
lelay, d1 54.5 38.6 30.4 52.8 43.8 29.9 21.7 36.2 18.9 30.4 31.8 and Fador 0.88 11.6 3.46 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.95 11.6 1.65 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.0	//c Ratio	7. 29.	0.77	0.07	0.15	1.12	0.36	0.82	1.20	0.18	1.02	0.65	0.39
al Delay, d2 56.3 1.9 0.0 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.16 1.65 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.16 1.65 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.0	Uniform Delay, d1	54.5	38.6	30.4	52.8	43.8	29.9	21.7	36.2	18.9	30.4	31.8	21.6
al Delay, d2 56.3 1.9 0.0 0.1 62.5 0.1 13.9 92.7 0.0 71.5 1.8 ervice F D F D F C C F C F C F C P C Delay (s) E E F C C F F C F C F C F C F C F C F C	Progression Factor	0.88	1.16	3.46	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.16	1.65	1.00	1.00	1.00
104.4 46.5 105.1 52.9 106.2 30.1 34.5 134.8 31.2 101.9 33.6 inches	Incremental Delay, d2	56.3	1:9	0.0	0.1	62.5	0.1	13.9	92.7	0.0	71.5	<u></u>	0.1
F D F C C F C F C F C F C F C F C F C F	Delay (s)	104.4	46.5	105.1	52.9	106.2	30.1	34.5	134.8	31.2	101.9	33.6	21.7
85.1 HCM 2000 Level of Service F action 105.9% ICU Level of Service G G 1.13	Level of Service	ட	□	ட	Ω	ш	ပ	O	ш	O	ш	ပ	O
## F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F	Approach Delay (s)		62.3			94.4			120.8			38.5	
85.1 HCM 2000 Level of Service 1.13 1.10 Sum of lost time (s) 22ion 105.5% ICU Level of Service 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 1	Approach LOS		ш			ш			ш			Δ	
85.1 HCM 2000 Level of Service 1.13 Sum of lost time (s) 220, ICU Level of Service 105.5% ICU Level of Service 15	Intersection Summary												
tacity ratio 1.13 Sum of lost time (s) 20.0 Sum of lost time (s) 20.0 Sum of Service 105.5% CU Level of Service 15	HCM 2000 Control Delay			85.1	Ì	CM 2000	Level of	Service		ш			
120.0 Sum of lost time (s) zation 105.5% ICU Level of Service 15	HCM 2000 Volume to Capac	ity ratio		1.13									
tilization 105.5% ICU Level of Service 15	Actuated Cycle Length (s)			120.0	ഗ്	sol Jo mr	t time (s)			21.0			
	Intersection Capacity Utilizat	lon		105.5%	೦	:U Level	of Service	0		O			
	Analysis Period (min)			5									

La Jara Farms
Synchro 7 - Report
EPS Group, Inc.

2: Ellsworth Road & Germann Road

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PM
/ Peak
<b>Neekda</b>
Site /
with
2020

	1	<b>†</b>	<b>/</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	ţ	4	•	<b>←</b>	•	۶	<b>→</b>	•
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	K.	444	*-	F	444	*-	*	**	¥C	<i>y-</i>	444	*
Volume (vph)	385	1603	320	42	1410	205	82	1121	11	52	2396	433
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)	4.0	6.5	4.0	4.0	6.5	4.0	4.0	6.5	4.0	4.0	6.5	4.0
Lane Util. Factor	0.97	0.91	1.00	0.97	0.91	1.00	1.00	0.91	1.00	1.00	0.91	1.00
Fr	1.00	1.00	0.85	1.00	1.00	0.85	1.00	1.00	0.85	1.00	1.00	0.85
Flt Protected	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00
Satd. Flow (prot)	3433	5085	1583	3433	5085	1583	1770	5085	1583	1770	5085	1583
Flt Permitted	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.08	1.00	1.00	0.14	1.00	1.00
Satd. Flow (perm)	3433	5085	1583	3433	5085	1583	157	5085	1583	258	5085	1583
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Adj. Flow (vph)	418	1742	348	46	1533	223	92	1218	121	27	2604	471
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	0	43	0	0	46	0	0	92	0	0	32
Lane Group Flow (vph)	418	1742	305	46	1533	177	92	1218	26	27	2604	436
Turn Type	Prot	AA	hm+ov	Prot	¥	vo+md	pm+pt	¥	hm+ov	pm+pt	A	hm+ov
Protected Phases	_	9	က	2	2	7	က	∞	2	7	4	_
Permitted Phases			9			2	00		80	4		4
Actuated Green, G (s)	12.0	35.5	43.5	8.0	31.5	39.5	55.5	47.5	52.5	55.5	47.5	59.5
Effective Green, g (s)	12.0	35.5	43.5	8.0	31.5	39.5	55.5	47.5	55.5	55.5	47.5	59.5
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.10	0.30	0.36	0.07	0.26	0.33	0.46	0.40	0.46	0.46	0.40	0.50
Clearance Time (s)	4.0	6.5	4.0	4.0	6.5	4.0	4.0	6.5	4.0	4.0	6.5	4.0
Vehide Extension (s)	1.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	3.0	1.0	1.0	3.0	1.0
Lane Grp Cap (vph)	343	1504	573	228	1334	521	180	2012	732	220	2012	784
v/s Ratio Prot	c0.12	c0.34	c0.04	0.01	0.30	0.02	0.03	0.24	0.01	0.01	00.51	90.0
v/s Ratio Perm			0.16			0.09	0.20		0.03	0.05		0.22
v/c Ratio	1.22	1.16	0.53	0.20	1.15	0.34	0.51	0.61	0.08	0.12	1.29	0.56
Uniform Delay, d1	54.0	42.2	30.2	53.0	44.2	30.4	26.6	28.8	18.0	19.0	36.2	21.1
Progression Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.43	1.09	2.31	1.00	1.00	1.00
Incremental Delay, d2	122.0	79.1	0.5	0.2	76.3	0.1	0.9	1.2	0.0	0.1	136.2	0.5
Delay (s)	176.0	121.3	30.7	53.1	120.5	30.6	38.9	32.5	41.6	19.0	172.5	21.5
Level of Service	ட	ш	ပ	□	ш	ပ	_	ပ	□	ω	ட	ပ
Approach Delay (s)		117.9			107.7			33.7			148.2	
Approach LOS		ш			ш			O			ш	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			112.8	Ĭ	CM 2000	HCM 2000 Level of Service	Service		ш			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capacity ratio	y ratio		1.20									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			120.0	જ	ım of los	Sum of lost time (s)			21.0			
Intersection Capacity Utilization	L.		108.7%	೦	U Level	ICU Level of Service			ග			
Analysis Period (min)			15									
<ul> <li>c Critical Lane Group</li> </ul>												

La Jara Farms Synchro 8 Report EPS Group, Inc.

3: Ellsworth Road & Queen Creek Parkway

	/	SBR	
5	▼	တ	
	<b>→</b>	SBT	444
	<b>←</b>	NBT	444
-	•	NBL	F
eak AN	<i>&gt;</i>	EBR	<b>R</b> _
кday Ре	4	EBL	K.
2020 with Site Weekday Peak AM		Movement	Lane Configurations

	•	>	•	<b>—</b>	<b>→</b>	•	
Movement	EBL	EBR	NBL	NBT	SBT	SBR	
Lane Configurations	Ę,	¥C	je-	444	441		
Volume (vph)	503	203	210	2416	994	214	
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	
Total Lost time (s)	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0		
Lane Util. Factor	0.97	0.1	0.0	0.91	0.91		
±_	00.1	0.85	00.1	00.1	0.97		
	0.95	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00		
rot)	3433	1583	1770	2082	4950		
	0.95	1.00	0.13	1.00	1.00		
Satd. Flow (perm)	3433	1583	239	5085	4950		
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	
Adj. Flow (vph)	547	247	228	2626	1080	233	
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	12	0	0	23	0	
Lane Group Flow (vph)	547	535	228	2626	1290	0	
Turn Type	NA	hm+ov	pm+pt	NA	NA		
Protected Phases	4	2	2	2	9		
Permitted Phases		4	7				
Actuated Green, G (s)	24.1	48.8	87.9	87.9	59.2		
Effective Green, g (s)	24.1	48.8	87.9	87.9	59.2		
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.20	0.41	0.73	0.73	0.49		
Clearance Time (s)	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0		
Vehicle Extension (s)	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0		
Lane Grp Cap (vph)	689	969	490	3724	2442		
v/s Ratio Prot	0.16	c0.16	0.10	c0.52	0.26		
v/s Ratio Perm		0.18	0.24				
v/c Ratio	0.79	0.77	0.47	0.71	0.53		
Uniform Delay, d1	45.6	30.7	10.3	8.9	20.8		
Progression Factor	0.97	1.02	0.75	0.83	0.60		
Incremental Delay, d2	6.2	2.0	0.4	0.7	0.7		
Delay (s)	50.3	36.4	8.1	8.1	13.1		
Level of Service	Ω	Ω	A	⋖	ω		
Approach Delay (s)	43.3			8.1	13.1		
Approach LOS	Ω			⋖	ш		
Intersection Summary							
HCM 2000 Control Delay			16.7	H	M 2000 L	HCM 2000 Level of Service	В
HCM 2000 Volume to Capacity ratio	ratio		0.78				
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			120.0	Su	Sum of lost time (s)	me (s)	12.0
Intersection Capacity Utilization			%1.79	ಶ	ICU Level of Service	Service	O
Analysis Period (min)			15				
c Critical Lane Group							

Synchro 7 - Report Page 3 La Jara Farms EPS Group, Inc.

## 3: Ellsworth Road & Queen Creek Parkway

## 2020 with Site Weekday Peak PM

	4	<i>&gt;</i>	•	<b>←</b>	<b>→</b>	•	
Movement	EBL	EBR	NBL	NBT	SBT	SBR	
Lane Configurations	K.	*	r	444	4413		
Volume (vph)	454	454	315	1082	2266	325	
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	
Total Lost time (s)	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0		
Lane Util. Factor	0.97	1.00	1.00	0.91	0.91		
Ft	1.00	0.85	1.00	1.00	96.0		
Fit Protected	0.95	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00		
Satd. Flow (prot)	3433	1583	1770	5085	4990		
Flt Permitted	0.95	1.00	0.05	1.00	1.00		
Satd. Flow (perm)	3433	1583	101	5085	4990		
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	
Adj. Flow (vph)	493	493	342	1176	2463	353	
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	2	0	0	16	0	
Lane Group Flow (vph)	493	491	342	1176	2800	0	
Turn Type	NA	vo+md	pm+pt	NA	¥		
Protected Phases	4	2	2	2	9		
Permitted Phases		4	2				
Actuated Green, G (s)	18.0	38.4	94.0	94.0	9.69		
Effective Green, g (s)	18.0	38.4	94.0	94.0	9.69		
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.15	0.32	0.78	0.78	0.58		
Clearance Time (s)	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0		
Vehide Extension (s)	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0		
Lane Grp Cap (vph)	514	229	362	3983	2894		
v/s Ratio Prot	c0.14	c0.15	0.16	0.23	0.56		
v/s Ratio Perm		0.16	c0.58				
v/c Ratio	96.0	0.88	0.94	0.30	0.97		
Uniform Delay, d1	9.09	38.6	42.1	3.7	24.1		
Progression Factor	1.00	1.00	1.54	0.20	0.40		
Incremental Delay, d2	29.5	14.5	31.6	0.2	1.5		
Delay (s)	79.8	53.1	2.96	6.0	11.1		
Level of Service	ш	Ω	ш	⋖	ш		
Approach Delay (s)	66.5			22.5	11.1		
Approach LOS	ш			O	Ф		
Intersection Summary							
HCM 2000 Control Delay			24.6		:M 2000	HCM 2000 Level of Service	O
HCM 2000 Volume to Capacity ratio	/ ratio		0.97				
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			120.0	Su	Sum of lost time (s)	time (s)	12.0
Intersection Capacity Utilization	_		91.4%	⊴	ICU Level of Service	f Service	ш
Analysis Period (min)			15				
c Critical Lane Group							

Synchro 8 Report Page 3 La Jara Farms EPS Group, Inc.

	†	<u> </u>	<b>,</b>	Ļ	<	•	
Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR	
Lane Configurations	‡	¥_	r	ŧ			
Volume (veh/h)	1424	8	282	1668	0	0	
Sign Control	Free			Free	Stop		
Grade	%0			%0	%0		
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	
Hourly flow rate (vph)	1548	102	307	1813	0	0	
Pedestrians							
Lane Width (ft)							
Walking Speed (ft/s)							
Percent Blockage							
Right turn flare (veh)							
Median type	None			None			
Median storage veh)							
Upstream signal (ft)	226						
pX, platoon unblocked			99.0		99.0	0.66	
vC, conflicting volume			1650		3067	774	
vC1, stage 1 conf vol							
vC2, stage 2 conf vol							
vCu, unblocked vol			922		3102	0	
tC, single (s)			4.1		8.9	6.9	
tC, 2 stage (s)							
tF (s)			2.2		3.5	3.3	
p0 queue free %			32		100	100	
cM capacity (veh/h)			472		2	716	
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	EB2	EB3	WB1	WB2	WB 3	
Volume Total	774	774	102	307	206	206	
Volume Left	0	0	0	307	0	0	
Volume Right	0	0	102	0	0	0	
cSH	1700	1700	1700	472	1700	1700	
Volume to Capacity	0.46	0.46	90.0	0.65	0.53	0.53	
Queue Length 95th (ft)	0	0	0	114	0	0	
Control Delay (s)	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.6	0.0	0.0	
Lane LOS				Ω			
Approach Delay (s)	0.0			3.7			
Approach LOS							
Intersection Summary							
Average Delay			2.1				
Intersection Capacity Utilization		v	62.5%	ਹ	ICU Level of Service	Service B	
Analysis Period (min)			15				

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La Jara Farms EPS Group, Inc.

2020 with Site Weekday Peak PM

Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR	
-ane Configurations	\$	*	F	‡			
Volume (veh/h)	2322	16	49	1672	0	0	
Sign Control	Free			Free	Stop		
Grade	%0			%0	%0		
Peak Hour Factor	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	
Hourly flow rate (vph)	2524	17	23	1817	0	0	
Pedestrians							
-ane Width (ft)							
Walking Speed (ft/s)							
Percent Blockage							
Right turn flare (veh)							
Median type	None			TWLTL			
Median storage veh)				7			
Jpstream signal (ft)	897						
oX, platoon unblocked			0.46		0.46	0.46	
AC, conflicting volume			2541		3539	1262	
vC1, stage 1 conf vol					2524		
AC2, stage 2 conf vol					1015		
vCu, unblocked vol			2013		4160	0	
.C, single (s)			4.1		8.9	6.9	
tC, 2 stage (s)					2.8		
F (s)			2.2		3.5	3.3	
% eau enenb 0d			29		100	100	
cM capacity (veh/h)			130		41	504	
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	EB 2	EB3	WB 1	WB 2	WB 3	
/olume Total	1262	1262	17	53	606	606	
/olume Left	0	0	0	23	0	0	
/olume Right	0	0	17	0	0	0	
SSH	1700	1700	1700	130	1700	1700	
Volume to Capacity	0.74	0.74	0.01	0.41	0.53	0.53	
Queue Length 95th (ft)	0	0	0	44	0	0	
Control Delay (s)	0.0	0.0	0.0	20.7	0.0	0:0	
Lane LOS				ш			
Approach Delay (s) Approach LOS	0.0			4.			
Intersection Summary							
Average Delay			9.0				
Intersection Capacity Utilization	tion		76.0%	೦	U Level o	ICU Level of Service	Q

La Jara Farms Synchro 8 Report EPS Group, Inc.

2			

Synchro 7 - Report Page 5

La Jara Farms EPS Group, Inc.

2020 with Site Weekday Peak PM

•	<b>K</b>	¥.	833			32	06										32			25	6.9		3.3	44	161	2	06	0	06	161	90	72	œ ι	L				C
<u>`</u>	NBL NBR		28 8	Stop	%0	0	30 6										3444 1262	2524		_	6.8				44 16	NB1 NB2	0,		0		0		188.8 52.6	_ ;	86.9 F			CILI evel of Service
ļ	WBT	*	1693	Free	%0	0.92	1840						TWLTL	2												WB 2	920	0	0	1700	0.54		0.0					_
<b>/</b>	WBL		0			0.92	0										2524			2524	4.1		2.2	100	176	WB 1	920	0	0	1700	0.54	0	0.0	4	0.0		2.3	76.0%
<u> </u>	EBR		0			0.92	0																			EB 2	1262	0	0	1700	0.74	0	0.0					
†	EBT	*	2322	Free	%0	0.92	2524						TWLTL	2												EB 1	1262	0	0	1700	0.74	0	0.0	4	0.0			ization
	Movement	Lane Configurations	Volume (veh/h)	Sign Control	Grade	Peak Hour Factor	Hourly flow rate (vph)	Pedestrians	Lane Width (ft)	Walking Speed (ft/s)	Percent Blockage	Right turn flare (veh)	Median type	Median storage veh)	Upstream signal (ft)	pX, platoon unblocked	vC, conflicting volume	vC1, stage 1 conf vol	vC2, stage 2 conf vol	vCu, unblocked vol	tC, single (s)	tC, 2 stage (s)	tF(s)	% eau enenb 0d	cM capacity (veh/h)	Direction, Lane #	Volume Total	Volume Left	Volume Right	HS3	Volume to Capacity	Queue Length 95th (ft)	Control Delay (s)	Lane LOS	Approach Delay (s) Approach LOS	Intersection Summary	Average Delay	Intersection Capacity Hillization

La Jara Farms Synchro 8 Report
EPS Group, Inc. Page 5

# APPENDIX D EXISTING BENJAMIN FRANKLIN CHARTER SCHOOL TRAFFIC QUEUE COUNT DATA



						EXISTIN	IG BENJAMI	N FRANKLIN	SCHOOL						
				EXIS	STING K THE	ROUGH 6 SC	CHOOL ON V	ARNER RO	AD, EAST O	F GILBERT F	ROAD				
						EXISTIN	NG FIVE-HOL	JR ACCESS	COUNTS						
			ENTR	ANCE					E)				SUM EN	TERING AND	EXITING
BEGIN	RIGHT	THRU	LEFT	TO	TAL (MINUT	ES)	RIGHT	THRU	LEFT	TO	TAL (MINUT	ES)	TO	TAL (MINUT	ES)
TIME	TURN		TURN	5	15	60	TURN		TURN	5	15	60	5	15	60
7:00 AM	1	0	1	2	3	123	0	0	0	0	0	83	2	3	206
7:05 AM	0	0	0	0	3	152	0	0	0	0	1	99	0	4	251
7:10 AM	0	0	1	1	11	175	0	0	0	0	3	129	1	14	304
7:15 AM	1	0	1	2	19	199	1	0	0	1	7	147	3	26	346
7:20 AM	5	0	3	8	30	223	1	0	1	2	15	171	10	45	394
7:25 AM	4	0	5	9	37	241	3	0	1	4	22	192	13	59	433
7:30 AM	8	0	5	13	45	245	5	0	4	9	28	209	22	73	454
7:35 AM	4	0	11	15	52	241	6	0	3	9	34	218	24	86	459
7:40 AM	12	0	5	17	54	230	7	0	3	10	42	214	27	96	444
7:45 AM	10	1	9	20	56	215	10	0	5	15	48	205	35	104	420
7:50 AM	14	1	2	17	67	195	7	1	9	17	49	194	34	116	389
7:55 AM	7	1	11	19	73	180	14	0	2	16	62	177	35	135	357
8:00 AM	23	0	8	31	79	162	9	1	6	16	64	161	47	143	323
8:05 AM	15	0	8	23	74		11	2	17	30	73		53	147	0
8:10 AM	17	2	6	25	77		9	2	7	18	66		43	143	0
8:15 AM	22	0	4	26	65		12	0	13	25	69		51	134	0
8:20 AM	13	2	11	26	48		11	1	11	23	62		49	110	0
8:25 AM	7	0	6	13	26		8	2	11	21	44		34	70	0
8:30 AM	4	0	5	9	15		5	1	12	18	24		27	39	0
8:35 AM	3	0	1	4	6		2	0	3	5	10		9	16	
8:40 AM	2	0	0	2	4		0	0	1	1	5		3	9	
8:45 AM	0	0	0	0	3		2	0	2	4	4		4	7	
8:50 AM	1	0	1	2			0	0	0	0			2		
8:55 AM	0	0	1	1			0	0	0	0			1		
AM PEAK	23	0	8	31	79	245	11	2	17	30	73	218	53	147	459

				EXI	STING K TH		NG BENJAMII CHOOL ON W			E GII BERT I	ROAD				
				LX	311140141111		NG FIVE-HOL			OILDLINI	TOND				
			ENTR	ANCE					E)	KIT			SUM ENT	TERING AND	EXITING
BEGIN	RIGHT	THRU	LEFT	TC	TAL (MINUT	ES)	RIGHT	THRU	LEFT	TO	TAL (MINUT	ES)	TO	TAL (MINUT	ES)
TIME	TURN		TURN	5	15	60	TURN		TURN	5	15	60	5	15	60
2:00 PM	0	0	0	0	7	88	1	0	3	4	5	13	4	12	101
2:05 PM	0	0	2	2	13	115	0	0	0	0	2	50	2	15	165
2:10 PM	3	0	2	5	16	137	1	0	0	1	3	99	6	19	236
2:15 PM	4	0	2	6	17	148	0	0	1	1	3	133	7	20	28
2:20 PM	3	0	2	5	19	167	0	0	1	1	3	157	6	22	324
2:25 PM	3	0	3	6	22	175	0	0	1	1	2	166	7	24	341
2:30 PM	5	0	3	8	28	174	0	0	1	1	1	173	9	29	347
2:35 PM	6	0	2	8	33	172	0	0	0	0	1	178	8	34	350
2:40 PM	7	1	4	12	36	168	0	0	0	0	3	186	12	39	354
2:45 PM	10	0	3	13	36	164	1	0	0	1	4	190	14	40	35
2:50 PM	6	0	5	11	50	157	0	0	2	2	44	191	13	94	34
2:55 PM	10	0	2	12	63	153	0	0	1	1	91	208	13	154	36
3:00 PM	19	0	8	27	67	146	23	2	16	41	125	215	68	192	36
3:05 PM	16	0	8	24	65	121	23	2	24	49	109	184	73	174	30
3:10 PM	7	0	9	16	54	97	11	3	21	35	70	139	51	124	23
3:15 PM	13	0	12	25	43	81	12	0	13	25	43	104	50	86	18
3:20 PM	7	2	4	13	24	57	6	1	3	10	24	79	23	48	13
3:25 PM	2	0	3	5	15	45	4	0	4	8	22	71	13	37	110
3:30 PM	2	0	4	6	18	40	3	0	3	6	18	63	12	36	10:
3:35 PM	2	0	2	4	18	34	4	0	4	8	14	60	12	32	94
3:40 PM	4	0	4	8	21	30	1	0	3	4	25	53	12	46	83
3:45 PM	3	0	3	6	18	22	1	0	1	2	29	50	8	47	72
3:50 PM	4	0	3	7	14	16	4	1	14	19	37	48	26	51	64
3:55 PM	1	0	4	5	7	9	4	0	4	8	22	29	13	29	38
4:00 PM	0	0	2	2	2	4	3	0	7	10	14	21	12	16	25
1:05 PM	0	0	0	0	1		0	1	3	4	4		4	5	0
:10 PM	0	0	0	0	2		0	0	0	0	2		0	4	0
1:15 PM	0	0	1	1	2		0	0	0	0	2		1	4	0
1:20 PM	1	0	0	1	1		1	0	1	2	5		3	6	0
1:25 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	4		0	4	0
1:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0		2	0	1	3	5		3	5	0
:35 PM	0	0	0	0	0		1	0	0	1	2		1	2	
:40 PM	0	0	0	0	0		1	0	0	1	1		1	1	
:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	
:50 PM	0	0	0	0			0	0	0	0			0		
1:55 PM	0	0	0	0			0	0	0	0			0		
D PEAK	19	0	8	27	67	175	23	2	24	49	125	215	73	192	36
M PEAK	0	0	2	2				0	7	10	14	21	12	16	25

### EXISTING BENJAMIN FRANKLIN SCHOOL GILBERT ROAD, EAST OF WARNER ROAD EXISTING VEHICLE QUEUE AT STUDENT DOOR

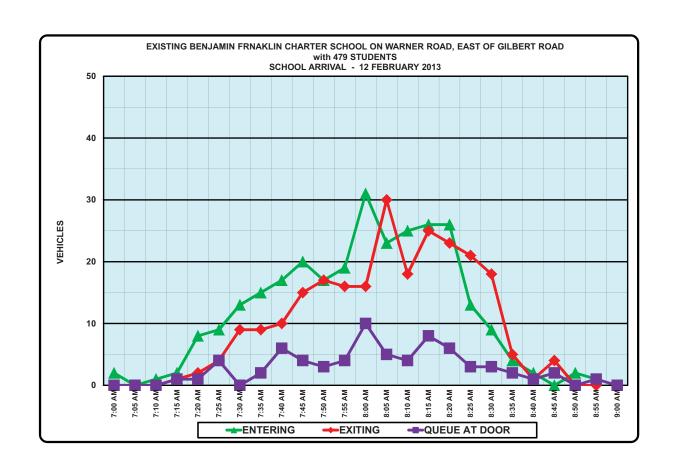
BEGIN TIME	ENTRANCE
7:00 AM	0
7:05 AM	0
7:10 AM	0
7:15 AM	1
7:20 AM	1
7:25 AM	4
7:30 AM	0
7:35 AM	2
7:40 AM	6
7:45 AM	4
7:50 AM	3
7:55 AM	4
8:00 AM	10
8:05 AM	5
8:10 AM	4
8:15 AM	8
8:20 AM	6
8:25 AM	3
8:30 AM	3
8:35 AM	2
8:40 AM	1
8:45 AM	2
8:50 AM	0
8:55 AM	1
9:00 AM	0
MAXIMUM	10
	·

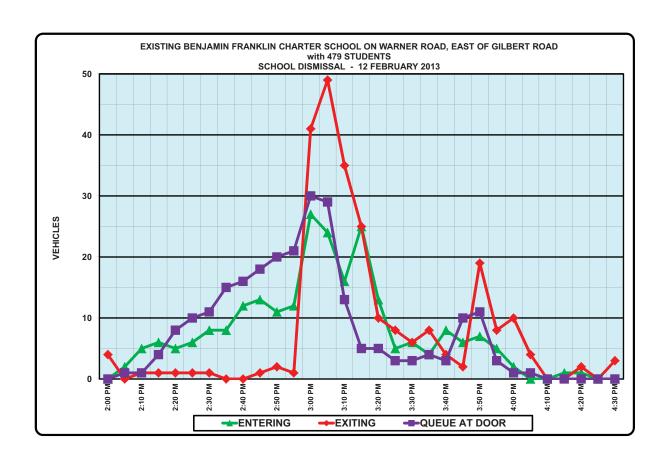
### EXISTING BENJAMIN FRANKLIN SCHOOL GILBERT ROAD, EAST OF WARNER ROAD EXISTING VEHICLE QUEUE AT STUDENT DOOR

BEGIN TIME	ENTRANCE
1:00 PM	1
1:05 PM	1
1:10 PM	0
1:15 PM	0
1:20 PM	0
1:25 PM	0
1:30 PM	0
1:35 PM	0
1:40 PM	0
1:45 PM	0
1:50 PM	2
1:55 PM	0
2:00 PM	0
2:05 PM	1
2:10 PM	1
2:15 PM	4
2:20 PM	8
2:25 PM	10
2:30 PM	11
2:35 PM	15
2:40 PM	16
2:45 PM	18
2:50 PM	20
2:55 PM	21

### EXISTING BENJAMIN FRANKLIN SCHOOL GILBERT ROAD, EAST OF WARNER ROAD EXISTING VEHICLE QUEUE AT STUDENT DOOR

BEGIN TIME	ENTRANCE
3:00 PM	30
3:05 PM	29
3:10 PM	13
3:15 PM	5
3:20 PM	5
3:25 PM	3
3:30 PM	3
3:35 PM	4
3:40 PM	3
3:45 PM	10
3:50 PM	11
3:55 PM	3
4:00 PM	1
4:05 PM	1
4:10 PM	0
4:15 PM	0
4:20 PM	0
4:25 PM	0
4:30 PM	0
MAXIMUM	30
·	·





## Appendix 3 (Tab 3)

## **Economic and Fiscal Impact Analysis**



### FISCAL IMPACTS OF THE PROPOSED GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT FOR LA JARA FARMS

### PREPARED FOR:

VIP HOMES 3048 E. BASELINE ROAD, SUITE 102 MESA, AZ 85204

**MAY 2013** 

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### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

This analysis demonstrates the potential socioeconomic and fiscal impacts of the proposed General Plan Amendment for La Jara Farms on the Town of Queen Creek. This 140 acre property is located at the southwest corner of Germann Road and Hawes Road. The proposal for the La Jara Farms property involves changing the land use from Very Low Density Residential (Current Scenario), to a mix of Very Low Density and Low Density Residential with a 9 acre school site (Proposed Scenario). The current General Plan land use for this property is Employment Type A. However, since the site is already zoned for R1-43 and platted with some lots under construction, this analysis does not consider the fiscal impacts of Employment Type A uses.

The impact calculation for the current and proposed land uses for La Jara Farms reveals that at build out the current very low density land use would have an annual net impact (revenues less expenditures) of about (\$8,200), with expenditures exceeding revenues by 3.5 percent. This can be compared to an annual net impact under the proposed low density land use of (\$25,000), with expenditures exceeding revenues by about 8.0 percent. Impact results include the General Fund, Transportation and Emergency Services Funds. In both cases, the magnitude of the impacts is very small in comparison to the Town's overall budget and given the level of precision of the fiscal impact model, these are close to neutral impacts.

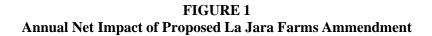
It is typical given the local tax structure in Arizona that residential land uses in isolation do not create positive net fiscal impacts. However, under both the current and proposed uses the small negative annual impact is more than offset by the retail demand created by households. Average income for these households would be about \$96,000 for the proposed alternative and \$102,000 for the current alternative, given the expected housing prices. Based on typical consumer expenditure patterns for purchases made within a local trade area, the households in this development would generate about \$43,000 in annual sales tax revenues from local purchases under the current scenario, and \$55,000 under the proposed scenario.<sup>2</sup> These sales tax revenues are not included in the impacts shown here since the land use based model used for this analysis attributes all retail sales to commercial development, but they help to balance the cost of providing municipal services to residents.

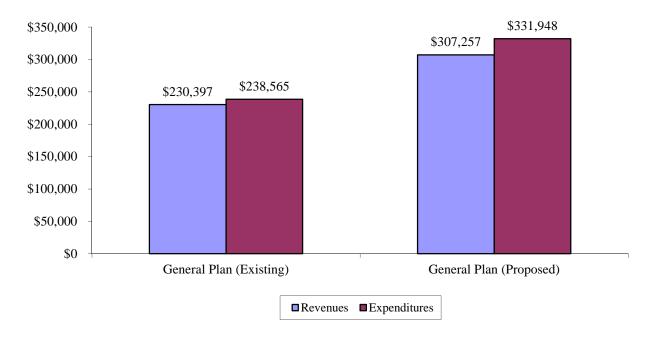
Finally, the project would generate close to \$2.0 million in total impact fees under the proposed scenario versus only \$1.3 million under the current scenario. While impact fee funds are not included in this analysis, these one-time revenues, they would provide funding for infrastructure that could not only benefit this property but could also encourage development on surrounding commercial properties.

-

Annual net impact reflects post-Census state shared revenues that are adjusted for new residential population.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Based on the Consumer Expenditure Survey, households in the \$80,000 to \$100,000 income range spend about 20 percent of their pre-tax income on items that could be purchased within the local trade area.





### 1.0 Introduction

This analysis demonstrates the potential socioeconomic and fiscal impacts of the proposed land use changes for the La Jara Farms property on the Town of Queen Creek, Arizona. The property includes a total of 140 gross acres at the southwest corner of Germann Road and Hawes Road. The proposed General Plan amendment would change the land use designation for the property from Employment Type A (Current Scenario), to Low Density Residential (Proposed Scenario). However, the property is currently zoned and platted for R1-43 residential and there are units currently under construction. Therefore, Employment Type A uses are no longer an option for this site and are not included in this fiscal impact analysis.

The information and observations contained in this report are based on our present knowledge of the components of development, and of the current physical, socioeconomic and fiscal conditions of the affected areas. Projections made in this report are based on hypothetical assumptions and current public finance policies. However, even if the assumptions outlined in this report were to occur, there will usually be differences between the projections and the actual results because events and circumstances frequently do not occur as expected. This analysis is based on the best available information and is intended to aid VIP Homes and the Town of Queen Creek in making decisions relative to the proposed development. All dollar estimates should be interpreted as order of magnitude estimates only. In no way will Applied Economics be held responsible or have any liability or be subject to damages as a result of this analysis. This report may be used only for the purposes that it was intended.

### 1.1 General Approach

This analysis is primarily designed to assess the operation and maintenance impacts of the proposed La Jara Farms General Plan amendment on the Town of Queen Creek. The impact assessment includes revenues and expenditures associated with the proposed development. It does not include construction costs for new infrastructure, but does include relevant maintenance costs to the Town. The analysis assumes 1.54 new street miles of local level streets for the current density and 2.11 new miles under the proposed amendment.<sup>3</sup> Water and wastewater services will be provided through Town enterprise funds, and are not included in this analysis. It is assumed that the impact on Town enterprise funds would be neutral.

The basic approach for the analysis is to determine the level and character of development (measured in housing units, population, assessed value, road miles, etc.), and then to model the revenues and expenditures likely to be associated with that development. The results show build out impacts only and thus do not include any assumptions regarding the potential absorption rates for homes under the current and proposed scenarios.

Queen Creek's current and historical budgets were reviewed to identify revenue and expenditure line items that would likely be impacted by the proposed development. Once identified, each line item was analyzed to identify a socioeconomic factor that could be used to predict a corresponding impact for these developments. For example, road miles are a good indicator of the cost of street maintenance. Therefore, by knowing the estimated number of new road miles in the development, we could project the cost of street maintenance. Other general government type expenditures can be modeled based on the rate per resident or per employee, or both. More detailed assumptions are described in Section 2.3.

### 1.2 Report Organization

The balance of this report is divided into two sections. Section 2.0 details the methodology and assumptions used in calculating the development characteristics, and the fiscal assumptions used to develop the impact model.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Street miles for both scenarios only include only half of 196<sup>th</sup> Street, which also serves the parcel to the west.

Section 3.0 presents the results of the fiscal impact calculations for the La Jara Farms property. Detailed tables on the fiscal impact assumptions and results are included in Section 3.

### 2.0 METHODOLOGY

This chapter describes the methodology and assumptions used in developing the fiscal impact model and the development characteristics.

### 2.1 Development Characteristics

In order to analyze the fiscal impacts of development, it was necessary to characterize the development in terms of housing units, population, employment and assessed value, based on assumptions about the level of development at build out. The proposed development plan will include 60 acres of R1-43, consistent with the current zoning on the property, plus 71 acres of R1-18 residential and a 9 acre school site. The placement of R1-18 residential will be on the southwestern portion of the property along Rittenhouse Road, leaving the currently platted R1-43 along the eastern side of the property as a buffer to the rural residential properties immediately to the east. The school site would be on the northwest corner of the property, adjacent to commercial uses and away from the rural residential development.

The following sections briefly describe the approach used to estimate the major characteristics of the development.

**Residential Density**. Under the current scenario, the entire 140 acres would develop as very low density residential with 97 lots, as platted, resulting in a density of 0.73 units per acre. Under the proposed scenario, 60 acres would be retained as very low density with 48 lots. There would be an additional 71 acres of low density residential with 84 lots. The overall density under the proposed scenario is 0.99 units per acre.

**Population.** The analysis assumes 3.7 persons per unit under both scenarios, based on data from the 2010 Census and the type of residential development that is likely on this property. It also assumes an occupancy rate of 97 percent. Under the current scenario, La Jara Farms could result in about 350 new residents, whereas under the proposed scenario there could be approximately 470 new residents.

**Housing Value**. The average value for very low density units is assumed to be around \$500,000, based on current market conditions in Queen Creek. These very low density units would average approximately 4,250 square feet. The low density units in the proposed scenario would average approximately 3,500 square feet at a price of \$450,000. Figure 2 details the development assumptions.

FIGURE 2
DEVELOPMENT ASSUMPTIONS
LA JARA FARMS

		Total						
	Units per	Housing	Square Feet		Population per	Total	Average	New Street
Land Use	Gross Acre	Units	per Unit	Occupancy	Unit	Population	Value	Miles
<b>Current Land Use</b>								1.54
Very Low Density	0.73	97	4,250	97%	3.7	348	\$500,000	
Proposed Land Use								2.11
Very Low Density	0.84	48	4,250	97%	3.7	172	\$500,000	
Low Density	1.22	84	3,500	97%	3.7	301	\$450,000	
	FAR		Total Sq Ft		Sq Ft per Emp	Employment		
High School	0.17	na	59,242	100%	1,900	31	na	

Source: VIP Homes; Applied Economics.

**Retail Sales**. Neither the current or proposed land use would include any sales tax generating uses. There would be additional sales tax in both scenarios from construction activity; however this non-recurring revenue is not included in the build out impacts. The build out impacts are intended to represent the annual level of recurring impacts once the development is complete.

**Nonresidential Square Footage**. The proposed scenario includes a 9 acre private high school site that could accommodate approximately 600 students. The high school, which is not anticipated to include athletic fields, would be approximately 59,000 square feet.

**Employment**. Based on typical class sizes at the high school level plus administrative staff, it is assumed that the high school could support approximately 31 jobs.

### 2.2 Fiscal Assumptions

The fiscal model used to assess the impacts of La Jara Farms was based on the current budget for the Town of Queen Creek. Revenue and expenditure line items were identified from the Queen Creek budget that captured the operation and maintenance aspects of the Town. The past ten years of budget information for Queen Creek were analyzed to determine patterns and trends in revenues and expenditures for the General Fund, Transportation Fund and the Emergency Services Fund.

The basis for the expenditure impacts varies as the development grows. Analysis of early impacts are based on the development as an extension of existing Town of Queen Creek operations, while the impacts in later years incorporate service standards for somewhat larger communities. This is necessary since budget characteristics vary by city size, and Queen Creek is projected to grow significantly over the next 20 years. Expenditure rates for Goodyear (population 69,000), Surprise (population 119,500) and Gilbert (population 219,700) were included in the analysis. The expenditure rates used in the model were gradually adjusted to simulate increasing economies of scale as the service population increases, implying that existing residential development could have a decreasing negative impact over time as the city grows and both the average and marginal cost of services decline due to economies of scale.

In terms of the approach for modeling revenues and expenditures in the model, many are driven by population, or by "service population", which includes both population and employment. This is because many of the services provided by the Town, as well as the various types of revenues that the Town depends on, are proportional to the number of people living and working in the Town. In some cases, population is weighted more heavily if services are provided primarily, but not exclusively, to residents.

Major revenue line items that are not driven by population or employment include sales taxes, which are a function of taxable sales; property tax, which is a function of current assessed value and new construction; and building revenues and planning fees, which are a function of annual construction activity. Interest income is a function of the general fund balance in the previous year. On the expenditure side, street maintenance expenditures are tied to the number of new road miles in the development. Community development expenditures are based partially on annual construction value and partially on service population. Parks and recreation expenditures are based partially on the number of park and open space acres and partially on population. Information technology and human resources expenditures are based on the number of Town of Queen Creek FTE employees.

The following sections provide a brief description of the assumptions used to model revenues and expenditures.

Sales and franchise taxes. Local taxes include sales tax and utility franchise taxes. Sales taxes are based on 2.25 percent of retail sales and taxable construction. Of the total, 0.25 percent of the sales tax is allocated to the emergency services fund, which is combined with the general fund in this model. Construction sales tax in the Town of Queen Creek is 4.25 percent, with 2 percent going to the Drainage and Transportation capital fund (which is not included in this analysis) and the remainder going to the general fund. Franchise taxes are paid by utility providers based on gross sales and are modeled on a per service population basis.

**Property Tax.** Primary property tax revenues are based on housing cost times the current tax rate of 1.95 percent. Housing costs are adjusted by 85 percent as a proxy for the typical difference between sales prices and assessed value. Assessed value, and hence property tax revenues, lag construction by one year.

**Licenses and Permits.** Business licenses are modeled on a per employee basis and would apply to the private school. Building permits and other planning and engineering fees related to new construction are based on the value of new construction in each year. As a result, these revenues only occur in years when there is new construction.

Intergovernmental Revenues. These revenues include state shared income and sales tax, auto lieu tax and transportation funds (HURF). State shared income, sales taxes and auto lieu tax currently make up about 27 percent of total general fund revenues in Queen Creek. These revenues are distributed to cities and towns based on population. However, state shared income and sales taxes are only distributed based on Census population that is adjusted in the year following a Census. The model is currently set up so that state shared income and sales tax are adjusted in 2021. State law designates that state shared income and sales tax distribution formulas will be adjusted after every decennial census. This analysis uses per capita rates adjusted for the 2010 Census and applies them to the population in each of the development scenarios. The timing of residential development under each scenario, relative to the adjustment years for shared revenues could have a significant effect on the long term fiscal impact of development. The remaining types of intergovernmental revenues, auto lieu taxes and HURFs, are modeled on a per capita basis using current and future population.

**Charges for Services.** Recreation user fees and town hall facility rentals are modeled on a per capita basis since these services are used primarily by residents.

**Other Revenues.** Fines are based on service population, with a double weighting on population. Interest is a function of the previous year ending balance. If the ending balance is negative there would be no interest in the subsequent year. Miscellaneous revenues are based on service population. Department support is based on FTE

Town staff.

**General Government Expenditures.** The cost of providing general government services including Town Manager, Management Services and Work Force & Technology are modeled on a per person or per service population basis. Recreation services are modeled on a per capita basis and decreases slightly over the projection period based on trends in the comparative cities.

**Economic Development.** Economic development is based on the number of new employees and does not apply to this development. Communication and marketing is modeled on a per capita basis.

**Development Services.** The cost of building safety and engineering are based on the level of new construction activity, while planning is based on service population to reflect long range activities. Fleet and facilities maintenance costs are based on city FTE's. Street maintenance costs are modeled on a per street mile basis as are HURF expenditures. Parks and grounds maintenance expenditures are based on the number of new public park acres within the development, which in this case is zero.

**Police.** Police protection in the Town of Queen Creek is provided by the Maricopa County Sheriff's Office (MCSO) which is less costly than police service in the comparable cities in the analysis. Part of the cost of the MCSO contract is allocated to the general fund and part is allocated to the emergency services fund. Police protection costs are based on service population with population weighted at 90 percent and employment weighted at 10 percent based on the ratio of call volumes reported by TischlerBise.

**Fire.** Fire protection in Queen Creek is provided through a full service department and funded through the Emergency Services Fund. Rates are based on historical actual costs on a per service population basis with population weighted at 75 percent and employment weighted at 25 percent. Per service population rates decrease slightly over time to a level that reflects economies of scale for providing fire service in the comparable cities.

**Public Works Maintenance.** Public works costs are a function of service population. Facilities maintenance costs are based on city FTE's, but have been found to vary among the comparative cities. Parks and grounds maintenance costs, which are based on the number of park acres, were found to decrease slightly as population increases due to economies of scale. Street maintenance costs per lane mile were found to increase slightly with the size of the community, given the increased number of signaled intersections and more complex street maintenance procedures. HURF fund expenses are held constant on a per lane mile basis.

Every effort has been made to account for revenues and expenditures relating to on-going operations and maintenance activities consistently. Results are based on the current socioeconomic structure of the Town, and current budget conditions, but interface accordingly and by proportionate measure due to population increases. The results of the model are order-of-magnitude estimates, and are intended only as a general guide as to how different types of development could impact the Town.

### 3.0 IMPACT RESULTS

This chapter describes the comparative fiscal impacts of the current land use for La Jara Farms versus the proposed General Plan amendment on the Town of Queen Creek's operating budget.

### 3.1 Impact Results for Proposed Land Use Scenario

The proposed land use scenario, which includes 84 low density and 48 very low density single family units plus a school, would generate a small negative annual impact of about (\$25,000) per year by 2021 when state shared revenues are adjusted to account for all of the new residents (Figure 3). Under this scenario annual revenues are about 8.0 percent less than expenditures. Given the level of precision of the fiscal impact model, this is essentially a neutral impact.

Primary revenues at build out include property tax and state shared revenues. State shared revenues are distributed on the basis of population and are adjusted in the year following the Census. During the construction period, not shown here, there are also non-recurring construction sales tax revenues that create a positive net impact during those years.

On the expenditure side fire, police, nondepartmental, information technology and recreational programs will be the predominant costs on an on-going basis. During the construction period, there are increased expenditures in the building safety and engineering departments that are offset by permit fees and construction sales tax. These non-recurring construction related expenditures are not included here.

Due to the larger number of housing units under the proposed scenario, both revenues and expenditures are proportionally greater. There is also nonresidential development with the high school, although it only generates a limited number of employees and the additional impacts are relatively small.

In addition to the operating revenues described above, the proposed development would generate approximately \$2.0 million in impact fees during the construction period, compared to \$1.3 million under the current land use. These impact fees would provide additional funding for infrastructure such as sewer lines and streets beyond what was anticipated under the current general plan land use given that residential development tends to generate higher impact fees than industrial on a per acre basis. This infrastructure will not only serve the residential development in La Jara Farms, but may also make future development more feasible in the commercial areas to the northwest of the property.

### 3.2 Impact Results for Current General Plan Designation

The current platted land use for the La Jara Farms property is very low density residential. The 97 housing units under this scenario would result in an annual impact of (\$8,200) per year at build out, with expenditures exceeding revenues by about 3.5 percent.

The primary revenues would be similar to the proposed scenario including property taxes and state shared revenues. Fire, police and nondepartmental expenditures would be the predominant expenditures on an on-going basis. The primary difference between the two scenarios is the average assessed value per person which is higher under the current land use and thus results in a slightly less negative impact. However, the increased number of residents in the proposed scenario and the increased sales tax potential more than offsets the small difference in property tax revenues.

Average household incomes would be about \$102,000 for the current land use and \$96,000 for the proposed land use however, there would be more total households under the proposed land use. Based on typical consumer expenditure patterns for purchases made within a local trade area, the households in this development could generate about \$43,000 in annual sales tax revenues from local purchases under the current land use scenario versus \$55,000 under the proposed scenario.

### 3.3 Summary

Over the long term, both the current and proposed land uses would generate a minimal negative net impact to the Town. However, the increase in local retail demand, and corresponding taxable sales are greater under the proposed scenario and generate more than enough additional revenues to offset the small negative net impact. Since this property will not develop under the current General Plan land use of Employment Type A, the difference between the current very low density plat and the proposed mix of very low and low density is not significant in fiscal terms.

It is important for Queen Creek to balance the mix of land uses in its General Plan in order to maintain long term fiscal sustainability. Although residential uses are not going generate positive fiscal impacts on their own, they generate demand for local retail. The proposed mix of residential densities for La Jara Farms will enable the property to develop somewhat more quickly, generating additional property tax revenues and retail demand in Queen Creek.

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} FIGURE~3\\ ANNUAL~FISCAL~IMPACT~ON~GENERAL~FUND,~TRANSPORTATION,~EMERGENCY~SERVICES\\ TOWN~OF~QUEEN~CREEK\\ \end{tabular}$ 

Revenues/Expenditures	Proposed GP	Current GP
REVENUES	\$307,257	\$230,397
Local Taxes		
Sales Tax	\$0	\$0
Utility Franchises	\$4,297	\$2,797
Property Tax	\$123,133	\$96,179
Licenses and Permits		
Business Licenses	\$362	\$0
Building Revenues	\$0	\$0
Planning, Engineering & Fire Fees	\$0	\$0
Intergovernmental Revenues		
State Sales Tax	\$42,957	\$31,634
Urban Sharing	\$51,974	\$38,275
Auto Lieu Tax	\$17,199	\$12,666
Highway Users Revenue	\$29,500	\$21,724
Charges for Services		
Recreation User Fees	\$5,300	\$3,903
Town Hall Facility Rentals	\$2,836	\$2,089
Interest Income	\$0	\$0
Miscellaneous Revenues	\$2,098	\$1,450
<b>Department Support</b>	\$27,601	\$19,679
EXPENDITURES	\$331,948	\$238,565
Mayor and Town Council	\$551,5 TO	Ψ200,000
Mayor and Council	\$606	\$446
Town Manager	φοσσ	Ψ110
Legal Services	\$7,130	\$5,084
Town Manager	\$11,062	\$7,887
Town Clerk	\$2,763	\$1,970
Management Services	<b>42,</b> 700	Ψ1,> / Ο
Mgmt Services/Controller	\$11,555	\$8,239
Recreation Programs	\$15,219	\$11,208
Workforce & Technology	ψ1 <b>0,2</b> 12	ψ11 <b>,2</b> 00
Human Resources	\$7,088	\$5,053
Information Technology	\$20,123	\$14,347
Economic Development	Ψ20,123	Ψ11,517
Economic Development	\$0	\$0
Communication/Marketing	\$8,338	\$6,140
Development Services	Ψ0,530	ψ0,140
Planning	\$3,772	\$2,689
Building Safety	\$1,588	\$1,098
Engineering Engineering	\$0	\$0
Development Services Admin	\$1,118	\$790
Fleet Maintenance and Traffic	\$12,175	\$8,680
Facilities Maintenance	\$8,068	\$5,752
Parks & Grounds Maintenance	\$0	\$0 \$0
Streets Maintenance	\$6,917	\$5,036
HURF Expenditures	\$5,881	\$4,281
Emergency Services	φ3,001	Ψ4,201
Police	\$68,138	\$49,815
Fire	\$102,202	\$73,650
Nondepartmental	φ102,202	\$75,050
Non-Departmental	\$38,205	\$26,400
-		
ANNUAL NET IMPACT	(\$24,691)	(\$8,168)
as percent of revenue Source: Applied Economics, 2013.	-8.0%	-3.5%

Source: Applied Economics, 2013.

### PROPOSED ZONING EXHIBIT





Tempe, Arizona 85282
Phone: (480) 629-8830
www.bowmanconsulting.com

PROPOSED GENERAL PLAN LA JARA FARMS

QUEEN CREEK, ARIZO

PROJECT NUMBER

R1-8

R1 - 18

R1 - 43

PLAN STATUS			
DATE	DESCRIP	PTION	
DD	DD	DTP	
DESIGN	DRAWN	CHKI	
SCALE	H: 1"=20 V: none	00'	
JOB No.	9774-01-001		

DATE: 4/12/13 GP04

### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This analysis demonstrates the potential socioeconomic and fiscal impacts of the proposed General Plan Amendment for La Jara Farms on the Town of Queen Creek. This 140 acre property is located at the southwest comer of Germann Road and Hawes Road. The proposal for the La Jara Farms property involves changing the land use from Very Low Density Residential (Current Scenario), to a mix of Very Low Density and Low Density Residential with a 9 acre school site (Proposed Scenario). The current General Plan land use for this property is Employment Type A. However, since the site is already zoned for R1-43 and platted with some lots under construction, this analysis does not consider the fiscal impacts of Employment Type A uses.

The impact calculation for the current and proposed land uses for La Jara Farms reveals that at build out the current very low density land use would have an annual net impact (revenues less expenditures) of about (\$8,200), with expenditures exceeding revenues by 3.5 percent. This can be compared to an annual net impact under the proposed low density land use of (\$25,000), with expenditures exceeding revenues by about 8.0 percent. Impact results include the General Fund, Transportation and Emergency Services Funds. In both cases, the magnitude of the impacts is very small in comparison to the Town's overall budget and given the level of precision of the fiscal impact model, these are close to neutral impacts.

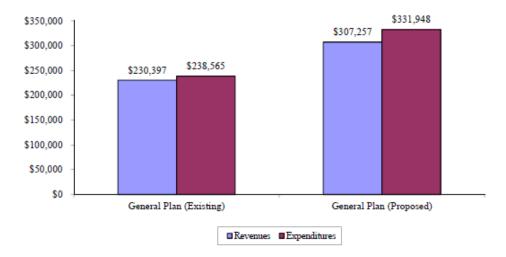
It is typical given the local tax structure in Arizona that residential land uses in isolation do not create positive net fiscal impacts. However, under both the current and proposed uses the small negative annual impact is more than offset by the retail demand created by households. Average income for these households would be about \$96,000 for the proposed alternative and \$102,000 for the current alternative, given the expected housing prices. Based on typical consumer expenditure patterns for purchases made within a local trade area, the households in this development would generate about \$43,000 in annual sales tax revenues from local purchases under the current scenario, and \$55,000 under the proposed scenario. These sales tax revenues are not included in the impacts shown here since the land use based model used for this analysis attributes all retail sales to commercial development, but they help to balance the cost of providing municipal services to residents.

Finally, the project would generate close to \$2.0 million in total impact fees under the proposed scenario versus only \$1.3 million under the current scenario. While impact fee funds are not included in this analysis, these one-time revenues, they would provide funding for infrastructure that could not only benefit this property but could also encourage development on surrounding commercial properties.

Annual net impact reflects post-Census state shared revenues that are adjusted for new residential population.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Based on the Consumer Expenditure Survey, households in the \$80,000 to \$100,000 income range spend about 20 percent of their pre-tax income on items that could be purchased within the local trade area.

FIGURE 1
Annual Net Impact of Proposed La Jara Farms Ammendment



2

### Executive Summary

### Introduction

VIP Homes is considering a 132-dwelling-unit single-family residential development, named La Jara Farms, located in the Town of Queen Creek, in the southwest corner of Hawes Road and Germann Road. The proposed development also includes a Heritage Charter High School with 600 students.

### Results

The proposed La Jara Farms is anticipated to generate the following weekday daily and peak hourly volumes.

Time Period	Day	AM	PM
Single Family	1,342	102	135
School	1,908	646	176
Total	3,250	748	311

The development of La Jara Farms will complete Queen Creek Parkway from Germann Road to Ellsworth Road. Queen Creek Parkway will provide a necessary direct connection from the Fulton Homes residential development to Germann Road. Without the direct connection through La Jara Farms to Germann Road, the exclusive access to the Fulton Homes development would be Ellsworth Road.

### Recommendations with La Jara Farms

The extension of Queen Creek Parkway from Fulton Homes at Queen Creek Station through La Jara Farms to intersect with Germann Road is necessary with the development of La Jara Farms. Standard Town of Queen Creek improvements to Germann Road are required. No additional street improvements are necessary for the La Jara Farms development.

Heritage Charter High School should provide at least one ingress-only and one egress-only access to the site.

Heritage Charter High School should provide a minimum of 950 lane-feet of queue storage on school property.



### **MAJOR GPA NEIGHBORHOOD MEETING MINUTES**

**DATE:** 9/10/2013

**PROJECT NAME:** La Jara Farms **PROJECT NUMBER:** 9774-01-001

**LOCATION:** Town of Queen Creek Public Library

ATTENDEES Troy Peterson, Bowman Hannah Van Nimwegen, Bowman

Lindsay Shube, Withey Morris Dennis Newcombe, Beus Gilbert

William Fish, neighbor

The Major General Plan Amendment Neighborhood Meeting was held on the 10<sup>th</sup> of September, 2013 in the Town of Queen Creek's public library. Only one neighbor attended the neighborhood meeting, William Fish. Mr. Fish lives in lot 16 of Ellsworth Mini Farms. He stated that he was supportive of General Plan Amendment, as he would rather see a residential use go onto the site than employment type uses. He also stated that he understands why an arena would not work with the subdivision due to the extra burden it would impose on future homeowners and their representing HOA. However, he was receptive to the possibility of continuing and improving the Queen Creek trail system along the property's border.

Discussion Items	Response
The difference between what the General Plan currently designates the land, and what the amendment is changing the designation to.	The Queen creek General Plan currently has the area planned for Employment Type A. The amendment would change the subject site to low-density residential, 0-1 du/ac.
The potential rezone with the GPA	The rezone will run separately from the GPA. Currently nothing has been filed regarding the rezone, however another neighborhood meeting will be held to discuss it. Another notification will be sent out with a date, location, and time for another meeting specific to the rezone.
Is the arena still going to be a part of the plan? There is currently an arena on the other side of Hawes road, and another would be a bonus to the community.	As of right now, we are exploring all options. However, we are still working with the property owner and engineer and moving lots around. We are also exploring the possibility of extending the current trail system for equestrian/multi-use.
The previous landowner and developer promised an arena for our support of the project.	This is only the General Plan Amendment, any future rezoning case on Phase 2 will re-evaluate the arena. Moreover, we are exploring all options for a community space, trail, etc.



Discussion Items	Response
Where is the entrance to the subdivision going to be?	The main entrances will be located off of Queen Parkway, to the southwest of the subdivision, and off of Germann Road, to the north. There will not be any direct access into the subdivision from Hawes Road.
Wasn't Germann Road going to be widened to 6 lanes?	As far as our knowledge, no action has been taken to begin widening the road.

### 2013 GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT OPEN HOUSE PUBLIC COMMENTS

Below are the highlights from the comments received at the Open Houses held on August 28 and September 25, 2013 to discuss the Major General Plan Amendments proposed for 2013.

### +Positive comments

- Negative comments

### \*Mentioned multiple times

The majority of the comments received were regarding Sonoqui Creek Village (GP13-030). Included is a table reflecting the main categories of concern to the residents. Generally they do not support the project, and are concerned with decreased property values, increased traffic flow, increased noise levels, and losing scenic views.

### GP13-025, La Jara Farms:

- + Proposed GPA housing density is very low density.
- Properties are close the airport & has a potential to take away from Queen Creek's tax revenues
- + The existing General Plan is balanced

### GP13-026, Estates at Queen Creek Station.

- + Proposed GPA housing density is very low density.
- Properties are close the airport & has a potential to take away from Queen Creek's tax revenues
- + Proposed GPA density is too high when changing employment to housing
- + Resident's neighborhood is not directly impacted by this project, just the Town
- + Existing GP does have balance and clusters
- Increased density to residential
- +/- Placement of employment & commercial areas vs. residential was well thought out & should be honored over time

### **GP13-027**, Meridian Crossings

NO COMMENTS RECEIVED

### GP13-028, Barney Farms:

- Proposed density to too high\*\* (lot sizes, street widths, set-backs, and drive way lengths)
- Impact property/home values
- Close the airport & flight path

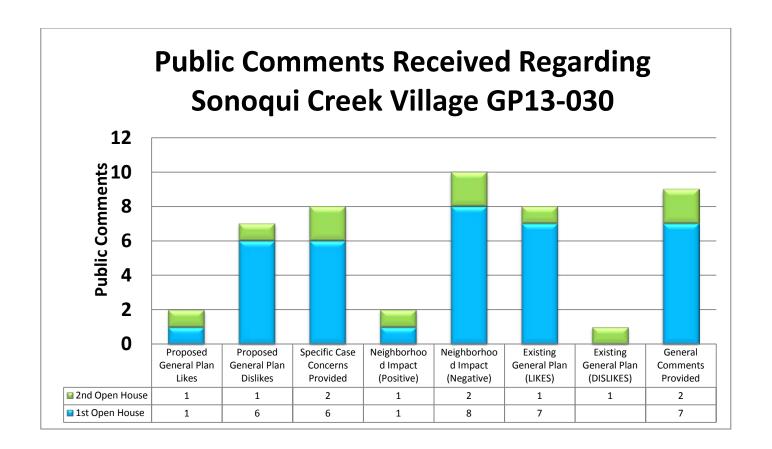
- Existing Plan is good overall, maintains property values
- Proximity of proposed new residential to CMC Steel could be an issue

### **GP13-029, The Vineyards**

NO COMMENTS RECEIVED

### **GP13-030, Sonoqui Creek Village**

- Multiple residents expressed that they are not in favor\*\*\*\*\*\*
- + Supports land development as approved in the previous housing plan
- Decrease property/home values\*\*\*\*\*\*\*
- Increased traffic flow\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*
- Increased noise levels\*
- Concerned about safety for families\*
- Concerned about local wildlife
- Opposed to (2) story homes\*\*\*\*
- Concerned with losing scenic views\*\*\*\*\*
- Concerned Town's sense of a "Rural Community" will be lost\* \*\*
- Lot sizes\*
- Track homes being integrated into custom lots
- + Existing GP has low density\*\* transitions to higher density, and accommodates friendly equestrian areas
- + Economic Development
- + Existing GPA matches the surrounding area, it's more cohesive
- Proposed GPA density is too high\* \*\*
- Increased density to residential is too high\*\*
- +/- Placement of employment & commercial areas vs. residential was well thought out & should be honored over time
- Attorneys representing this project suggest that there is no market for larger custom home lots
- Comments/concerns are not being heard or addressed
- Too much residential, not enough commercial
- Need to generate revenue for the Town







PHONE (480) 988 7600 FAX (480) 988 2315

May 6, 2013

Mr. Wayne Balmer Case Planner Town of Queen Creek Planning Department 22350 S. Ellsworth Road Queen Creek, Arizona 85142-9311

Re:

Case #/Name: P/A 13-0005 & P/A 13-0006 La Jara Farms Amendments

Project Site/Location: SWC Germann and Hawes Roads

Dear Mr. Balmer:

Thank you for this opportunity to review Case #/Name P/A 13-0005 & P/A 13-0006 La Jara Farms Amendments concerning the VIP Homes residential and charter school development project to be located at the southwest corner of Germann and Hawes Roads.

As you are aware, this project site lies within the Town of Queen Creek Williams Gateway Airport (now Phoenix-Mesa Gateway Airport) Overlay District. More specifically, it lies within "Overflight Area 3," as defined by our 2000 Federal Aviation Administration Regulation (FAR) Part 150 Noise Compatibility Study which was adopted by the Town of Queen Creek and incorporated into the Town's Zoning Ordinance on August 18, 2004 via Ordinance No. 292-04.

While the FAA Study and the Town's Zoning Ordinance do not specifically prohibit school and residential construction with Overflight Area 3, the Ordinance's Article 4.15 C.3 does require compliance with certain stipulations as a condition of application approval; those stipulations are listed below. We strongly urge that all be adopted as part of any motion for approval.

- 1. Final plats shall note the potential for objectionable aircraft noise. Specifically, the plat shall note the following: "This property, due to its proximity to the Phoenix-Mesa Gateway Airport, is likely to experience aircraft overflights which could generate noise levels which may be of concern to some individuals. The mix of aircraft consists of cargo, commercial, charter, corporate, general aviation and military aircraft."
- 2. Sales offices pertaining to new single family residential development shall provide notice to prospective buyers that the project is located within the Phoenix-Mesa Gateway Airport Overflight Area. Such notice shall consist of a sign, at least 2-feet by 3-feet, installed at the entrance to the sales office or leasing office serving the residential portion of the project. The sign shall be installed prior to commencement of sales and shall not be removed until the sales office is permanently closed. The sign shall state the following in letters at least one (1) inch in height: "This subdivision, due to its proximity to Phoenix-Mesa Gateway Airport, is likely to experience aircraft overflights that could generate noise levels which may be of concern to some individuals. The mix of aircraft consists of cargo, commercial, charter, corporate, general aviation and military aircraft. For



additional information, contact the Arizona Department of Real Estate at (602) 468-1414 or the Phoenix-Mesa Gateway Airport Community Relations Office at (480) 988-7637."

- 3. Public reports filed with the Arizona Department of Real Estate shall disclose the location of the Airport and potential aircraft overflights, and include the following statement in the public report: "This property, due to its proximity to the Phoenix-Mesa Gateway Airport, is likely to experience aircraft overflights that could generate noise levels which may be of concern to some individuals."
- 4. The construction, alteration, moving and substantial repair of any occupied building or structure in the new project shall achieve an exterior-to-interior Noise Level Reduction (NLR) of 25 decibels (dB) or an exterior-to-interior NLR that results in an interior noise level of 45 DNL or less. The developer shall submit a signed and sealed letter from a registered architect or engineer certifying that construction materials, methods and design employed to achieve the required noise reduction. A copy of the certification shall be submitted with the application for a building permit.
- 5. The owners of the new project, including mortgagees, other lien holders and easement holders shall execute an avigation easement prior to or concurrently with the recordation of any final plat or approval of a final site plan for the new project. The easement shall be in a form approved by the Queen Creek Director of Planning. NOTE: To assist in this effort, a sample avigation easement is provided for possible consideration and use.

I also would like to add a special concern regarding the proposed charter school location, one that will be closer to the Airport and attendant aircraft activity than any other project component. This location makes it highly likely that school activities, especially those taking place outside, could experience occasional disruptions due to aircraft noise. It would, therefore, be prudent to advise the developer of such and, at the very least, encourage or require use of suitable sound attenuation construction measures to mitigate any potential adverse, noise-related effects.

I again thank you for the opportunity to review this request. If you have any questions, please contact Craig Herget at (480) 988-7649.

Sincerely,

Jane L. Morris, A.A.E.

ymans

Executive Director

Attachment: Exhibit A (Declaration of Avigation Easement and Waiver)

cc: Patrick Oakley, Community Relations Coordinator

Brian Sexton, Public Information Officer

File

### **DECLARATION OF AVIGATION EASEMENT AND WAIVER**

This DECLARATION OF AVIGATION EASEMENT AND WAIVER, made the day of				
, 20, (hereinafter referred to as the "Declaration") by				
(hereinafter referred to as "Declarant").				
WITNESSETH:				
WHEREAS, Declarant represents that it is the sole record owner in fee simple of certain real property (hereinafter referred to as the "Property") located in Maricopa County, Arizona which is more particularly described in Exhibit "A" attached hereto, subject only to the mortgage(s) held by the lender(s) subscribing hereto; and				
WHEREAS, Declarant plans to develop the Property in compliance with the (hereinafter referred to as the Development Plan"), and				
WILEBEAS the Droporty is leasted in the provincing of Dhamis Man Comment (1:1)				

WHEREAS, the Property is located in the proximity of Phoenix-Mesa Gateway Airport (which, as it now exists or may hereafter be enlarged and/or developed, is hereinafter referred to as "the Airport"); and

WHEREAS, the Property is now and in the future will be subject to noise emanating from aircraft operating at or departing from or arriving at the Airport.

NOW THEREFORE, for good and sufficient considerations, the receipt and adequacy of which Declarant hereby acknowledges, Declarant hereby covenants and declares that all of the Property shall be held, sold, used and conveyed subject to the following avigation easement, covenants and waiver, which shall run with the property and be binding on all occupants thereof and on all parties having any right, title or interest in the Property or any part thereof, their heirs, successors and assigns, grantees, invitees and tenants.

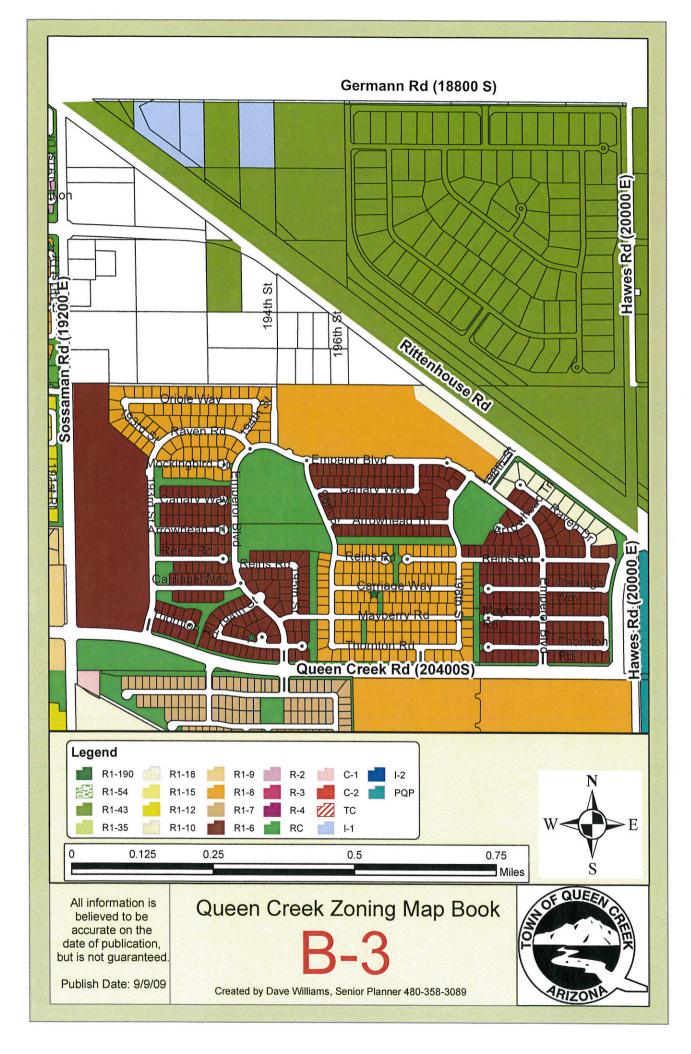
DECLARANT HEREBY DECLARES, ESTABLISHES, GRANTS AND CONVEYS to Phoenix-Mesa Gateway Airport and all persons lawfully using the Airport, the right to operate aircraft in, and the right to cause in the airspace above or near the Property such noise as may be inherent in the operation of aircraft, now known or hereafter used, while landing on, taking off from, or operating at the Airport, as long as such operations are in compliance with applicable federal, state and local regulations concerning operation of aircraft and use of the Airport.

Declarant covenants and agrees that it, its successors, assignees, invitees, and tenants, shall not assert, initiate, join in or prosecute any claim, administrative proceeding, lawsuit, demand, grievance or other cause of action, and hereby expressly waives for itself, its successors, assigns, invitees, and tenants, any claim, administrative proceeding, lawsuit, demand, grievance or other cause of action it or they may now have, or that may arise in the future against Phoenix-Mesa Gateway Airport, the commercial air carriers now or hereafter operating at Phoenix-Mesa Gateway Airport, the (hereinafter are collectively referred to as the "Benefited Parties"), for any inverse condemnation, nuisance or other action of any nature whatsoever arising out of, or related to noise produced by aircraft operating on, within or over the Airport, or within airspace above or near the Property including without limitation noise produced by aircraft approaching the Airport for landing or departing from the Airport. This waiver shall not be construed, however, to bar Declarant or any successor, assign, grantee, invitee or tenant of Declarant from any claims against any person or entity for personal injury or property damage caused by or resulting from the negligent operation of an aircraft or resulting from use of the airspace above the Property in a manner violative of applicable federal, state or local laws or regulations.

Nothing contained herein shall be construed to restrict Declarant from building any structure on the Property which complies with all applicable laws of the governmental agencies having jurisdiction regarding said construction, so long as any such structure does not, because of its height or function, restrict or impede usage of the Airport by aircraft lending or taking off in the same manner as if the structure were not in existence.

This Declaration shall bind Declarant, its successors, assigns, invitees and tenants, and their respective successors and assigns, and all persons from time to time occupying or using the Property or any portion thereof. The acceptance by any person or entity of any right of use, deed, lease, mortgage or conveyance of any interest in or privilege pertaining to the Property whatsoever shall constitute acknowledgment of the terms of this Declaration and agreement to be bound by all terms hereof.

benefit of the above described Benefited Parties, their	the land described in Exhibit A, and shall run to the ir successors and assigns.
ATTEST	DECLARANT'
Secretary	
	Ву:
STATE OF ARIZONA ) )ss. County of Maricopa )	
PERSONALLY appeared before me, the un	idersigned authority
well known to me to be the	of,
that they executed the foregoing instrument on behal as its true act and deed, and that they were duly author	and they acknowledged before me that of prized so to do.
WITNESS my hand and official seal, this	day of, 20
(NOTARY SEAL)	,
My Commission Expires:	Notary Public





## MINUTES SPECIAL SESSION QUEEN CREEK PLANNING & ZONING COMMISSION QUEEN CREEK TOWN HALL, 22350 S. ELLSWORTH ROAD COUNCIL CHAMBERS December 5, 2013 7:00 PM

- 1. <u>Call to Order:</u> The meeting was called to order at 7:06 p.m.
- 2. Roll Call (one or more members of the Commission may participate by telephone)

Commissioners present: Chair Ingram, Vice-Chair Arrington, Nichols, Robinson, Matheson, Sossaman Commissioners absent: Turley

3. Public Comment: Members of the public may address the Commission on items not on the printed agenda. Please observe the time limit of (3) three minutes. Request to Speak Cards are available at the door, and may be delivered to staff prior to the commencement of the meeting. Members of the Commission may not discuss, consider, or act on any matter raised during public comment.

### None

- 4. <u>Consent Agenda</u>: Matters listed under the Consent Agenda are considered to be routine and will be enacted by one motion and one vote.
  - A. Discussion and Possible Action on the November 13, 2013 Minutes

Motion to approve the Consent Agenda as presented

1st: Sossaman 2nd: Arrington VOTE: Unanimous

### **ITEM FOR DISCUSSION:**

Mr. Anaradian stated the Proposed 2013 General Plan Cases that are being considered at this meeting will go before Council for their consideration on December 18, 2013. They are legally required by State Statute to have a hearing by December 31, 2013. If the Planning Commission chooses to take more time for their deliberations; The Town Manager and the Council have already laid out a contingency plan in which they could possibly take a final action on these cases February 5, 2014. If the Planning Commission chooses to make a recommendation during tonight's meeting, Council could consider their recommendation on December 18, 2013. Mr. Anaradian stated that the contingency plan is being discussed in case it is decided that more time is needed to consider the Financial Impact Analysis that was submitted.

Mr. Balmer stated that the Town is required by law to update their General Plan at least once every 10-years. He provided background on how the Town plans for future uses and what factors influence the Towns decisions.

- 1989 Town was incorporated
- 1990 first General Plan was created
- 1996 Plan was amended
- 2002 Plan included a hotel development and an employment area near Meridian and Gary
- 2008 State Land was included in the Plan; plans for proposed freeways; included rail lined access areas; transition from the Sonoqui Wash

The Town's Planning Area is 70 square miles, and Incorporated Town's limits are less than 40 square miles. Areas outside the Town's limits are in Pinal and Maricopa Counties; in order for the Town to have jurisdiction over the areas outside the Town, the Town would need to annex those areas.

Mr. Balmer stated that General Plans start with goals, missions and the community's vision. Those elements are then all combined in order to create a plan to determine where the land uses, roads, and public facilities should be. The results are then shown on a Land Use Map that is adopted by the citizens as part of the General Plan. All Amendments are proposed changes to the Land Use Map that are reflected in the Town's goals.

In order for an applicant to make changes to the General Plan, they must show that the proposed changes are consistent with intent of the General Plan, and the goals that were set by the citizens and Council when the plan was established.

Mr. Balmer stated that by State Law, Council has to take an action by the end of the year. The action does not have to be to approve or deny the case; the action can also be to continue the case. All the Proposed General Plan Amendments are scheduled to go before the Council on December 18, 2013.

A. Discussion on GP13-025, La Jara Farms. The applicant is Lindsay Schube; on behalf of VIP Homes. Request to modify the General Plan for 140.76 acres at the SWC of Hawes Road & Germann Road, from Employment Type A to Very Low Density Residential (up to 1 du/ac). Current Zoning is R1-43, Single Family Residential.

Mr. Balmer stated that Mr. Burningham will provide an overview of the proposed project and that the applicant has also filed a zoning case that will be processed apart from this application.

Mr. Burningham stated the property is located at the southwest corner of Hawes Road and Germann Road and is 140 acres. The property is currently designated Employment Type A. When the prior General Plans were adopted in 2002 and 2008, the property was designated for "Employment" use given its proximity to the Union Pacific Railroad. Since then, the subdivision has been developed for residential use. The applicant is requesting the Employment Type A land use designation be replaced with Very Low Density Residential (up to 1 dwelling unit per acre) to reflect the current use of the property.

Mr. Burningham stated in 2005 the Council approved the La Jara Farms subdivision which approved 96 1-acre lots. Adding that it is important to note this property had existing R1-43 (single-family residential) zoning.

- The La Jara Farms subdivision was recorded in 2 phases.
- Phase 1 is currently under construction with 49 lots.
- Phase 2 has been approved for 47 lots.

Applicant recently filed an additional request for rezoning of 75 acres of this property (Phase 2) from R1-43 to R1-18 (in order to allow 83 lots).

Staff is recommending approval of this General Plan Amendment case, as described in the staff report.

Ms. Lindsay Schube, from the Law Firm of Whitney Morris; on behalf of VIP Homes stated this case is fairly simple based on the land use designation for employment with an approved final plat. Currently construction is underway in Phase I: The streets, utilities, and landscaping are being installed, a school has been constructed, and a monument sign has been installed. The applicant stated that staff is in support of this case and has asked that this case be approved.

### No public comment.

Motion to approve GP13-025, La Jara Farms

1st: Matheson
2nd: Sossaman
VOTE: Unanimous

B. Discussion on GP13-026, Estates at Queen Creek Station. The applicant is Ralph Pew on behalf of RSF Property, L.L.C and RSF Queen Creek Property, L.L.C. The request is to modify the General Plan for 156 acres at the Southeast corner of Ellsworth and Germann Rd., from Employment Type A to Low Density Residential (up to 2 du/ac). Current Zoning: R1-43, Single Family Residential.

Mr. Balmer provided a brief overview of the project and stated that staff has found this case is not consistent with the General Plan Goals. Issues associated with the project are: The property is designated Employment Type A; and the reduction of available employment area within the community.

Mr. Balmer stated staff does not support this project. Staff has encouraged all the applicants to be a part of the Town's 2014 General Plan update process in order to evaluate the changes more comprehensively instead of case by case; and to retain or change as commercial and employment in these areas.

Staff recommends denial of this project.

Mr. Ralph Pew, on behalf of RSF Property, L.L.C and RSF Queen Creek Property, L.L.C., gave a brief presentation and requested that this case be continued to a meeting in January 2014. Mr. Pew stated that a continuance will allow time to:

- Reflect and review the TischlerBise study to determine how the findings in the report impact this
  project.
- Additional time to consider staff's recommendation included in the staff report and the suggestion to include this project as part of the Town's Update to the General Plan.
- Allow further discussions to take place with the neighbors of the Ellsworth Mini-Farms.

Mr. Pew stated that if a continuance is given to a Special Planning & Zoning Meeting in January that will allow everyone involved more time to review all of the details for this case and how it impacts this area.

### No public comment.

Commissioner Nichols does acknowledge the issues for this project and agrees more time is needed to address the outstanding issues. Commissioner Robinson stated he was in support of staff's recommendation to deny this case. He agrees there are significant reasons why this area should remain designated as employment, stating there is currently a 10-year inventory of one acre lots available for residential and cautioned that careful consideration should be given when making decisions to switch land uses from employment to residential.

Motion to continue GP13-027, Estates at Queen Station to a Special Planning & Zoning Commission Meeting on January 22, 2014 at 7:00 p.m.

1st: Sossaman 2nd: Ingram VOTE: 5-1

Aye-Ingram, Arrington, Nichols, Matheson, Sossaman

Nay- Robinson
MOTION PASSED

C. Discussion on GP13-027, Meridian Crossings Applicant. The applicant is Mario Mangiamele on behalf of Westcor/Queen Creek L.L.C. Request: The request is to rezone 466 acres west of the Railroad Tracks on the South Side of Riggs Rd., from Regional Commercial to Medium Density Residential (up to 3 units to the acre). Current Zoning: The land is not located within Town Limits.

Mr. Balmer stated the current General Plan Land Use is for a regional employment center with more of a commercial use. This property is not located in the Town; it is under the jurisdiction of Maricopa County. Staff does not support this project based on the following issues:

- Lack of infrastructure available in this area. How will streets and utilities be extended to reach these properties?
- The need to construct Riggs Road and reconstruct the intersection on the northeast corner of this site where Riggs, Combs, Rittenhouse, Meridian and Gary Roads will meet in the future.
- Initial design of the intersection has been completed as shown on the Alternative D design; however, final design and funding for the project are still years away.
- The design and eventual construction of both Riggs and the intersection are complicated by the multiple issues involved and the multiple agencies involved in the design and eventual construction of the project.
- This property is currently under the jurisdiction of Maricopa County, but will need to be annexed in order to obtain access to the Town's water and wastewater systems prior to development of the property.
- Streets and intersections need to be designed and constructed to provide access to these areas. The
  Town needs to work with Pinal County, Maricopa County and the Railroad in order to design where the
  roads will be and how they will link up the private roads with the new interchange, and determine how
  they will be funded.
- The concept plan submitted by applicant is over the density allowed for this area.

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Staff recommends that this project not be approved at this time, and that the applicant consider revisiting this project at a later time as part of the Town's 2014 General Plan update process.

Mr. Greg Davis on behalf of Jason Barney and Westcor/Queen Creek L.L.C., requested that this case be continued to the January Planning & Zoning Commission Meeting.

Commissioner Sossaman asked if any decisions have been made regarding the alignment of the roadways. Mr. Jason Barney responded that he has been in recent discussions with the MCDOT and expressed some certainty that the alignment will occur, no specific dates were given for this project.

Commissioner Nichols asked how much of the previous concept for this site was associated with the previously proposed hospital project. Mr. Barney responded that this site was never envisioned by the developer as an employment center, it was envisioned as a retail employment center with high density housing, with a hospital and related uses. This is not a good site for employment, it is too far away from the freeway system, and an employment center is not feasible in this area. Commissioner Nichols asked how many acres where previously designated as employment areas. Mr. Barney stated a very small amount, less than 10 acres.

### No public comment.

Motion to continue GP13-027, Meridian Crossings to a Special Planning & Zoning Commission Meeting on January 22, 2014 at 7:00 p.m.

1st: Sossaman 2nd: Nichols VOTE: Unanimous

D. Discussion on GP13-028, Barney Farms. The applicant is Mario Mangiamele; on behalf of Dane Chaffee, Ken Barney, Newell Barney, Gail Barney, and Pamela Barney. The request is to rezone 241 acres at the NEC of Signal Butte and Queen Creek Rd., from Employment Type B and Recreation/Conservation to Mixed Use and Medium High Density Residential (up to 8 du/ac). Current Zoning: I-1, Heavy Industrial.

Mr. Balmer stated the Town is located on the south side of the Phoenix-Mesa Gateway Airport and is affected by the aircraft approaching and departing the airport; adding that the Town's exposure to the noise generated by the airport is greater than what Mesa or Gilbert experience. That has resulted in a significant amount of acreage being designated for future employment (non-single family residential use) by the Town.

Mr. Balmer stated as the area surrounding the airport continues to grow, alternative compatible land uses will enter the area, and that the total amount of area designated for employment uses will be modified over time as the area continues to grow and the economy matures. The applicant had sold the Town a park site (the former East Park), then traded the property for an alternative location when it became clear that it was in mutual best interests to relocate the park. The park is currently designated Recreation/Open Space in the General Plan, but now that the property is in private hands, it needs to be given an alternative designation. The applicant has proposed the new designation be High Density Residential (up to 8 du/ac).

Mr. Balmer stated the AOZ II is a key issue in this request, as all the property proposed to change in this request is located within the AOZ II, and has been defined in the Part 150 Study. Adding that there are some residential areas in Gilbert that have been approved prior to the Part 150 Study being completed in 2000, that have since

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been developed. Mr. Balmer asked whether a significant amount of residential developments should be approved within the AOZ II, even with noise attenuation measures being taken.

Mr. Barney stated that he is prepared to give a full presentation if needed, and requested that this case be continued to the January Planning & Zoning Commission Meeting.

### Public Comment.

Jane Morris, the Executive Director of the Phoenix-Mesa Gateway Airport, stated that the airport is opposed to all forms of residential development within the AOZ II, and strongly recommending the case be denied. The Airport Authority has submitted an application to the FAA for grant money to update the Part 150 Study. Ms. Morris clarified that possible completion of the update would be April 2016, as it is a public process.

Commissioner Arrington inquired when last Part 150 Study was performed, and what the difference is on the types of aircrafts that currently utilize the airport since the last study was completed. Ms. Morris answered the last study was completed in 2000, and the specific types of aircrafts that utilize the airport were based on the assumptions and forecasts at that time.

Commissioner Arrington inquired how close the information included in the Part 150 Study come to the actual operations that take place at the airport. Ms. Morris responded that the airport is currently at the tail end of an economic downturn from 300,000 take-offs and landings to 150,000 annually.

Commissioner Sossaman stated that there is no guarantee that in two-years when the study is updated that it will be in compliance with the proposed uses surrounding the airport, and that is why he is in support of a continuance at this time

Motion to continue GP13-028, Barney Farms to a Special Planning & Zoning Commission Meeting on January 22, 2014 at 7:00 p.m.

1<sup>st</sup> Robinson 2<sup>nd</sup> Nichols

**Vote: Unanimous** 

E. Discussion on GP13-029, The Vineyards. The applicant is Ralph Pew for Healy Faulkner LLC. The request is to rezone 55 acres west of Ironwood Road at the north side of Combs Rd., from Commercial and Mixed Use to Medium Density Residential (up to 3 du/ac). Current Zoning: R1-43, Single Family Residential.

Mr. Balmer stated this project area designated as commercial/mixed use. The Concept Plan submitted by the applicant shows residential with the retention of some commercial. Adding that any outstanding issues that have been expressed by the Homeowners Association would not involve the Town; and those types of issues would need to be addressed separately on a civil matter, not by the Town.

Mr. Balmer stated staff does not believe the applicant has met the Finding of Fact requirement demonstrating this proposed change is consistent with the intent of the General Plan or sufficiently demonstrated that the proposed change is in the best interest of the community. Based on that reason staff has recommended this case be denied.

Ralph Pew, on behalf of Healy Faulkner LLC., and the Hatch Family is requesting that this case be continued to January 22, 2014 Planning & Zoning Commission Meeting. Stated that this case is very important to the Town and it is important how this project is viewed. Mr. Pew added that this corner is significant to the Town, and that additional time should be given to consider the issues that affect this property. Mr. Pew stated that neighbors from Pinal County that own land to the north of this project are present. Mr. Pew stated that they are aware of the Deed Restriction issue brought up by the homeowners association, and have started ongoing dialogue to address those issues as a civil matter.

### **Public Comment**

Roxanne Taylor, resident of San Tan Valley stated that she does not have anything to add to what has already been presented and marked down that she is opposed to this case.

Commissioner Nichols asked what annexed portion of this area is limited as to what the Town has control over, asking staff to clarify if it was the north half of Combs Road. Mr. Balmer stated that the road itself is not within the Town's jurisdiction, adding that the Town has made an agreement with Pinal County to maintain the road until such time when it is annexed. Commissioner Nichols asked which portions of this project are located in Pinal County and whether or not the County has provided any feedback to the Town. Mr. Balmer answered that the only portion of this project located within the Town is on the west side near Meridian, the portions of the project area located in Pinal County are: the north side, the south side, and across Vineyard. Mr. Balmer stated to date no comments or feedback had been received from Pinal County.

Motion to continue GP13-029, The Vineyards to a Special Planning & Zoning Commission Meeting on January 22, 2014 at 7:00 p.m.

1<sup>st</sup> Sossaman 2<sup>nd</sup> Arrington Vote: Unanimous

F. Discussion on GP13-030, Sonoqui Creek Village. Applicant is Ralph Pew; on behalf of KEMF Hawes & Riggs, L.L.C. The request is to rezone 107 acres at the Northwest corner of Hawes and Riggs Roads, from Very Low Density Residential (up to 1 du/ac) to Low Density Residential (up to 2 du/ac). Current Zoning: R1-35, Single Family Residential.

Mr. Balmer provided an overview of the proposed project. He stated that the existing Concept Plan was approved in 2006. To date three neighborhood meetings have been held and many neighbors have expressed opposition and are present at the meeting. The Sonoqui Wash has been used as the dividing line in this area between Very Low Density Residential (up to 1 du/ac) to the south and Low Density Residential (up to 2 du/ac) to the north since the General Plan was first approved in 1990. This was done in order to recognize the equestrian areas and large lot developments located south of the Wash and provide a clear demarcation for future growth.

Mr. Balmer stated the property proposed for change in this request is the last larger vacant properties in this area south of the Sonoqui Wash. The zoning was changed in 2006 at the request of the property owner to allow a subdivision of R1-35 lots (35,000 s.f. +), consistent with other projects to the west, the overall density for the project would remain within the Very Low Density Residential (up to 1 du/ac) classification when the open space

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areas are included. This property is the last large undeveloped property in the area southwest of Sonoqui Wash in this area.

Mr. Balmer stated all other properties to the south and west have already been developed and are consistent with the existing General Plan density of less than one dwelling unit per acre.

Staff is recommending denial, and does not believe the applicant has met the Finding of Fact requirement demonstrating this proposed change is consistent with the intent of the General Plan or sufficiently demonstrated that the proposed change is in the best interest of the community.

Staff recommends the applicant and the neighbors both participate in the Town's update to the entire General Plan scheduled to begin in 2014 and that this proposed land use change be evaluated as part of that larger discussion.

The applicant Ralph Pew; on behalf of KEMF Hawes & Riggs, L.L.C., and owner Jeff Garret requested that this case be continued to January 22, 2014 Planning & Zoning Commission meeting. By postponing this meeting it will provide additional time for the applicant to continue working with the neighbors and attempt to be responsive.

Commissioner Robinson asked what properties on the north side have been approved. Mr. Pew responded that the properties to the north have already been approved, and there is an existing subdivision.

Commissioner Robinson asked if they can they reach the 1-dwelling unit per acre requirement in the project design. Mr. Pew answered that they hope to slightly increase the lot size in the design, but until all the design issues are worked out, they are unable to confirm whether or not they will be able to meet all of the design criteria or not.

### Public Comment

Chris Narancic, Queen Creek resident expressed opposition of this project. He would like to the Commission to understand where all of the neighborhood concerns are coming from. He stated that Sonoqui Creek Ranch, Phase III plan originally had included a Phase 4-A & 4-B. Since the design of Phase III, the developer has gone bankrupt. At the time when the residents moved in and purchased their properties the neighborhood bylaws indicated what the phased development for this area would be. When Garret came in and started outlining his new plan for the neighborhood development, a lot of concerns were raised as it proposed an increase in the density, proposing to break up the consistency in the neighborhood.

Mr. Narancic noted that everything south of the wash originally designed to be very low density, and the neighborhoods bylaws do outline what the properties are supposed to look like when they are developed. Adding that what is currently being presented is different from what was originally proposed.

Commissioner Sossaman asked if any of the original plans included 2-story homes. Mr. Narancic answered that none of the existing homes are 2-stories, as they are restricted.

Tammy Koona, Queen Creek resident expressed opposition of this project. She stated that Ralph Pew has been working with the residents, and feels that no resolution has been reached. She asked that the Commission not continue the case; she would like it to be denied.

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Bill Smith, Queen Creek resident expressed opposition of this project. He stated that he is concerned with changing the General Plan. He feels that there is currently an abundant inventory available for development of smaller size lots in the community that are already properly zoned, outside of the Sonoqui Wash neighborhood.

Joyce Riggs, Queen Creek resident expressed opposition of this project. She stated that she is unable to attend the January meeting and would like the Commission to deny the case tonight.

Commissioner Nichols stated that he was in favor of continuing the case, but not for the same reasons as the previous cases. Commissioner Nichols would like the applicant to work closer with the residents to try and come closer to a compromise, not based on the Fiscal Study information.

Motion to continue GP13-030, Sonoqui Creek Village to a Special Planning & Zoning Commission Meeting on January 22, 2014 at 7:00 p.m.

1<sup>st</sup> Sossaman 2<sup>nd</sup> Robinson Vote: 5-1 Aye- Ingram, Nichols, Matheson, Sossaman, Robinson Nay- Arrington MOTION PASSED

### **ADMINISTRATIVE ITEMS**

- S. Summary of Events from members of the Commission and staff. The Commission may not deliberate or take action on any matter in the "summary" unless the specific matter is properly noticed on the Regular Session agenda.
- 6. Adjournment Motion to Adjourn 8:43p

1<sup>st</sup> ingram 2<sup>nd</sup> Sossaman Vote: Unanimous

PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION

Steve Ingram, Chair

Attest:

Amy Morales-Olea, Planning Assistant

I, Amy Morales-Olea, do hereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the foregoing Minutes are a true and correct copy of the Minutes of the December 5, 2013, Special Session of the Queen Creek Planning and Zoning Commission. I further certify that the meeting was duly called and that a quorum was present.

Amy Morales-Olea
Passed and approved on January 8, 2013